BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL, WHERE may be obtained the most speedy remedy for weakness, Loss of Organic Powers, Pain in the Loins, Disease of the Kidneys, Affections of the Head, Throat, Nose and Skin; Constitutional Debility, and all those horrid affections arising from a Certain Secret Habit of Youth, which blight their most brilliant. hopes or anticipations, rendering Marriage, etc., im-

A Cure Warranted or no Charge. Yorng Man especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect; who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of cloquence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

being aware of physical weakness, should immediately consult Dr. J., and be restored to perfect health.

Office No. 7, South Frederick street, Baltimore, Md., on the left hand side, going from Baltimore street, 7 doors from the corner. Be particular in observing the number, or you will mistake the place. Dr. Johnston,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with a ringing in the ears and head when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended some-times with derangement of mind, were cured immedi-

Take Particular Notice. Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by private and improper indulgences, that secret and solitary habit, which ruin both body and mind, unfiting

them for either business or society.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dispepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption. &c. much to be dreaded; loss of memory, confusion of ideas, depression of spirits, evil forebodings, aversion to society, self distrust, love of solitude, timidity, &c., and some of the evils produced.

Nervous Debility. Weakness of the system, nervous debility and prema-ture decay, generally arising from the destructive habit of youth, that solitary practice so fatal to the healthful existence of man, and it is the young who are most apt to become its victims from an ignorance of the dangers

to become its victims from an ignorance of the dangers to which they subject themselves. Parents and guardians are often misled with respect to the cause or source of disease in their sons and wards. Alas! how often do they ascribe to other causes the wasting of the frame, Palpitation of the heart, dyspepsia, indigestion, derangement of the nervous system, cough, and symptoms of consumption, also those serious mental effects, such as loss of memory, depression of spirits or peculiar fits of melancholy, when the truth is they have been in-dulging in pernicious but alluring practices, destruc-tive to both body and mind. Thus are swept from existence, thousands who might have been of use to their country, a pleasure to their friends, and ornaments to society. Dr. Johnston's Invigorating Remedy for

This grand and important Remedy has restored strength and vigor to thousands of the most debilitated individuals, many who had lost all hopes, and been abandoned to die. By its complete invigoration of the nervous system, the whole faculties become restored to their proper power and functions, and the fallen fabric of life is raised up to beauty, consistency and duration, upon the ruins of an amaciated and premature decline, to sound and pristine health. Oh, how happy have hundreds of misguided youths been made, who have been suddenly restored to health from the devastations of those terrific maladies which result from indiscretions. This grand and important Remedy has restored of those terrific maladies which result from indiscretion Such persons before contemplating Marriage,

should reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without this, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrinage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the hap-piness of another becomes blighted with our own.— Let no false delicacy prevent you, but apply immedi-He who places himself under the care of Dr. Johnston may religiously confide in his honor as a Gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physician.

To Strangers.

The many thousands cured at this institution within the last ten years, and the numerous important Surgi-cal Operations performed by Dr. Johnston, witnesser by the reporters of the papers and many other persons notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, is a sufficient guarantee that the afflicted will find a skillful and honorable physician. N. B. There are so many ignorant and worthless Quacks advertising themselves as physicians, ruining the health of the already Afflicted, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say to those accuaint d with his reputation that his credentials or diplomas always

Weakness of the Organs Immediately cared, and full vigor restored.

ALL LETTERS POST-PAID—REMEDIES

INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE VAL-LEY OF VIRGINIA, CHARTERED MARCH 17, 1852. Capital \$50,000, with power to increase the same to \$200,000.

THIS Company, having been duly organized, is now and offers to the citizens of Virginia the inducement of a home Company for the safe insurance of all kinds of Property, Merchandise, &c., at fair and equitable rates. The Directors assure the public that this Company will be conducted with a view to permanency, and on the stricted pairings of sensity instice. and on the strictest principles of equity, justice, and a close regard to economy and the safety of the insured. JOS. S. CARSON, President.

C. S. FUNK, Secretary. O. F. BRESEE, Actuary. Jos. S. Carson, James P. Riely, Lloyd Logan, William L. Clark, James H. Burgess, N. W. Richardson,

John Kerr. Office on Piccadilla street, near the Valley Bank. B. W. HERBERT, Agent for Jefferson county.

83-CHARLES H. STEWART has been appointed Agent for Clarke county. Letters addressed to him at Charlestown, Jefferson county, Virginia, will receive prompt attention, or he may be seen in Berryville upon Court days.

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COM-HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT. Incorporated 1810 .-- Charter Perpetual.

it to \$250,000. PUBLIC Buildings, Manufactories, Mills, Machinery, Dwelling Houses, Stores, Merchandise, House

hold Furniture, Vessels on the stocks or while in port, &c., will be insured at rates as low as the risk will Applications for Insurance may be made of N. B. On all Church Buildings and Clergymen's personal property the Agent will present his commissions in reducing the amount of premiums on the risks

thus arising. July 13, 1852—1y AGENCY. THE undersigned, Agent for INSURANCE COM-PANY OF THE VALLEY OF VIRGINIA, at

Winchester, and HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Hartford, Connecticut, will receive applications and regulate Premiums on all risks in the former Company, and Insure Property and deliver Policy on the property insured as soon as premiums are paid in the latter company.

SUBSCRIPTIONS received for the following News-Daily, tri-weekly and weekly National Intelligencer.
Do. do. do. Baltimore American.
Weekly Episcopal Recorder.
Do. Littells' Living Age.

Do. Youths' Cabinet and Mentor. B. W. HERBERT.

December 28, 1852-17 CASH FOR NEGROES.

AM desirous to purchase a large number of NE-GROES for the southern markets, men, women, boys, girls and families, for which I will give the high-est cash prices.

Personally or by latter at Windowstern which will be personally, or by letter at Winchester, which will receive prompt attention; or B. M. & W. Is. Campbell, No. 242, West Pratt street, Baltimore.

ELIJAH McBOWELL.

Winchester, July 7, 1851—ly CASH FOR NEGROES.

THOSE persons having Negroes for sale, can get the lighest price by calling on the subscriber at Charlestown. Application in person or by letter will be promptly attended to. C. G. BRAGG.

CORN! CORN! THE undersigned are prepared to receive CORN,
The both at the several Depots in the County and at
the Old Furnace. They will state now as an invariable rule that Mixed Corn will not be taken at any price
or on any terms. It must be either White or Yellow.
They will receive Corn now and will advance one-half
of its supposed value and pay the balance when it
reaches market, deducting only the cost of transportation from the price at which it may sell.

BLACKBURN & CO.

TACCARONI, for sale by May 3. LOCK, CRAMER & LINE. 50 BUSHELS MERCER POTATOES, by LOCK, CRAMER & LINE.

10 BBLS. OF TAR, by LOCK, CRAMER & LINE. May 3. LOCK, CRAMER & LINE. PHERIAL OIL AND LAMPS, by April 26. LOCK, CRAMER & LINE SAPSAGO CHEESE, just received by EBY & SON.

CHARLESTOWN, VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, JUNE 28, 1853.

THE CHEVALTER WYKOFF.

Poetry.

OLD FRIENDS TOGETHER.

Oh time is sweet, when roses meet, With spring's sweet breath around them; And sweet the cost, when hearts are lost,

If those we love have found them;

And sweet the mind, that still can find,

Those days of old, when youth was bold,

And youth ne'er knew how fast time flew,

Though gay each brow that meet us now,

The few long known, whom years have shown,

And time stole wings to speed it,

A star in darkest weather;

But nought can be so sweet to see,

As old friends met together!

Or knowing, did not heed it!

For age brings wintry weather, Yet nought can be so sweet to see,

As those old friends together!

A hand to cheer, perchance, a tear, To soothe a friend's distresses;

A friend to face hard weather:

Oh, thus may we yet joy to see And meet old friends together!

Are glittering in the early dew.

And perfumes rise from every grove,

As incense to the clouds that move

Like spirits o'er yon welkin clear;

But I am sad-thou art not here!

Is on the blue wave of the deep;

A soft haze, like a fairy dream,

Is gleaming like a lonely star,

But I am sad-thou art afar!

Is floating over wood and stream

And many a broad magnolia flower,

'Tis Eve-on earth the sunset skies

Are printing their own Eden dyes;

Like blossoms on the wave below.

And like an unseen spirit, the breeze

Breathing its music round the spot;

But I am sad—I see thee not!

The far-off tones of ocean swell-

Soft as the mother's cadence mild,

Seems lingering 'mid the orange trees,

'Tis Midnight-with a soothing spell-

Low bending o'er her sleeping child;

The rich notes of the mocking-bird

But I am sad-thou art away!

In many a wild and wondrous lay;

Thine own dear voice is in my ear;

About my cheek thy tresses twine-

Thy head is pillowed on my breast:

Oh. I have all my heart holds dear,

And I am happy-thon art here!

Thine own soft lip to mine is pressed,

I sink in Dreams-low, sweet and clear,

Thine own loved hand is clasped in mine,

Miscellaneous.

HOW TO PROSPER IN BUSINESS.

In the first place make up your mind to ac-

complish whatever you undertake; decide upon

some particular employment and persevere in it.

All difficulties are overcome by diligence and

Be not afraid to work with your own hands,

and diligently too. "A cat in gloves catches

no mice." "He who remains in the mill grinds,

Attend to your business; never trust to ano-

ther. "A pot that belongs to many is ill-stirred

Be frugal. "That which will not make a

pot will make a pot lid." "Save the pence and

Be abstemious. "Who dainties love shall

Rise early. "The sleeping fox eatches no

poultry." "Plough deep while sluggards sleep,

Treat every one with respect and civility.

Everything is gained; and nothing lost by

Never anticipate wealth from any other

source than labor; especially never place de-

pendence upon becoming the possessor of an

inheritance. "He who waits for dead men's

shoes, may have to go for a long time bare-

foot." "He who runs after a shadow has a

Above all things, never despair. "God is

where he was." "He helps those who truly

WHO SENT THEM?

In the midst of her extreme want, her trust

Old mother Bender was pious, but poor.

It was late one chilly night in the autumn

of the year, when two rather wild young

men were passing her cottage on their way

home. One of them had under his arm some

loaves of bread, which he had procured at the

village store. A faint light glimmered from

mother Bender's casement. Said the one who

had the loaves, to his companion, "Let's have

"Agreed" said the other. They approach-

ed the house and peeping into the window, saw

the old woman upon her knees, by the hearth,

where a few embers were smouldering in the

ashes. She was engaged in prayer. They

listened and heard her offering carnest peti-

In furtherance of their fun, one of them with

the loaves, climbed softly up the roof of the cot-

tage, and dropped one loaf after the other down

the chimney. As they rolled out upon the

hearth they caught the old lady's eye, and in

"Thank the Lord-bless the Lord for his

"But the Lord didn't send them," shouted a

"Yes he did," cried she, undauntingly

"the Lord sent them, but the devil brought

"SILENCE IN THE COURT."-A few years

since a certain Sheriff of one of the eastern coun-

ties of Massachusetts was rather prone to nap-

ping after his good dinner, but was always

ready at a moment's warning to preserve "si-

lence in the court." One summer day when

the weather was rather warm, and a prosy

lawyer was stretching out to an intermin-

able length a soporific argument upon a

very stupid case, the Sheriff indulged in an un-

usual deep snooze. Owing to the dryness of

the case, there was scarcely any one present in

the court room besides the judge, the jury, and

the counsel engaged in the cause; and a perfect

quiet prevailed, and there was no danger of

his being required to perform any of the func-

tions of his office, the sheriff napped the more

soundly. He breathed deeply and regularly as if his dinner did not disturb him. Gradually

he breathed louder, but the sound produced no

other effect than to add to the drowsiness of

some of the unfortunate jurors who were already

inclined to slumber by the dull sound of the law-

yer's voice. Suddenly, however, the sheriff

gave a loud snore, so loud that it awoke him-

self, and immediately rising from his seat, before he got his eyes well opened, he thundered his

fist down on his desk, and called out in his

deepest and most impressive tones:- "Silence

Sheriff, who thus reproved his nose for disturbing his slumbers.—Nor. Co. Journal.

Because it's the end of beef.

the fullness of her heart, she exclaimed-

voice from the chimney.

bounty."

the pounds will take care of themselves."

and you will have corn to sell and keep."

courtesy. "Good manners insure success."

not he who goes and comes."

beggars prove."

wear isome race."

trust in him."

and confidence was in God.

some fun with the old woman."

And on each wandering breeze are heard

The stars come down with trembling glow,

Within its shadowy woodland bower,

'Tis Noon-a calm, unbroken sleep

With hearts that friendship blesses;

Who helped and tried, still side by side,

TO AN ABSENT WIFE.

BY PRENTICE.

'Tis Morn-the sea breeze seems to bring

Joy, health and freshness on its wing; Bright flowers to me all strange and new,

How true it is, that "the course of true love never did run smooth." The case of Chevalier Wykoff is one in point, as it is one of the most | a lady's heart, because he was not handnotable on record. Most of our readers doubt- some ; less recollect reading an account, published in this journal about a year since, of the exploits of the Chevalier in Sardinia, in which a Miss figure. It appeared, from the published accounts, that after pressing his suit most pertinaciously in London, the gallant Chevalier followed Miss G. to Italy, whither she had gone to avoid him, and whilst in Genoa, attempted to force her into a matrimonial alliance. For this clever trick, the Chevalier became acquainted with the interior of a Genoese prison. After undergoing incarceration for a few months, however, he succeeded in convincing the Court of Sardinia that he had only committed a coup | all subjects, foreign and domestic, neither clingde tete, and was thereupon restored at one and the same time to the fashionable world and the bosom of his friend and confrere, Louis Napoleon. After what had passed between Miss Gamble and the Chevalier, one would naturally suppose that no other sentiment than contempt on one side, and abhorrence on the other, would animate the bosoms of the principal actors in the Genoese drama. Not so, however. The Chevalier returns to London-meets Miss Gamble-again presses his suit, and enjoys the extreme felicity of finding himself accepted!-The banns have already been published, and ere this the gallant Chevalier has probably led the wealthy heiress to the altar, and is now in the full enjoyment of her princely fortune.-What a world we live in, to be sure! Shad ows, clouds and darkness yield to Perseverance. By this talisman the Chevalier wins a wealthy bride and his friend, Louis Napoleon, a throne. What a lesson have we here for the rising gen-

all wait upon Perseverance. THE MAN WHO PATRONIZES NEWSPAPERS. If there is one thing more impertinent than he patronizes a newspaper. We hate the term in every sense in which it is used, and more especially abhor it when employed in the way been "deceased" some years, subscribes, or as he would say, patronizes a paper to the excru-

eration. Wealth, honor, fame, high station,

tiating amount of eight dollars per annum. If an article appears-political, ethical, or physical -which should not exactly coincide with his own crude and ill-digested notions, he forthwith blusters about patronage, and threatens to withdraw it altogether. His wanting a paper to be but the echo of his sentiments at old lady who asked to have her paper printed in large type, because her sight was not good. Did it ever enter into the head of a patron to contemplate the labor, the wealth of intellect, and capital in money, which is required to give him eight dollars worth of information. That the resources of chemistry, the inventive genius of mechanism, the toil of hundreds of human beings, are called into requisition to give towards forming the paper he "patronizes?"-When the physicalities are furnished him, has he thought, for a moment that the well digested articles that he reads in ten minutes, is the produce of the mind cultivated and enriched by cosily snoreing on the soft coach—that twenty | known to every individual patrolling. or thirty printers, all his superiors in education and intellect are engaged in coining into palpable and immortal shapes the thoughts which run from the creative minds of the editors, that firemen, pressmen and carriers are required to labor in producing a mighty result of talent, time, labor and capital, which is placed in the liberal hands of the "patron" at his break-

fast table for the sum of eight dollars per annum? [N. O. Delta

A CRACK RIFLE SHOT-BUT A HEARTLESS

If the following story, narrated by a journal of the Rhine, be true, the town of Speyer William Tell himself:

city, known as the best rifle shot of the disboy at the end of an alley in his garden, placed an ordinary sized potato upon his head, retired fifteen yards raised his weapon, aimed, fired and cut the potato in two leaving the child neither scratched or frightened, so confident was the latter in his father being possessed of a charmed ball. Having talked of this fact to his neighbors, and they doubting the truth of the assertion, the weaver offered to renew the exploit in their presence, altho' evening had set in. The bystanders in lieu of dissuading him from the attempt played the part of Gessler, and taunted him to the proof. The son was therefore recalled, tions for bread. She was entirely destitute of and placed as before with a potato on his cap, at 15 yards, whilst, it being dark he steadily held a candle in his raised hand .-The rifle was again loded, raised, carefully aimed-fired; and again the unerring bullet cleft the lower part of the - potato, slightly grazing the cap. The neighbors who probably never read the heart-rending words which the illustrious Sciller placed in the mouth of Tell when he was compelled to strike the apple from his dear son's head, applauded loudly. Not so with the magistrates. They ordered Speyer Freischutz before them, after declaring that he must either be mad or a mprisoned for five days, with the assurance that if ever he renewed his perilous essays, he should be shut up in a madhouse, if he escaped the scaffold for murder.

REMARKABLE PHYSICAL PHENOMENON. The Rochester Democrat gives an account of a man named Cornelius Broomer, residing near that city, and 37 years of age, who has been asleep near five years, with only brief intervals of wakefulness. He first fell into this long sleep on the 19th of June, 1848, and since that time has been awake, at different periods, from a few hours, to four months at a time. It is remarked that when he come out of this catalepsy, he appeared to have no knowledge of the lapse of time, or of circumstances taking place while he sleeps. The fits come upon him instantly, without, so far as is known, any warning.-His eyes close, his jaws are set, his muscles contract, and his whole frame is rigid, so that if standing he continues in that attitude, partly bent over; and it is not easy to pull him down. He has continued in this condition for months together, unable to speak or move. Various experiments have been tried to re-

in court!" His command, however, had just evening, Ex-Mayor Quincy, while descanting upon the Irish character, observed, that althe contrary effect; for the judge, jury, lawyers, and all joined in a hearty laugh at the worthy upon the litish character, observed, that although he had never been at cork, he "had seen so many drawings of it that he felt him self almost an Irishman."

why is a cow's tail like the letter F! self almost an Irishman."

where the core is a served, that although he had never been at cork, he "had seen so many drawings of it that he felt him self almost an Irishman."

mixed brands at \$9a9\cdots. We look for a material decline within the next sixty days, and should not be surprised to see American flour self here before July are three sorts of pride; of birth, of riches, and of talent; I shall not now speak to you of the latter, none of you being liable to that abominable vice."

Brandy wine \$3\cdots. Brandy wine \$3\cdots. Brandy wine \$3\cdots.

store him to consciousness, without effect. The

man sleeps on, lives, eats, retains perfect health,

with a pulse at 80, and without variation. In

order to feed him his jaws have to be forced

HANDSOME MEN. Fanny Fern, thus replied to an individual

who said somebody was not qualified to win

"Begging your pardon, Solomon, that's a great mistake. It is quite unessential that a man should be handsome. Let him pray the gods, Gamble, formerly of Virginia, was forced to in the first place, to make him a gentleman; gentleman at home as well as abroad. Let him stipulate for a fine figure and a courtly manner, after that to shape his eyes, nose and mouth, provided they don't make them perfectly hid-

"Save us from our plaid panted, borderedvested, big-cravatted, moustached, cologne sprinkled, bejewelled, brainless, exquisite. Give us a well informed, plainly dressed, well possessed, intelligent, masculine, perfectly at home on ing to the great, nor opposing the little; who puts one hand on his sword and the other on his heart, when a woman's name is mentioned; who rises no blush on the cheek of humble innocence; who holds in contempt no living thing that God has made; who can pity the weak and erring, without pharisaically reviling; who can argue without loss of temper and dignity; who scorns a jibe or an oath; who has an arm for trembling age, a smile for prattling infancy, and a strong brave heart for the oppressed and defenceless .-But a "pretty man," a pink and white Sir Brainless-the united work of a tailor, hatter, shoe maker and perfumer! Heaven save the mark! Women know better!"

THE POLICE OF NEW YORK.

The New York Times calls attention to the mperative necessity for reform in the police department of that city. It gives a most deplorable picture of crime in New York. It says: "Scoundrels and bravos meet you by scores, and insult you remorselessly, and possibly knock you in the head, and leave you in the gutter senseless, but no cry of distress brings assistance. and for the lack of witnesses, the ruffians are another to our minds, it is hearing a man say scatheless. We are weary of pointing to the column of brutalities which our City department furnishes with the regularity of a roll at breakfast. It is, as we have already said, an adof which we are speaking. Look at it for a mitted fact, that New York is that city of the moment. A thick-headed fellow with just enlightenment enough to know he should read of life, and the perils of a pilgrimage at any the papers, if it were only to be posted up in | hour, when the broad sunlight and crowded the facts that the Dutch took Holland; Queen | streets do not suspend the business of homicide. Ann was dead; and, Alexander the Great-to | During nine hours of the twenty-four there is use a fashionable or stupid affectation-had no safety for sober citizens in the streets. To remain within doors, and bolt the shutters against house-breakers, is the dictate not of un-

manly fear but of reasonable prudence." The Times argues that the Police system of New York is inadequate to put down "the omnipresent crime" of that city. The area covered by New York is more than 21 square miles. The population exceeds half a million. The entire police of the city, officers and all, numall times, is not a whit less ridiculous than the | bers but 1,044 men. Of these 409 are exempted from night duty leaving but 635 men to protect the city in the hours of darkness. No more than half this force is on duty the same time. The Times recommends a large increase in the police force, a conspicuous uniform dress, and the adoption of a rule of the London police which requires the policeman, like a sentinel, to traverse his route once in a proper number of minutes, and report himself to his coadjutor us ink, paper and machinery, as the first step on the adjoining beat. Thus, says the Times, the constant vigilance of every man would be verified by two independent witnesses; and no two could possibly collude, without detection, to avoid the full performance of duty. The thorough connection of the whole body in serhours of close study, when the "patron" has been | vice, would render single instances of dereliction [Richmond Mail.

"I WISH IT WAS ME!"

Among the sad instances of death in our town, there was one in which a mother and child lay coffined under one roof. Among the sorrowing friends, was a little crippled son and brother, who, in the out-pourings of his grief, exclaimed, "I wish it was me I am a poor cripple, and will be of no account in the world! Poor, sorrowing heart! thus early to have the current of life's young dream disturbed by clouds of sadness! Full early is the lesson of human sorrows learned when riper years are reached, and sad is the thought that the tiny has witnessed an exploit that out tells that of heart which should beat only in gladness and the hope of a bright future, should feel the It appears that a weaver of the old imperial | crushing weight of grief, and indulge in the accents of despair. Poor, crippled youth! thy trict bethought him of affording a crowning encounter with the world's busy mass, in life's proof of his unerring aim. He therefore took | arena, where active men so often fall, will be a his rifle in one hand and his son, twelve severe one! Yet the early chastenings of youth years old, in the other, and then posting the may soften the disposition, and tinge the struggles of manhood with the soothings of philoso-

dhy .- Williamsport Times. A DISCONSOLATE WIDOW. -The Boston Chronicle states that less than five weeks ago, a young man in Medford, died after a brief illness, leaving a young and interesting wife. The fair one mourned his early decease, but her grief was not such as often crushes the life-blood from the heart. Her weeds gave a new charm to her beauty-she won the heart of a sympathising friend, and tempted her grief by listening to the tales of love, and on Tuesday last the pair was married. The grass has not yet began to spring upon her late husband's grave.

Widows' griefs are short lived. Once upon a time, runs an Oriental story, a young and lovely woman was called upon to mourn the death of her lord. As she loved him in life with all the fervor of adoration, her grief at his decease was violent and inconsolable. She filled the air with plaints; declared herself the most wretched of women; and in the intensity of her great grief made a vow that she would never wed a new lord till the stream which ran by her bower should reverse its course.

A few weeks after she was observed busily engaged in damming up the stream!-Goldheartless brute, ordered him to be fined, and smith, in the 'Citizen of the World.' relates a similar story. A lady on the death of her husband, vowed that she would not marry another till the grave of her first love perennially moistened by her own and tears from heaven, should have become dry. Not many days after the dear creature was seen vigorously fanning the grave, in order that it might the sooner become

THE BEARDED WOMAN:

Many persons supposed the Bearded Woman, to be a hoax or an imposition. Not so, a gentleman of our acquaintance recently paid this specimen of modern hair-y-stocracy a few days since, a visit, and assures us of the truth of the publication respecting her. The New York Mirror says:

"The Franco-Swiss lady there exhibiting, is all that is claimed for her. She is of moderate size, rather museuline looking-owing much to her bearddresses in good taste, displays a bust that expels all doubt as to her sex, and wears a fine glossy beard extending from the outer corner of her eyes down her cheeks and over her chin. Her upper lip shows no beard. There is not one man in a thousand with so much whiskers. Her back between the shoulders, shows an unusual hairiness. She has a fair and fresh complexion, and is altogether decidedly agreeable, speaking Swiss, French and English fluently. Her husband and father accompany her: She has given birth to two children, one of them deceased, the other five months old, living and already showing the basis of a formidable beard. She has a sister, now in London we believe, who exhibits the same singularity. Her father is rather smoothfaced than otherwise. The hearded lady is certainly a very great curiosity,

General Entelligence.

A WARNING TO YOUTH.

Daniel T. Woodward, who was on Thursday week sentenced to be hanged for the murder of his wife, in Washington, the Republic says, handed the following card to the Rev. John C. Smith on the ensuing day, when that gentlemen, by invitation, first visited the the unfortunate being in his cell, it had been written previously. The paper was directed to one of the associaces of his boyish days, and designed for publi-

"To the Youth of the District .- As I have but a few days to live, I feel it my duty to caution you from following my course of life, if you would live long and be respected by all who know you. No matter how humble your situation of life, keep the Sabbath holy, refrain from profane company, and above all things, refrain from that great destroyer ardent spirits. Look at my condition. Instead of being one of our best citizens, beloved and esteemed by all, you find me in my lonely cell, under sentence of death, charged with one of the most awful crimes that could be perpetrated on earth, the cause referred to above. "DANIEL T. WOODWARD." be perpetrated on earth; from once a pious youth

The above imparts a solemn lesson, by which we trust the youth to whom it is addressed will profit.

SCENE AT THE NIAGARA FALLS.

The editors of the Home Journal were among those invited to Niagara Falls on the late excursion to the Legislature of New York, and among other incidents noted is the following: We had the luck to see a horse go over the falls on

Sunday afternoon. We say luck, because, though we were sorry the horse should end his useful life in so summary a manner, yet since he was so destined, we considered it a piece of luck to see him do it.— How he got into the river, or where no one knew .-We caught sight of him when he was in the midst of the rapids, above the American side of the Horseshoe Fall; and those rapids tossed him up, and whirled him on, as they would a chip—as they would an elephant. Whether he was alive or dead before he reached the fall, we know not; but if he had been endowed with life of a thousand horse-power, he would have been tossed and whirled, and rolled and hurried just the same. Over he plunged into the roaring abyss. In less than a minute he re-appeared in the comparatively still water near the spiral staircase, with a gash across his body that half severed it; and there in the curious eddies of that part of the river, he continued to float and turn about, and over for a long time. Probably he is there at this moment, for the water in which he floats is hemmed in on one side by a precipice of rock and on the other by a precipice of water, rushing away from the terrors of the cataract. It is impossible to convey to any one, not familiar with the falls, an idea of the interest with which this scene was overlooked by the people on the shore.

A QUADRUPED CHICKEN.

The Germantown (Pa.) Telegraph publishes the following extract from a letter of a gentleman of Columbia to a citizen of Germantown: "One of my Shanghai hens has a few chicks, hatched a few days ago, and one of them, which toddles about and eats heartily and seems to thrive, has four legs. For the first day, 'Quaddy,' (as we call him, from quadru-ped,) did not know which pair to go upon. The hind pair made him rear up, and the front pair made him kick up. But, after balancing the thing in his mind over night, he settled down next morning on 'all his fours' boldly, and persists in that mode of lo-

Havanna it appears, is not only an expensive place: t is an unwholesome one within the walls. The harbor having only one narrow entrace, the waters are very stupid and sluggish. All the blandishments of this beautiful moon are thrown away on their inert mass. They lie lazily, motionless, like a great tortoise and gorge themselves on the offal of the city. Then the city walls, which could keep out nothing else, keep out the blessed air of heaven, which is thus constrained to blow over the city and not through it .-If you live on a street which runs through a gate to the waterside, you are always in a draught; in any other street you might as well be in somebody's poc-

OLD JOE SWEENY.

This reverend musician, Father of the Banjo and Nephew of the Fiddle, passed through our City last week. He gave two entertainments both of which were exceedingly well attended. He did not create the same sensation as when he first appeared here just after his return from Europe but there were plenty who were glad indeed to see him again and pay a quarter for full two dollars worth of laughter. Old Joe's strength has not failed him, nor his good right had forgot its cunning. He still reigns supreme Autocrat of all the Banjos, and the way he contrives to execute what he calls the Old Virginny shower-bath is wonderful indeed. "Himself, his tall brother and his other children," went on their way rejoicing down to Buckingham.-Lynchburg Express.

COPPER AND GOLD MINING IN VIRGINIA .- A new mining company has been organized, called the Manassas Copper Mine at Fauquier county, Virginia. The mine is situated on the Blue Ridge, and is seventy miles from Alexandria, and extending over nine hundred acres. The Manassas Gap Railroad passes through the property, affording a direct and easy communication with Alexandria. It is said the mine has been surveyed by Profs. B. Silliman, jr., of New York, and A. L. Piggott, of Baltimore; and the ore has been analyzed by Dr. Jas. R. Chilton and Prof. Silliman. Their reports speak forcibly in favor of the mine. The ore yields 21.40 per cent. of copper, and pyrites 28 a 30 per cent, while some specimens of the vein had yielded 89 per cent, of pure copper.

STATE OF THE OHIO RIVER .- At Wheeling, on the 15th instant, there were 3 feet 10 inches of water in the channel of the river, and falling; and at Pittsburg, 2 feet 8 inches, and falling; and at Cincinnati it had fallen 6 inches during the previous twenty-four hours. Of the Wheeling Union line of steamers, the Alvin Adams and David White, were at Cincinnati when the water became too low to run, and have entered into the evening line to Louisville. The Thos, Swann and Virginia are said to be aground at Cincinnati and Wheeling, and the Falls City near Parkersburg. It is also stated that it will require from \$5,000 to \$8,000 to repair the damage to the Falls City by the late hurricane.

ACQUITTED.-The unfortunate young woman who has been confined in jail since April, (says the Staunton Vindicator) for the murder of her new born infant, was put upon trial on the 3d inst., before his Hon. Judge Thompson. After the examination of testimo ny and argument by counsel, the case was given to the jury on Wednesday evening, who, in a short time, refurned a verdict of Not Guilty. The counsel for the defence, Messrs. A. H. Stuart, Baylor and Koiner, and Col. Baldwin contended that the testimony was incomplete, and insufficient to make out the case as charged in the indictment; that while it was true the infant had been destroyed, there was no evidence to prove that it came to its death by the hands of its nother-indeed, there was no evidence to prove that the child had been wholly born alive, and the jury could not do otherwise than acquit.

SALARY AND PICKINGS .- The Captain General of Cuba according to a newspaper correspondent, receives sand dollars, of which only \$50,000 is his regular salary, \$260,000 being his revenue from the slave importations, \$24,000 from the passport fees, \$32,000 from the appointments of subordinate officers and \$12,000 allowance for extra expenses, and about \$40,-000 from other sources.

A Dog Out of Place.—On the evening of a recent Sunday the inhabitants of Ystradganlias, South Wales, were crowding to the chapel to hear a somewhat famous itinerant preacher, a huge dog made his way into the building, bolted up the pulpit stairs and took possession of the place assigned to the pastor. The unsuspecting itinerant walked up to the pulpit in a short time, but, assailed with fierce growls and a row of teeth like an alligator's he was glad to get to the bottom of the steps. A second ventured, but only elicited some addition growls. A third sage, thinking discretion the better part of valor, next as-cended to make an amicable settlement with Tyke. He did not dispute the dog's right of possession, but endeavored to charm him from his elevated position with a piece of candle. At this Tyke waxed more furious than ever, deeming the candle an insult; and at length the pastor took his place in the small reading desk in which he preached. Tyke all the while re-maining perched aloft listening to the discourse with a gravity and decorum worthy of a class-leader .-The scene may be more easily imagined than de-

.... A San Francisco letter of the 16th May

The stock of flour now in the country is nearly equal to 90,000 bbls, and to this 80,000 is known to be on the way, and we have 170,000 bbls, available in the next three months exclusive of the new crop of Chili; importations of which will arrive here in June. It would be unsafe to quote Gallego and Haxall as saleable to any extent over \$104a104 per bbl. and mixed brands at \$9a94. We look for a material de-

The direct connexion between Harpers-Ferry and Were the southern bank of the river now occupied by a railway, that on the north side would be indefinitely postponed. The advantages presented by the Virginia shore are considerable; and not the least among them is the possibility of an amalgamation with the Winchester and Potomac company, which arrangement would give a through line from this place to the District under one management and of course operated much more economically than now. Passengers could then go to Washington or Alexandria without changing cars, instead of changing twice as they do

THE METROPOLITAN RAILROAD.

now and will on the Metropolitan line. The Maryland line will, beyond doubt, soon be placed under contract; the subscriptions already amounting to \$400,000. A writer in the National Intelligencer thus describes the enterprise: "Great advantages will arise to us in the District,

in bringing all the travel from the West destined for Washington over the Metropolitan road, from its junction with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad near the Point of Rocks, in place of taking the present cir-cuitous route by way of Baltimore, saving the time occupied in running fifty miles further, to say no-thing of the additional cost and hazard of life arising from the numerous curves on the Patapsco line: The distance from the expected junction between the Point of Rocks and the Monocacy viaduct will be about thirty-five miles to Washington, whereas it is about eighty-seven miles by way of the Relay Station. Besides, it is contemplated to connect Cumberland with Pittsburg by way of Connelsville; then we shall be nearer to Pittsburg than Baltimore by thirty miles, and ninety miles nearer than Philadelphia; that is, it is three hundred and sixty miles from Pittsburg to Philadelphia, three hundred miles from Pittsburg to Baltimore, and only two hundred and

seventy miles to Washington.
With this difference we must expect to see much travel from the West taking the route through Washington to the Northern cities, in addition to what is destined only for Washington. We will also find a considerable shortening of distance with many nearer but quite important points compared to present distances by the Relay Station. For instance, to Cumberland from Washington we now travel two hundred and one miles, while the Metropolitan will reduce it to one hundred and fifty miles : again to Harpers-Ferry it is now one hundred and three miles, it will be only fifty miles."

PRICES OF LABOR IN SAN FRANCISCO. We copy the following from the Alta Cali-

fornia: The prices stated below have been carefully collected and may be depended upon as correct. They are market prices, or the general prices, but there are great variations. A first rate

workman may depend upon getting the wages mentioned, or still higher wages; the ordinary workman will find it difficult to get work, and the poor workman will scarcely be able to support himself by his trade.

Thus it is that though the market price of carpenter's labor is \$7, yet there are carpenters who cannot get work at even \$4. Wages are steadily falling, and must continue to fall, but many years will pass before they can be on a level with the Atlantic States. No mechanic should come to California without money, nor should he come to California with money. unless he is a first-rate workman, but if he stands at the head of his profession, he may have as much work as he can do, and get his own price. The letters v. s. means that work is very scarce for such mechanics to which it is affixed. The

Printers per 1000\$1 50 House painters.... 5 00 Carpenters a day 7 00 Paper hangers...5 00 Joiners per day...7 00 Jewellers......9 00 Shipprights....7 00 Lapidaries .....9 00 Wagonmakers..4-6 00 Musicians.....20 00 Wood-turners . . 4-6 00 Millers : . . . . . . . . 6 00

letter b affixed means that boarding accompa-

Coopers . . . . . 4-6 00 Common laborers 4 00 Sawyers...... 8 00 Teamsters a mo.100 00 Patternmakers . . . 7 00 Hack drivers . . . 100 00 Engineers ..... 7 00 Stage drivers ... 100 00 Moulders.......7-00 Cart, with horse Brass founders v.s.6 00 and driver per Blacksmiths , . . . 5-7 00 day . . . . . . . . . 8 00

Iron-turners....2-7 00 Brewers b. a mo. 100 00 Machinists....... 7 00 Gardeners b..... 60 00 Stonecutters.... 8 00 Cooks b.... 60-100 00 Bricklayers . . . 8-10 00 House servants Plasterers......35-70 00 Shoemakers v.s.. . 4 00 Waiters b.... 40-70 00 Tailors v.s..... 4 00 Nurses b...... 40 00

INQUIRIES ABOUT SHANGHAIS.-A Mohawk farmer writes to an Agricultural editor that the "hen fever" rages some up that way, and enquires: "Now what do you think of the variety called Shaulc-highs, whose name don't belie them? I tell

my wife they have no body at all, and that when the head is cut off the legs come right apart ! Am I right? Neighbor Buckingham's wife says they're the beatenest things to lay on airth, and that they sit and lay both at onst. I don't believe it-it's contrary to na ter. I think they only recline a little, as it were, and-Jeruselem! how can them things set? my jack-knife can set as well as they can. "I tell you, Mr. Editor, they put things out of joint too, dreadfully. When Buckingham's wife got her Shankhighs home the other day, old Kink happened to hear the rooster crow the first time, and not knowing anything about the matter, summoned half the hands on the place to come and help get the old blink-

eyed mule out of the crib. Old Kink says, dev don't

sit on the roost same as odder chicken nohow, but

dev sits straddle of the stick, case why, when dey

tempts to sit same as common chicken de head aint

heaby 'nuff for de legs and dey falls off backward .-Correct philosophy that: They sit when they eat, I know, for I've seen 'em do it; and have seen 'em try to cat standing, but was no go, for when they peck at a grain of corn on the ground they don't more than half reach it, but the head bobs right between their legs making them turn a complete somerset. May be they're like swinged cats, worse than they look, and that's bad enough anyhow. I'd as soon see a pair of tongs or compasses walking about the yard as these Shank-highs. And I had like to have forgot to tell you, that Pete says they're big liars, 'cause dey crows long time 'fore day in de mornin' when 'taint day; but Kink says Pete don't 'flect dat deir legs is so long, dey see daylight long time fore common chicken."

ARREST OF A FUGITIVE SLAVE.-Henry Kenner, a lave of Mr. Wm. Ward, of Frostburg, Md., who escaped about five years ago, and has since been wandering about, was arrested at Louisville, Ky., a couple of weeks ago; Joseph Anderson, who was bringing him back to Maryland, was attacked by him near -Covington, Ky., and dangerously beaten. Kenner was afterwards committed to Covington jail.

NOT FAR FROM THE TRUTH.-Mrs. Swisshelm asserts in the Pittsburg Saturday Visitor, that it is extravagance and improvidence, and nothing else, which keeps the laboring classes in the power of capital.-The way to become independent, continues Mrs. Swisshelm, is, "for every man to live on half his wages, or less, if possible, until he buys and pays for an acre of ground, fences it, builds on it a house large enough to shelter himself and family from the winter storm. This is his fort. Then let him take all the time he now spends in taverns and other lounging places, to lay in stores of ammunition and provisions in the shape of useful knowledge gleaned from books and papers, and grape vines, trees potatoes and cab-bages growing in his enclosure. If he plants every foot of it with something pleasant to the eye, and good for food, no tyrannical employer can starve him into any degrading submission." Mrs. Swisshelm's article on this subject ought to be posted upon the walls of every workshop in this country.

GENUINE SPIRIT RAPPING-Is for a man to knock at his neighbor's door in mistake for his own when

.... The season for bed-bugs approaches.— If you want to destroy them, rub the bedstead with lamp oil, this alone is good, but to make it more effectual, get a sixpence worth of quicksilver and add to it, put it into all the cracks around the house. ... Love is as natural to woman as fragrance to

rose. You may lock a girl up in a convent-you may confine her in a cell—you may cause her to for-swear her parents—these things are possible; but never hope to make the sex forego the heart worship, or give up their reverence for cassimeres; for such a hope will prove as bootless as the Greek Slave, and as hollow as a hamboo

Power, acquired by guilty means never was and never will be exercised to promote good ends. .... At a recent bull fight at Madrid, eleven BOOK AND JOB PRINTING,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

BLANKS. CHECKS, HANDBILLS, LABELS, &c., EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS AND DESPATCH AT THE OFFICE OF SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON.

DJ-A supply of Magistrates', Sheriffs', and Constables' BLANKS—Deeds of Bargain and Sale and Deeds of Trust—Negotiable and Promissory Notes, &c., &c., always on hand.

MR. WEBSTER'S MEMORY.

The New York Express says a delicate compliment has been paid to the accomplished lady of the deceased statesman, by some of his friends in that city. Wishing to tes-tify their respect for Mr. Webster's memory, the District, (says the Winchester Virginian,) so long and their regard for Mrs. Webster, who is a talked of and deferred by Alexandria, is about being New York lady, they subscribed the sum of effected on the north side of the Potomac, by Washington and Georgetown, as was to be expected.— their liberal offering in the form of an elegant residence, handsomely furnished, or as an investment subject to her sole control, and

EXTRAORDINARY PRODUCTIONS:

The Editor of the LaGrange (Ga.) Reporter, while on a visit to Griffin a few days since, saw some very extraordinary productions of the animal creation, which he thus describes:

"I witnessed to-day a remarkable show! as follows: A mammoth mule, Henry Clay, 5 years old, 194 hands high, weighing 2,200; the model Hog, Sam Houston, 2 years and 9 months old, weighing 920 pounds; and lastly, the wonder of the world in the person of a living skeleton Negro, Wade Hampton, 5 feet high, 80 years old and weighs only thirty pounds:-This is truly the crowning climax of all humam prodigies !"

REAL ESTATE IN NEW YORK .- The Mirror of Wednesday says:

A large amount of real estate was sold yesterday by Simeon Draper, Esq., belonging to the late Gardner G. and Samuel S. Howland. The House known as the Lyceum Building, Nos. 561 and 563, Broadway, was purchased by A. S. Levy, Esq., for the sum of \$77,500. Ten lots on 24th street between 5th and 6th avenues, including a portion of what is now the Hippodrome, each twenty-five by ninety feet, brought together \$79,250. Mr. Monnot of the New York Hotel, was the purchaser. A single lot adjoining the above was purchased for the sum of \$7,600; one on the same lot fronting 23d street brought \$8,300. These were also bought by Mr. Monnot, who now owns the entire square—a splendid estate which has cost him about two hundred thousand dollars; and which will soon be worth half a million. The

total amount realized from the sale was \$374,-

No Envelopes .- Enveloped Letters should be addressed inside-as well as outside.—When letters are enclosed in an envelope the address should be inscribed as well on the letter itself as on the envelope; otherwise the loss of the envelope may cause grave mistakes and serious confusion-or, may leave the letter for an anonymous claimant. We heard a deceased Chancellor say that he knew an important law case which came very near being lost to the party, ultimately successful, by the loss of an envelope, leaving it uncertain to whom the missive had been addressed. Recently, too, we learn, from an exchange paper, that a stolen mail has been recovered, with all the envelopes torn off the letters, and the post-master knew not where to send many of them.

[Charleston Courier: SALE OF LAND IN FAIRFAX, VA .- Mr. E. Sherman has recently disposed of his farm. known as "Salona," lying near Barritt's Cross Roads, in Fairfax county, Va., to a Mr. Smoot, formerly of the District of Columbia. The tract contains 208 acres, and the price paid was \$10,-000, being a little upwards of \$48 per acre.-Mr. Sherman, it is said, paid \$4,500 for the same tract a few years ago, E. McNerhany, Esq., in the same neighborhood, has been offered \$55 per acre for his farm, which contains about 154 acres. The offer, it is stated, was made by Clark Mills, the celebrated artist.

A MAN SWALLOWING HIS TEETH .- Mr. Edward Scanlan, a druggist in Cincinnati, recently had three teeth upon a gold plate placed in his mouth. On Tuesday night last, while asleep, the plate became loose and Mr. S. swallowed it a short distance below the palate, when the sufficcation it occasioned caused him to awake. He could not get it up or down, and thus stationary, it gave him much pain. The anterior portion of the neck became swollen and it was thought that the lock-jaw would ensue; but prompt medical aid averted the danger, though he is still in a precarious condition.

KENTUCKY Hog STATISTICS .- The Louisville Courier contains full returns from 40 counties in reference to the number of hogs in Kentucky over six months old in January. The total assessment, as furnished by the State auditor, shows 415,967 hogs in the 40 counties, which is a gain of 100,000 over the number in the same district the previous year.

FUNERALS IN PARIS .- All funerals in Paris are performed by one chartered, registered company. They have got a privilege, a concession, a monopoly, from government. If you die in the Catholic religion, nobody else can bury you. They have an office that is open fourteen hours out of the twent-four; they own five hundred black horses; eighty hearses of various sizes, (one expressly for giants,) drivers, mourners, bier-carriers, carpenters, drapers, without number; they have shields and armorial bearings ready painted for all the titled families in Paris—they have hangings for doorways and churches, with every combination of embroidered initials in the alphabet; they supply water-whether blessed or not, makes no differ ance; they undertake with nothing-do the whole, and then send you, or rather your executors and survivers, a swinging bill. The tariff of prices shows that there are pomps from 396 Sf. down to 5f.

COOL COURAGE.-At Albany, N. Y., last week a team of horses ran off with a wagon in which a little child was left alone. A young lady saw the danger, and in an instant prepared to rescue the little fellow. Throwing her hat and shawl on the side-walk, she made a spring for the tail of the wagon, just as it was darting by her, and as good luck would have it, caught it firmly, the momentum of the wagon jerking her inside of the box. She immediately clasped the child in her arms, and, seizing a favorable moment, sprang to the ground, without injury either to herself or to the little foundling Such a heroine deserves to have a husband and a baby of her own.

A WILL CASE. - A case was recently tried in Montgomery county, Pa., in which Judge Smyser ruled that an attempt to sign a willdeath occurring to prevent the signing-is sufficient to sustain the will. In this case the decedent had commenced his name by writing the letter P., when he sunk back exhausted and died in ten minutes.

.... Father Gavazzi's anti-popery speeches have created bloody riots in Quebec and Montreal. Many lives have been lost, and the padre himself was in imminent danger, and is said to have defended himself most manifully.
These attempts to put down free discussion by mob law always re-act most unfavorably upon those who make them. They are even more foolish than wicked.

most densely crowded thoroughfare in America. 528 omnibuses pass through it incessantly. It is proposed to afford relief from this annoyance by removing the omnibuses, and substituting a railway with 61 cars.

which Miss Brown was killed who interfered, was fatally v

#### THE COMING ANNIVERSARY.

We hope the citizens of our county generally will bear in mind that the ensuing Anniversary is to be appropriately celebrated at Shannondale Springs, and one fully equal to the occasion, and whose selection is guaranty that he will furnish a rich intellectual feast, has been selected as the Orator for the occasion. By Monday, Harvest in our own and the neighboring counties will have been generally terminated, and a large and agreeable company is confidently anticipated. The Proprietor of Shannondale is making ample arrangements to accommodate in the best possible manner all who may be in attendance, and to judge the future by the past, who cansay he will not do so? Let there be, then, a turn out worthy of the occasion, creditable to the county. and complimentary to the place.

Mr. Hough, the very gentlemanly editor of this paper for the last four years, gives notice through its last issue, that his editorial labors as connected therewith will hereafter cease, and pass into other hands. In his valedictory address, he says some things not very flattering to the Whig "leaders" of Loudoun, and charges upon them a spirit of persecution, because he had the independence to resist their dictation, and refuse to "bend the supple hinges of the knee, that thrift might follow fawning."

LOUDOUN CHRONICLE.

Whilst we regret to lose Mr. Hough from the fraternity, yet it is with no ordinary pleasure we shall welcome the contemplated change of the paper, and extend the right hand of fellowship to the gentleman who is to become hereafter its editor. The Chronicle, or as it has heretofore been designated the " Loudoun Whig," is to be transmogrified into a Democratic journal of the straitest sect, Mr. Chas. H. Stewart, a young gentleman of our town, a fine scholar and a most excellent writer, is to become its editor and prorrietor. He has entered upon the duties of his new position, and expects to be able to get his first paper issued by Saturday next a We commend in advance this new enterprise to the Democracy of our District. The Democratic party in Loudoun have been borne down heretofore by the multiplicity of numbers, though even there, a better and a brighter dawn seems to be breaking. An organ to represent their interest, defend their principles, and repel the assaults of the enemy from within or without, can greatly tend to haster the millennium, and redeem old Loudown from the hands of Whir domination. Success then to the," Loudoun Democrat," and its worthy and

#### estimable editor, Mr. Stewart. WEST POINT GRADUATES.

At the annual examination of the Cadets of the Military Academy, West Point, the following from this State were in the First Class, and received diplomas: Wm. P. Craighill, Wm. R. Terrill J. R. Chambliss, Jr., Henry H. Walker, and Thos. M. Jones.

Mr. Craighill is a son of Wm. N. Craighill, Esq., of this county, and out of a class of fifty-two, graduates as 2d, which is a mark of great distinction and we have no doubt most fitly deserved. He is scarce 20 years of age, yet has been designated by the Board of Examination for the corps of Topographical Engineers one of the most useful and scientific organizations of our Army or Navy, and will soon be assigned his place of daty. We congratulate the estimable father of this young gentleman for the promise of the future, as we are sure it is a proud recompense for much of the toil and anxiety which he has given and felt to consummate an object as dear to the one, as it was creditable to the other.

### U. S. HOTEL, HARPERS-FERRY.

This necessary resort for the travelling public, immediately at the junction of the Winchester with the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, and at which all the passengers by the former and the Western train of the latter, have opportunity of Dining, is still under the management of Mrs. CARRELL, assisted by Mr. Young, of long experience and most thorough acquainfance with every thing that is necessary to a first-rate Hotel Mrs. Carrell is a lady of most indomitable energy and perseverance, and eminently deserving for her many generous traits, the liberal patronage of the travelling public. And as the season of the year is now just at hand, when the Cities send forth their countless multitudes in pursuit of health or pleasure, we know of no point at which a day or two could be more profitably and agreeably spent, than in taking a bird's eve view of the numerous attractions in and around Harpers-Ferry, and partaking of the hospitality and kind attentions which the U.S. Hotel will afford. It has just been thoroughly overhauled, the parlors decorated with new and handsome furniture, every portion of the house papered or whitewashed, new carpeting put down, and through the taste and good skill of Mr. Tacy, almost the whole interior handsomely and most tastefully painted. It has become notorious every where, that Mr. Jefferson was so enchanted with the sublime and the picturesque surrounding Harpers-Ferry, that he declared it was worth a trip across the Atlantic to see it. Hie to the mountains, then, you who are pent up by the brick and mortar of the city, and you will find gratification to the eye, and benefit to the body.

THE SABBATH SCHOOLS. These nursing mothers of the Church, are now in a most flourishing condition in our town, and by reference to another column it will be seen that the School attached to the Methodist Episcopal Church. (numbering over 100 scholars,) contemplate spending the 4th in the beautiful grove near town, belonging to the Agricultural Society, where appropriate addresses will be delivered, and a rich banquet

### TERRIBLE SLAUGHTER.

It is reported, but needs confirmation, that the rebels in China had been driven from the Gates of Nankin with a loss of 20,000 soldiers. It is also said that the Government forces had blown down one mile of houses as protection to the city. The news however, from that far distant country is so vague, and so little known of the people or country as a basis for conjecture, that much which is being circulated as to the Revolutionary movements, is but the creation of some prolific brain, far removed from the

### A DUEL IN PROSPECT.

The last arrival from California, brings intelligence that a Duel was to have taken place on the morning the steamer left, 18th of June, between Senator Gwin, and Mr. McCorkue, a late member of the House of Representatives from California. The cause of the difficulty was some personal remarks made by the former in reference to the latter. The weapons were to be rifles and the distance thirty paces. The friends of the parties had been trying for the previous twenty bours to arrange the affair amicably, without avail. Mr. Marshall was to act as the friend of Mr. McCorkle, and Mr. Dameron, Naval officer, as the friend of Sepator Gwin.

### NEW PASTOR

Rev. P. SEIBERT DAVIS having accepted the call by the German Reform Congregations formerly under the charge of Rev. J. O. MILLER, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of that gentleman, delivered his introductory discourse to his congregation at Middleway, on Sunday last. Mr. Davis is a young gentleman of very great acquirements; and, we understand, his first effort in his new field of labor. was most highly appreciated by all who heard him on that occasi

### THE HOT WEATHER.

It may be no news to some of our readers, (as their own personal experience no doubt realized the fact.) that the last week was one that was most excruciatingly hot, dry and dis igreeable. Old Sol, however, has greatly moderated his rays, and the thermo ter instead of 90 to 100 now ranges from 60 to 70° .-The grass, corn, gurdens and all other vegetable and animal creation, are greatly suffering for the want of rain, and if it be not true that all signs fail in dry weather, the promise is a good one for a copious shower ere the setting sun.

#### BJARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.

The Richmond Enquirer contains the official returns from the first and second districts of the State, as to the Board of Public Works. In the first district the vote stands as follows: Boyd ......14,942 Daniel.....14,726

Boyd's majority..... 216 Mercer, Floyd and Grayson to hear from, which are understood to have given Boyd a majority of about 1,500.

In the second district, the vote stood as follows: Price.....17,281 Graham's majority...... 1,727

The regular term of office is six years, but the Commissioners will meet on the first Monday of next month, and decide by lot upon whom the two and four years' terms shall fall. The term of office commences the same day. The salary of the Commissioners is \$1,500 per annum each, with \$250 for travelling expenses, and they are required to meet on the first Monday of each month, in Richmond, or else-

Wayne county to hear from,

#### where, as they may appoint. DEBTS AND THE PROPERTY OF THE U. S.

The Cincinnati Railroad Record recently gave an article in relation to the indebtedness of the United States. The aggregate was nearly \$1,700,000,000.-But this included not only the National and State debts, but the debts of corporations and individuals. A later number of the Record contains an estimate of the value of the property of the United States, from which we copy the following figures: 

60 per cent. added,.....3,606,000,000 \$9.616.000,000 Increase from 1849 to 1853, under the increased currency, 40 per cent, . . . . 3,846,400,000 Value of the property in the Nation in

1854,....\$13,462,400,000 The writer contends further, that the currency of the country amounts to \$300,000,000; the debt to \$1,700,000,000; and the property to \$13,000,000,000-His conclusions are as follows: 1st. That there is convertible property enough in

action to pay off the entire debt of the country, (if such thing is supposable which never happens,) without making sacrifice, or materially disturbing 2d. That the actual currency of the country is suf-

ficient for this purpose, and that the amount of currency is rapidly increasing.
2d. That in such a condition of things no general kruptcy can happen; but that it is quite possible, in case of pressure, there may be many cases of individual failure, and also that some railway undertaking hastily and imprudently undertaken may fall. 4th. That prices will be maintained, and the capital of the country continue rapidly to accumulate, as its vast undertakings, its increasing population and

#### its rich harvests continue to go on. CHOLERA IN WILLIAMSPORT.

The Williamsport Times, of Thursday last, states that there have been 21 victims to the epidemic raging at that place. When it first made its appearance the Times denied that it was cholera, and to a certain extent persists in this opinion, but remarks that no one can doubt that it is a type of that disease.— In a postscript on going to press, it is stated by the Times that the sickness is rapidly subsiding. No new cases had been reported, while those already attacked, were said to be rapidly recovering.

Owing to the recent break in the canal, there is, we presume much stagnant water near Williamsport; and besides, the town is said to be in a most filthy condition. To these causes the sickness is attributable, and it would be wisdom in the proper authorities here and elsewhere to use the necessary precautions to obviate a similar state of things.

Notwithstanding the distress occasioned in Williamsport by the sickness there, the Times represents the town to have been for the past week, the scene of daily fighting, drunkenness and riot. Three cases of stabbing had occurred, and on Saturday a negro was murdered. The peace-officers are strongly censured for a failure of duty, and their neglect to arrest offenders given as a reason for the frequent brawls in the streets. We judge that the citizens of the place are not altogether accountable for these riots, as a large number of boat hands have been thrown there

#### in consequence of the break in the canal. CUBA AND THE ADMINISTRATION.

The Washington Union notices the rumors which have for some time been afloat to the effect that the British Government is actively instigating that of Spain to emancipate the slaves now on the Island that the inducement to this step on the part of Spain is to be the opening of the ports of Cuba, under British guaranty, for the importation of negroes from Africa to serve for a term of years as apprentices, and then to be left free upon the Island; and, finally, that the Spanish Government is inclined to regard the whole proposition with some favor, in the view that the adoption of such a measure must, at least, forever prevent the annexation of Cuba to the United

The Union says it has no reason to believe that these reports are sustained by any official information, or by any other reliable and sufficient evidence But it declares that should such interference on the part of the British government, as is intimated in the above, ever take place, the masses of the United States people will resist it as one man. All such interference, it says, in the policy of Gen. Pierce's inaugural, is utterly inadmissible. The administration, it proclaims, has presented the whole principle of the Monroe doctrine-demanding an American policy for the American continent-as a cardinal point in the regulation of our foreign relations. These views, coming from the government organ, have peculiar signi-

### SURVIVORS OF THE WAR IN 1812.

A number of veterans celebrated in Philadelphia on the 18th inst., the anniversary of the declaration of the war with England in June, 1812. They adopted resolutions recommending the survivors of the war of 1812, hereafter, in every State, to celebrate the 18th day of June as a general jubilee, and providing for the call of a Convention of all who served in the war of 1812, be held in the city of Philadelphia on the 8th of January, 1854, to be composed of Delegates from the several States, to decide upon such measures as they shall deem expedient, for reviewing and keeping alive the records of their past history, and doing justice to those who may have claims upon our common

### READY FOR CIRCULATION.

Some few weeks ago, we announced that Messrs. Foster & Cochran, of Washington, were about to pub lish, in neat and convenient form, the Calhoun, Clay, and Webster eulogies. The book is now out, and Wm. McCarty is the agent for its sale in the counties of Frederick, Jefferson, Shenandoah, Rockingham, and

### NEW BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Governor Johnson has issued his proclamation as to the election of Messrs. Boyd. Graham and Armstrong, Commissioners of the new Board of Public Works. They are required by law to meet in Richmond on the 1st Monday in July, which this year happens to be the 4th. They will decide by lot their relative tenures of office, viz: two, four and six years. Thus there will be an election of one member of the Board every two years.

### I. O. O. F.

At the Annual Communication of the Grand Lodge, held in Richmond, on the 11th of April last, there were in Virginia 120 Lodges, and 6819 members,-The Lodge receipts for the previous year amount to \$33,157 66, Initiations 798, admitted by card, 191, Deaths 70. Number of brothers relieved, 894. Number of widowed families relieved, 89. Amount paid for relief \$12,228 23. Amount paid for the education of orphans \$1,792 31.

### NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Edmund Burke publishes an explanatory card of the resolutions offered by him in the Democratic Convention of the State of New Hampshire. He denies any intention of attacking the Administration, but merely asserted the rights of the National De-

The New Hampshire Patriot, rejoins fiercely-assailing Burke with most opprobious epithets, and as a disappointed office-seekers.

### UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.

The exercises of this institution will commend on the 28th instant, with alumni. JAS. P. HALCOMBE, Esq., will deliver the annual address before that body, the University of Virginia is fast fulfilling its destiny, and accomplishing the ends of its illustrous

#### STATE TEMPERANCE CONVENTION.

At a meeting of the citizens of Harpers-Ferry, held on Tuesday evening, June 22, for the purpos of selecting Delegates to represent this part of Jefferson County in the State Temperance Convention to be held at Charlottesville Court-House, on the

3d of August, 1853. On motion Rev. DAVID WILSON was elected President of the meeting, and Joseph R. Martin, Se-

On motion it was resolved. That eight Delegates be sent to the Convention,-when the following gentlemen were nominated and unanimously elected: Rev. Wm. F. Speake, Rev. A. H. Heaton, Rev. David Wilson, Mr. Wm. McCoy,

Hugh Gillace, Adam Rhulman. Rev. E. Welty, Rev. J. P. Smeltzer. Resolved, That the Delegates be and are hereby instructed to advocate the passage of a law prohibiting the manufacture or sale of all intoxicating liquors as Resolved, That the thanks of this meeting be ten-

dered to the Rev. Augustus Littlejohn for his able and powerful efforts in the Temperance cause. Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the papers of Jefferson County.

#### The meeting then adjourned. DAVID WILSON, Chm'n. JOSEPH R. MARTIN, Sec'y.

GOOD PRICE FOR LANDS. Throughout the whole of Virginia, where our improvements have thus far penetrated, there has been a great advance in the price of lands. In many counties, particularly of the West, the advance has been from 50 to 100 per cent. On the line of the Manassa road, a friend writing to us from Upperville, under date of June 23d, notices the sale of two farms in Fauquier at pretty "big figures," for any thing other than Jefferson land:

FRIEND BELLER-Dear Sir: I see you notice frequently in your paper, the sale of lands in and around Charlestown. I would mention to you a sale of 234 acres of land, two miles south of Upperville, without improvements, (at public auction in this place yesterday,) for 67 dollars and 1 cent per acre—purchaser Nathan Loughborough, Esq. One other tract, three miles normeast of Upperville, at public sale, sold for 42 dollars and 62 per acre-no house or it and had been rented out for a number of years, the tract contained 270 acres—purchaser Mr. Seaton. The lands immediately around and below Upperville would command much higher prices if put into market. We expect to have, during the next year, a McAdamised road from here to the Manassas Gap Railroad, a distance of five miles, which will give us a convenient outlet to east and west, and then you must look out, or we shall put Jefferson land sales in the shade, all hollow. Yours, &c.

#### SUN STROKE.

Exposure to the mid-day sun, during the last few days, has caused a large number of deaths. In New York, from Tuesday morning till Wednesday evening, sixteen persons, principally laboring men, died from this cause alone. The following directions for treating these cases, is said to possess much efficacy, and until the attendance of a physician is procured, it may be useful to try it, though it is to be speedily applied to be of any use:

Place the patient in a cool and airy situation, with is head and shoulders elevated, and while some one is removing his cravat, unbuttoning his shirt collar, and removing or loosening whatever else that might be tight about his person, dash suddenly cold water on the head. This may be done with a pitcher, or head, pouring out upon it a large and steady stream. Mustard plasters may also be used over the upper part of the feet, and on the wrists. But continue the water, and the patient must be saved. It is hardly possible to speak too highly of the beneficial influences of cold water in the treatment of coup de soleil. Many violent cases of this, and also of appoplexy, have been most successfully cured by it.

The reported negro insurrection at New Orleans seems to have been a small affair and not at all worthy the very extended and portentous dimensions that were given to it by some of the telegraph reports The New Orleans papers generally ridicule the idea that it had any other foundation than the wild vaporings of a black Bobadil, excited by liquor, whose stories found too ready credence. The Picayune strles it a "negro extravaganza," the Bulletin "the negro humbug," and says:

"We cannot term the reports of what occurred night before last, anything else than bare, sheer, unadulterated humbug, without one single atom of common sense to enliven, or give credibility, to its unutterable absurdity. There was no danger, there has been no danger; there will be no danger; nor can there be any danger. The slaves of New Orleans are too well off, too happy and contented, to think of any other lot."

### MINISTER TO CHINA.

The Washington Union officially announces that the Hon. R. J. Walker has accepted the appointment of Minister to China. Referring to the present revolutionary movement in China, the Union

Should this revolution be accomplished, it will be the most important event of this century, and may be fraught with incalculable benefits to our country and to the world. It is generally believed that the new dynasty will be more favorable than its predecesso to foreign trade and intercourse; and our increased commerce from the Atlantic, as well as from Oregon and California on the Pacific, place this country in a position for the development of an immense trade with China and the neighboring States. The United States and China are both great powers fronting upon the Pacific, and their products and manufactures are admirably calculated for an immense and largely beneficial trade and intercourse. We are the only great nation that consumes tea, the staple product of China, free of duty; and our cotton and cotton manufacture and various other articles, ought to be freely received in exchange.

The present crises has induced the President to tender this mission to the Hon. Robt. J. Walker, of Mississippi, late Secretary of the Treasury of the United accompanied by all the necessary powers and authority to accomplish the great object of this most important trust; and Mr. Walker, we understand, has accepted the mission. It is well known that the last Congress placed the mission to China upon the highest grade known to our diplomacy. Since this action of Congress, new events have given to the mission a still more commanding character. There is at present no diplomatic station upon which the public eye, not only of our country but of all civilized nations, will be more intently fixed. To this signal interest and importance of the mission alone, we presume, is owing that Mr. Walker, whose political anteceder so eminently fit him for the work before him has abandoned his well known preference for private life,

#### and undertaken this high and diplomatic service. CELEBRATION IN PAGE.

The New Market "Valley Democrat" of Saturday, Extensive preparations are being made by our Page friends for a celebration of the approaching anniver

sarv at Honeyville, and from the zeal exhibited we are inclined to think that it will be a very large and enthusiastic celebration. A free dinner will be given, and the citizens of the surrounding country are in vited to attend. We understand the Hon. Chas. Jas. FAULENER and J. RANDOLPH TUCKER are the invited

65-At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Alexandria, Loudoun and Hampshire Railroad Company, held on the 21st instant, Gen. George Rust, of Leesburg, resigned as Director, John Janney, Esq., of

Leesburg, was elected to fill the vacancy. 13- The new Presbyterian Church in Warrenton Fauquier County, was dedicated week before last.-Rev. Dr. Plummer officiated.

AG-Mr. HAMILTON JOHNSON, of Harrison county, Va., and a son of Gov. Johnson, has been appointed Superintendent of the Staunton and Parkersburg

OF-There are now two thousand, four hundred workmen engaged on the Central Railroad between Zanesville and Wheeling, and one thousand more are needed. This division of the road is to be finished and in operation twelve months from this time. It will be, in fact, a prolongation of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad into the heart of Central Ohio, forming connexion with the extensive railroad systems of Ohio, Indiania and Illinois

BRIDAL PRESENTS .- We find the following in the Bangor Mercury: A bridal loaf from the emperor Napoleon, has been presented to the President. It is described by the correspondent of the Brunswick Telegraph as "a mass of cake, sugar, white silk and gold leaf, as large as a bushel basket. It is surmounted by an elegant vase. The Empress Eugenie being of Irish and Spanish decent. Around the vase are the arms of all the cities of France, and seven cornuc pias filled with the fruit and produce of the field. The golden letter N is conspicuous in every portion

PULPIT DISCOURSES .- The Rev. P. SEIBERT DAVIS elivered his introductory sermon in the German Reformed Church on Sabbath morning last. The congregation are highly pleased with their new pastor.
The Rev. Alpheus Wilson preached in the Methodist church on Tuesday evening. He is a son of the Rev. NORVAL WILSON, and of course, is well known to the congregation here, over which his father presided, a few years ago. His sermon gave fine promise for one so young.— Winclester Republican.

SALE OF A CANAL.—The Circuit Court at Richmond has rendered a decision in favor of the State of Virginia against the Rappahannock Company, directing that unless said Company pay to the State, within a specified time, the sum of \$100,000, secured by a mortgage, all its real and personal property, works, improvements, &c., connected with the navigation above Fredericksburg, shall be sold, at public sale.

#### CUBA AND HER SLAVE TRADE.

We do not know whether it is owing to government policy or government plunder, but is unques-tionably a fact that the slave trade is carried on in Cuba with a remorseless vigor that has scarcely a parallel in the island's history. A correspondent of the New York Herald, who

seems to be well informed and discreet person, gives the statistics of the disembarkation of Africans from January to June of the present year, from which it appears that the aggregate is 9,049.

The impression prevails very generally that this infamous traffic is not only winked at but directly fomented by the Captain General Canedo; and it is even alledged that of the 640 negroes landed in January, 200 were purchased on her Spanish Majesty's account, by Don Antonio Parejo, her regular agent in the island. With such facts before us, we suppose that the press will henceforth decline to place confidence in the reports that proclaim an alliance between

Spain and England to support the island against the We are told by gentlemen who visited Cuba last winter that its agriculture is improving and exten-ding in every direction. The demand for labor is of course very great, nor will any means be spared to supply the old stocks of exhausted plantations, or the new ones that are opening among the prolific regas that have hitherto been untouched by the hand of man. Surar and tobacco are in uncommon favor .-Smoking is a luxury which is no longer satisfied by ordinary samples of the precious weed. A "genuine llavanna" is as much demanded at Vienna or Canton as it is in New York or London; and while the fancy lasts, her Spanish Majesty, or her "successor," will enjoy the profitable monopoly.

Instead of receiving aid and comfort from England we are somewhat anxious to see the diplomatic insult that power will put upon Spain for her violation of the slave trade treaty, as shown in the 9,049 negroes imported in less than six months. [Baltimore American

WASHINGTON, June 23: R. Augustus Erving, of Connecticut, for some years past Private Secretary of Governor Seymour, of that State, has been appointed Secretary of Legation to Robert J. Walker was vesterday commissioned as

WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.

Commissioner to China. The President has entirely recovered from his rerent indisposition. He called to-day in his carriage accompanied by his Secretary, Mr. Webster, for Sir Charles Leyell, the eminent English geologist, who is now stopping at the National Hotel, and visited, with him; the prominent points of interest about Wash-

It is said there is to be no examination of the clerks in the Post-office Department until all the removals and appointments are determined upon.-Another report, that gives plausibility to the statement, is that upwards of twenty removals were made

to-day.

The Postmaster General and several other officers of the Government have taken rooms at the Union Hotel, Georgetown, during the warm season, and the President, I learn, intends to remove shortly to an elegant cottage in the suburbs of the city. Secretary Marcy has engaged one of the elegant nouses on Vermont avenue, about being erected by W. W. Corcoran. The weather has been waxing hotter and hotter for

#### several days past. The thermometer is ranging from 90 to 97, and unusual sickness prevails. PLEASURE RETREATS.

Too warm for the bustle and din of business, too warm for comfort even in our village homes, and warm enough to remind us of the pleasant summer retreats which the mountain regions of Virginia afford to the invalid and pleasure seeking portion of the community. Shannondale, under the proprietorship of Col. G. W. SAPPINGTON, presents its usual attractions this cool water, render it highly attractive to the admir ers of the beauties of nature, and those needful of the healing and health-giving virtues of its waters. The White Sulphur Springs, of Frederick county known as the Jordan Springs, of Virginia, are beautifully situated, and far famed for their medical virtues These Springs have recently passed into the control of the present proprietors, who will spare neither pains or expense. in contributing to the comfort of their visitors .- Leesburg Washingtonian.

### LIBRARY OF CONGRESS.

A correspondent of the New York Courier and Enguirier contradicts the rumor of the dismissal of Mr Meehan, the Librarian, and says: "The purchases for the restoration of the Library have been nearly completed, and the 30,000 volume of which it will consist will be arranged on the shelves of the now thoroughly renovated and beautiful apartment by the opening of Congress. The interior of the Congressional Library room will be the finest example of florid architectural embellishment in the Uni ted States. The interior is wholly of iron, wrought in many forms of ornament, bronzed and gilded in the most elaborate style. The expense has been enor-

#### mous and the trouble indescribable. KENTUCKY TOBACCO CROP

The Louisville Journal of the 17th inst. says-During the present month the receipts and sales have fallen off fully one-third, as compared with last year at the same period. In addition the unusual and long continued dry weather, and the general unfavorable season for a tobacco crop, has caused considerable alarm among the planters in regard to the next crop, and many anticipate less than a half of the usual yield. From every quarter of the tobacco growing region the complaint is general, and unless a good deal of rain falls during the next few days the worst fears will be realized. Throughout Christian. Warren and Hopkins counties, and the Green river district, as well as the Southern portion of the State and Tennessee, the drought has been severe, and a great scarcity of plants is complained of. The market has assumed a much firmer tone than prevailed previously, and the planters are withdraw ing their tobacco. We see by the New Orleans no pers of the 9th, that upwards of 1,300 hogsheads of tobacco sold there in one day, which was an unusual large transaction even for that market.

### (Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.)

RUCKERSVILLE, Green Co., Va., June 18. Wheat Crops in Virginia-Terrible Destruction by the Joint Worm.

The crops of wheat along the James river, and bordering upon the York, and indeed all through that section of Virginia, are very fine, and all the farmers think they will make much more than an average crop; but up in this section, say Albemarle, Green, Madison, part of Culpeper, and Rockingham-oh, horrors! you never saw such destruction. Why, sirs, to give you some idea of the total failure of many crops I will mention an instance on one farm, between this place and Gordonsville. I got down from my buggy and stood some distance from the field, say 20 yards, and could easily count, one by one, the standing stalks of wheat. Many farmers have not the slightest idea of harvesting their crops, and indeed I could not say how they would manage to do so, even were they t attempt such foolishness. It would better suit, me thinks, for them to gather it by hand-that is to pull up stalk by stalk. One-half the farmers in this county will not get back half the quantity seeded. The joint worm is indeed a great destroyer, and one they have had with them here for three successive years but never so bad as at present. The demand, I should think, judging from appearances, for flour and wheat in this section of Virginia, for the next 12 months, cer tainly will be very considerable.

But the next question is, how long will this worm remain with them? Certain it is no one that I have conversed with has the slightest knowledge. Some say seven, some ten years, and some say forever and a day. In a few instances where the land has had : heavy application of guano, some 300 lbs, to the acre and the wheat put in early in September, the crops have succeeded very well; but even in this way ther have been many total failures, and every one almost has despaired of finding any remedy for the worm .-The farmers, the next season, will turn their attention to rye, a crop to which the worm is not so de-

SPEED ON THE HUDSON RIVER RAILBOAD .- A party f centlemen connected with the Hudson Railroad passed over twenty-three miles of that road last week in twenty one minutes! or at the rate of nearly sixty six miles an hour! And the purpose is said to be seriously entertained of running through from New York city to Albany in two hours, after taking out of the road some of the bad curves, which ought nev to be made in such a road. The road is almost without grades, and flag men are stationed all along the road to examine the track and give suitable warning of approaching danger. The Hudson River Compa ny, it is said, are about to introduce upon their cars a contrivance for excluding dust and noise, those two

great nuisances in railroad travelling. The New York Evening Post, alluding to the rebellion in China says: "The consequences of this revolution, if successfu we can hardly estimate; they will not only affect the three hundred millions of the Chinese population but largely influence the trade and politics of the world. Should the new government, as it is predicted, prove friendly to foreigners, and open the trade of the country to the commerce of England and the United States, an impulse will be given to commer-

discovery of America." ...It is stated that the British Government has abandoned the case, instituted some time since, to test the law of South Carolina imprisoning colored scamen. Orders have been received at Charleston through the British Minister, to pay off the counse and not prosecute the case, as was intended, before the United States Supreme Court, a decision having been already given in favor of the law by a court i

cial affairs hardly paralleled since the days of the

.... At a late session of the Missouri Legislature a somewhat tardy tribute was paid to the memory of Senator Lewis F. Linn. It was ordered by the State of Missouri that a fitting monument should be erected to his memory-a memento of his virtues and his .... The sum of \$53,853 01 has been paid by the

zens of Spain whose property was destroyed in the riots which took place in that city on the reception of the news of the execution of the Cuban expedition-....At the tea and strawberry gardens, Seedley lane, London, a woman is now engaged in walking 1,000 miles in 1,000 hours for a wager of £200. She has already accomplished more than 504 miles, and walks in the Bloomer costume.

### THE NEW JURY LAW.

The Legislature of Virginia, at its last session hanged to some extent the Jury system which has heretofore existed, and the same taking effect from and after the 1st day of July ensuing, we deem it proper to give our readers the benefit of its provisions. In very many respects, it occurs to us, or liberal legislation might have suggested:

An act concerning the compensation and empan-neling of jurors, their qualification and manner of selection in certain cases. The following persons shall be exempted from serv-

ng on juries: The governor, lieutenant governor, practicing attorneys, licensed physicians, officers of any court, teegraph operators actually engaged, officers of fire lepartments of a town, and all persons mentioned in sections 2 and 3 of chapter 2 of Code as exempt from militia duty, (except school commissioners, trustees of free schools, officers of militia who resign their commissions after serving seven years successively, and non-commissioned officers and members of volun-

Jury cases, except of unlawful entry and detainer,

to be tried at two quarterly terms to be designated

by the county or corporation court. The 2d section of the 206th chapter of the Code is so amended as to provide that there shall be a grand jury at only two of the quarterly terms of a county court, and the terms of February, May, August and November in Richmond, and at each of the quarterly terms of Norfolk, Alexandria and Lynchburg. The number of the grand jury to be fixed by the court, but not to be less than sixteen. The county or corpora-tion courts shall annually prepare a list of persons well qualified to serve as jurors, (at least twenty for every thousand white inhabitants,) but such list not to include less than fifty persons. The list to be filed with the clerk, open to the inspection of the court or of two or more justices, and may be corrected by the court. Each name to be written on a separate piece of paper and placed in a box, and juries, except in cases of felony, to be seacted by drawing therefrom. Grand juries to be ummoned as now provided. A venire facias shall be issued by the clerk at least twelve days before each jury court for twenty-eight jurors to attend at such day of the court as the court shall order. At the same time a summons for any three justi-ces shall be issued to attend at the clerk's office not less than seven nor more than ten days before the jury is required, who shall draw from the box the jurors required to attend, and the sheriff shall summon them at least three days before they are required. The jurors to be drawn from the box by the presiding justice, if present; if not, by any justice. When any person is drawn and returned to serve as a juror, the word "drawn" shall be en-dorsed on the ballot, which shall be returned to the box, and the date of the draft entered on the list of jurors opposite to his name. No person required to serve as a juror twice in the same year, inless all the jurors have been drawn during the said year. The courts may issue a writ of venire facias for additional jurors in term time, whenever necessary. The names of jurors required to attend shall be written on different pieces of paper and placed in a box, from which juries for the trial of cases shall be selected. A person failing to attend without excuse, shall forfeit a sum not exceeding twenty dollars. If the court be of opinion that less than twenty-eight jurors be sufficient, they may issue a venire facias for such less number. The court may dispense with the attendance of juries on any day of its sitting. When a sufficient number of jurors cannot be obtained for the trial of any case, the number may be made up from the bystanders or from the county at large. The court may examine any juror on oath touching his inerest in the case at issue. No exception to be allowed after a juror is sworn, unless by leave of of court; nor shall any irregularity set aside a verdict, unless the party making objection is injured. For any neglect of duty required by this act, any officer shall forfeit a sum not exceeding twenty dollars. Special juries may be formed by drawing, from a pannel of 20, sixteen by lot-the parties alternately striking off one until the number be reduced to twelve. Juries in felonies and in cases of unlawful entry and detainer shall be selected as now prescribed by law. A grand juror shall receive one dollar, to be paid out of the county or corporation levy. Jurors in cases of felony shall be paid as provided in the 10th section of chapter 208 of the Code; for misdemeanors, shall receive. out of the public treasury, and for civil causes, out of the county or corporation levy, fifty cents per diem. If the jury is adjourned from day to day. fifty cents for the first, and seventy-five cents for each succeeding day. No person to receive more than \$1 25 in any one day, which may be allowed if he has served on three or more juries during the day, or on two or more one of which was adjourned to that day. If a juror serves on a commonwealth and civil case the same day, the court shall appoint his compensation between the state and county treasury. If any person attend on the venire, but does not serve as a juror, he

shall receive fifty cents per day out & the county treasury. No juror departing without leave, or receiving compensation as a commonwealth's witness. shall be paid as a juror. The county or corporation courts may increase or diminish the pay of jurors in civil cases, provided that such compensation shall not be less than fifty cents per day for services, nor twenty-live cents for obedience to sumons without service The clerk, before the adjournment of court, shall make an entry of the amount to which each intor is entitled from the state, or from the county and corporation. A certificate of the compensation from the state, to be transmitted to the auditor, and a like certificate of the compensation from the county or corporation, to the juror, who shall receive the same om the sheriff or collector, to whom it shall be re funded, with interest, by the auditor, or out of the county or corporation levy, as the case may be.

box, he shall be fined not exceeding 5000 dollars,-The 11th section of chapter 208, relative to the board of jurors, shall be held not to apply to juries in prosecutions for misdemeanor. The act to be in force from the first day of July.

If any person shall be guilty of a fraud on the jury

THE HEAT.-From all quarters we have complaints of an excessive heat and many sudden deaths from its effects. The Boston papers state that the thermometer has reached 97 degrees. In New York it has also reached 97°, and out-of-door work was generally suspended. In Harrisburg and also Philadelphia it has gone as high as 98°, at Cincinnati 98, at Pittsourg 90 and Wheeling 98; at Hagerstown from 90 to

, and at Frederick from 95 to 100°. At home, Baltimore, it has gone up to 95°. In Newark, New Jersey, we notice several workmen fell dead on the 21st, from the effects of the heat. and one of the "Old Continentalers," which company

paraded, had an attack of sun stroke, but was alive In Philadelphia and neighborhood, we count three deaths on Tuesday, and eight on Wednesday, and the New York papers contain a long list of persons who died from the effects of the heat, and says "about twenty others were sun struck, and some of them not expected to live." These are warnings which should act as a caution to the reader to keep of good temper. eat and drink moderately, avoid the sun as much as possible, and be cautious in drinking ice-water, be of good spirits, and hope for the best, until we have a good rain with a purifying thunder-storm. We have had equally as hot weather before this spell, as will be seen by the following list of hot days occurring within the last ten years, as registered by the Messrs.

McAlister, in Philadelphia: June 16, 1843......95° | June 22, 1849......97° June 28, 1844......95° June 29, 1850......93° June 9, 1845.......95° June 30, 1851......95° June 19, 1846.....92° June 30, 1852......95°

June 28, 1847......95° June 20, 1853......96° June 27, 1848......96° .... The Rochester American says that an examination of the sun, by Prof. Dewey, of the University, through his telescope, disclosed a large number of spots on its surface. One of them was 12,000 miles in diameter. An archipelago of spots were discovered, which, if united, would cover an area of 40,000 miles long.

....The newspapers are recording deaths from sun-stroke and drinking cold water while the blood is heated with exercise. The midday sun should be avoided as much as possible, and cold water should be drunk sparingly.

.... A stringent act for the preventation of accidents on Railroads has been reported in the New York Legislature. It constitutes the State engineer the State superintendent of railroads; empowers him to demand at any time such reports or information from railroad companies as he deems necessary or desirable: imposes a fine of one thousand dollars per day upon any company who refuses to give such information, and gives to railroad companies authority to frame by-laws for the government of their employees and the regulation of passengers. All accidents or collisions are to be regarded as prima facia evidence of negligence. and the onus is thrown on the company to prove that they are not the result of such negligence.

.... After seven years toil, and many unlooked for obstacles, the re-translation of the holy scriptures into the Chinese language has been completed at Shanghai, by agents of the London Missionary Society.

.... The Democratic State Convention of Georgia, which assembled at Milledgeville, on the 15th instant, nominated the Hon. Herschel V. Johnson as the candidate of the party for the next Governor of the State. The nomination was made under the two-third rule, on the fifth ballot. .... At the Maine Conference of the Metho-

dist Church, Bishop James, in addressing the U.S. Assistant Treasurer at New Orleans to the citicandidates for ordination, "came down like a thousand of bricks" upon the clerical smokers and chewers of tobacco, charging them with preaching to their people on the duty of selfdenial and cleanliness, and yet polluting them-selves and the air they breathe and every thing they touch by induiging in a fifthy and sensual practice.

#### THE STRENGTH OF THE DEMOCRACY:

One is amused, even this hot and sweltering

reather, at the ludicrous efforts of the opponents of

the Democratic party to maintain a position, or a name even; on the political chess-board of the coun-

name even, on the political chess-board of the country. The organs of the opposition, like a last year's almanac, are prolific in "signs" of disruption among the Democracy; and it is no uncommon thing to find them predicting a political whirlwind which is to sweep the large majority of Gen. Pierce into nonentity, and restore their party to power. The great means to accomplish this—the fulcrum upon which they hinge all their hopes—appears to be the distribution of patronage by the President. They have an idea, founded nerhans upon a knowledge of themselves and their ed perhaps upon a knowledge of themselves and their own past experience in the delicate duty of dis-pensing Executive favors, that every disappointed aspirant will go over to them, body and soul; hence they tell us there is ample material in the country to recruit the Whig party." We acknowledge, and we do it in the most extended sense that there is ample room in their ranks for recruits, but we must be per-mitted to proclaim our entire disbelief in the probability of any sane politician seeking their camp with the expectation of ever realizing anything upon the investment. In times past, before the measures of the Democracy had been so thoroughy tested, and there was in reality a nucleus for the Whig party to rally around, there was occasionally a chance for desertion from the Democratic ranks; but now unless a man wishes to commit political suicide outright, he will be far from enlisting under that banner which has so often trailed in the dust. With Clay and Webster to lead, there was some excuse for rallying around it; but now that their mighty intellects and ouence are hushed and cold, what is there to attruct recruits, or repay enlistment? Nothing! Not a measure that they have heretofore advocated has prevailed; while upon the other hand, the Democratic doctrines of territorial progress, finance, revenue, and their kindred issues, are all the established policy of the country. The country is prosperous-it was never more so—hence the usual cry of "hard times" even is powerless for good or evil. And this fact, let us add, in view of the constant effort made in all previous campaigns to rally the people against the Democracy by clap-trap issues, based upon the bus-iness of the country, was one of the great causess which gave General Pierce such an overwhelming majority last Fall. And now how has that great majority been sustained and responded to by the peo-ple since the election of last November? By properly and correctly answering this query, we can form a pretty correct idea of the probability of a disruption of the Democratic party from causes such as Whigs predict. "Since General Pierce was chosen last November." says a cotemporary, the Cincinnati Enquirer "five States—South Carolina, New Hamp-shire, Connecticut, Rhode Island, and Virginia, which are entitled in the aggregate to twenty-eight Members of Congress—have had elections for the purpose of selecting their representatives to Washington, and the result has been that twenty-seven out of twentyeight, are staunch friends to the present Democratic National administration. The State elections of 1853 have been much more decidedly in favor of the Democrats than the results were in the same States last Fall; and it is evident that the ball which was first put in motion by the nomination of General Pierce to the Presidency, is yet roiling over the country with resistless force, and all the strentgh of the position goes down before it. So small has been the Whig vote, at the late elec-

tion, and so overwhelmingly predominant the Demoeratic, that it strengthens the impression which many entertain, that the Whig organization will be entirely abandoned, and a new one substituted in its stead, at the next Presidential canvass. All the life and vitality of the Whig party are gone. There is not enough animation in it to induce the rank and file of its members to go to the polls, and deposit their ballots, even n States where, by an energetic rallying of their forces, they might divide political honors pretty equaly with the Democrats. But their political principles have become obsolete, and odious to the country; and are scarcely cherished by any one, except some wheels of progress, and go back half a century. Their Congressional leaders, Clay and Webster,-whose eloquence and abilities were such, that they made any cause respectable that they advocated-are dead. The measures of the Democracy have been tried, and have proved more successful than even their warmest advocates predicted. The country, under their ope ration, is on the high road to prosperity. They sustained a defeat at the last Presidential election unexampled in our political history; and it is, therefore, not surprising, when all these things are considered that the inquiry should be made in their journals as to what can be made by any further efforts to keep up an organization, The present quiescent and dead state of the Whice s not solely the effect of their crushing rout last full for it often happens that a defeated party rallies with spirit-after the termination of a Presidential canvass in which it has been badly beaten. In 1840, the Democrats were beaten in nineteen out of twenty-six States, and a large popular majority was piled up

tirely revolutionized the country, and dispossessed the Whigs of almost every State government in their So in 1849, after the disastrous results of the Taylor campaign, the Democrats rallied with such success, that when Congress convened in December, it was found to contain a Democratic majority. The Whigs, after the Henry Clay defeat in 1844, rallied n considerable strength, and maintained a formidable organized opposition to the administration of Mr. Polk. These instances show that the present entire prostration of the Whig party, as evinced by the late lections, is not attributable to their overwhelming feat last November, but is owing to other causes .-If things go on this way much longer, there will hardly be Whigs enough in the next House of Represen-

against them in the Union; and yet, in 1841, such

was the recuperative energy of the party, that it en-

#### tatives to make a decent show of opposition, [Erie (Pa.) Weekly Observer.

THE COUNTRY. The editor of the New York Express, in that paper of the 21st instant, is thus eloquent on the beauties of the country, as contrasted with the hot bricks and

The country was never looking more glorious than t now does. We never so realizingly felt the force of the inspired poet's bold metaphors-of the valley laughing and singing, of the hills clapping their hands for joy—than during one of our recent excursions into the interior counties of our State. To watch the undulations of the hill-sides, each presenting a diverse-tinted crop to the genial rays of the fructiing sun; to look down into the green valleys lying at the bases of the uplands; the abodes of thrift of health, of contentment and of beauty; to view the mountain tops and slopes covered with forests, which seemt to hold forth their myriad masses of foliage to emper the heat of the sun, or to form a barrier to tempest, as either too rudely threatens the harvest olling beneath them; to sit and listen to the ripple and brawl of the now sunny, now shady rivulet as by road-side or mud forest it goes on its sparkling and devious way; to lie upon one's back and watch the changes of the cloud-forms of which he catches a chequered glsmpse beyond the tree tops to all upon the lake and herein to wet a line, and perchance to fill an order to stand in sunshine above a thunder cloud upon Catskill, and see the valley beneath receiving its genial influence; to listen to the delicious nusic of the song birds, or the awful roar of the cataract. These are pleasures and delights worth sighing for in the midst of these heated walls of brick and stone, these crowded, granite paved streets, full of inordorous, unpalatable purlieus and environs.

THE JEWS-. The Rev. Mr. Duffield of Detroit, who has spent the winter in the East, in a letter from Je-

rusalem, savs: One of the most affecting sights I have ever witnessed during my travels, was encountered yesterday P. M. I repaired to the appointed spot to hear the lamentations of the Jews over their desolated temple. and scattered nation. The site of the ancient temp is now occupied by the Mosque of Omar. No Christian or Jew is allowed by the Musselmen to enter its precincts. The nearest approach that the Jews can make to it, is to the large and massive stones of the wall which Solomon built from the bottom of the narrow valley or ravine, called the Tyropean, for the purpose of sustaining and forming the terrace or arches which were built out from the base of the rock on its four sides and on which the temple on Mount Moriah was originally constructed.

I saw thirty-five Jews, standing or seated, near hese stones, all of them bowing and restlessly swinging to and fro, while they read their Scriptures tered their wail of distress.

the Hebrew, and some weeping bitterly as they utwhile he stood trembling with emotion in his whole frame. Women with white scarfs thrown over their heads, passed mournfully along the wall; some kissed the stones with their lips, and others laid their hands on them, and then kissed their hands, whilst most sat in a squatted or Turk-like position reading parts of their liturgy in Hebrew. I ventured, with a courteous salutation, to look upon the page, from which an aged man was quietly reading. He politely pointed his finger to the place. He was reading the 58th 59th and 60th Psalms. The whole scene was so deeply moving, exhibiting in such a powerful light the sad reality of the Jews' great national sorrow, and caused such a rush of solemn thoughts in my mind, that I

was quite overcome by it. BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD .- The Wheeling Times of Tuesday says:

It is said that two trains of cars will arrive at and depart from this city, daily, on and after the 1st day of July next. One train will leave here at 11 o'clock at night, and the other in the morning as now, both of which are expected to travel the entire distance be twen Wheeling and Baltimore in 17 hours. The Times is right in predicting the changes an improvement in the communication between Balti-more and Wheeling to which it refers, but we have the best authority for saying that is statement as to

the time they will be put into operation is premature.

[Baltimore American.] METROPOLITAN RAILROAD.—The National Intelligencer states that the books of subscription of the Me-tropolitan railroad will be re-opened for ten days in tropolitan railroad will be re-opened for ten days in order to make up the deficiency of stock required before the company can organize. The Commissioners report 2,080 shares subscribed for, 920 yet required. The Corporate authorities of Frederick city have authorized the guranty of the bonds of the Metropolitan Railroad to the amount of \$50,000.

. The Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Company state that it will be necessary in order to build the Bridge across the Susquehanna, and to pay off any floating liabilities, to raise about one million of dollars, which they propose to do, by the issue of twenty-three thousand new shares at the

FOURTH OF JULY. All nations have their days of festival—the civilized and enlightened, the barbarous and the savage, have each their days upon which they call to remembrance and celebrate the deeds of great men, or the birth of mighty and momentous events. In a few days the American people will commemorate the annual return of a day, the advent of which brought with it the Declaration of Independence; a paper which set forth the wrongs that the colonies suffered; the outrages they sustained; their long forbearance; the inalienable rights that belonged to them, and for the success of which declaration the members of the body from which it emanated, pledged their lives, body from which it emanated, pledged their lives, their fortunes, and their sacrad honors. It was not the work of a moment—nor the fruits of rushness— it was a well matured scheme, the offspring of great labor and profound thought. Cold and vapid indeed must that heart be that does not beat tumultuously and throb and throe with emotions, the most feeling, as he reads of the huge burden of grievances complained of, the violation of rights the dearest, and the final determination to throw the yoke from about them. It was a great game to play. Oppression on the side, Rebellion on the other—the stakes, liberty and thirteen colonies. It was a great game—the players were unequally divided—oppression was strong and hale—she had grown fat upon the robberies of centuries, and she had become arrogant as a great ravisher. She had less feeling than a brute or a savage and therefore she had compared to devent her young, and therefore she had commenced to devour her young, and make war on her child. The very walls of her strength were built by outrage and ce-mented with the blood of innocent beings. Such

was Oppression.

Rebellion was a child. Years before, it had been driven by Oppression to seek a strange biding place. It crossed a mighty ocean and founded homes at Plymouth, Jamestown, and Providence. Uncared for by Oppression and persecuted by a new foe, more savage and deadly, it was a long time before it was sufficiently strong to command notice. Years were away and the child began to grow and was prosperaway and the child began to grow and was prosperous. The dim outlines of a mighty future began to loom up, and the eye of Oppression caught the first glimmer of it in the distance. Then she commenced to throw a cold paternal care over the infant, and sought to manacle its limbs by "navigation acts."—
Violence and outrage were exerted to their utmost to curb its advancement and check its onward march to greatness. But all tailed—

"An insuppressible spring within
Tossed them up in spite of fortune's load."
But Oppression was determined to strangle the child and she would do it too at one bold blow. One Lord Granville, a man of great discerament and close

Lord Granville, a man of great discernment and close discrimination, forged a chain called the "stamp act" This was intended as an evidence of the power and the right of Oppression to tax the child. It was a fatal error. Their was opposition made to it and it was repealed, but still the right was claimed.—
Other measures were adopted by Oppression, more odicus and less favorable. But voices were found to oppose them, to call them unrighteous, unjust, and tyrannical; nay, more, there were hearts bold enough to violate them and treat them with disdain. Coercion was resorted too, to compel obedience, and blood flowed at Lexington. Then the fiat went forth, "to arms, liberty or death"—a thousand hills echoed back, "liberty or death." It died not upon the winds, but it was wafted far and near, and ten thousand voices, and thousands more, increased the shout.-The cottage, the hamlet, the cabin, the school-ho and the church resounded with three words, "liberty or death." War had begun—a year past—Bunker's Hill was fought and Warren was dead; the wilderness had been crossed and Montgomery had dyed the snow of Canada with the warm life-blood of his heart; Moultrie and Jasper had made their names immortal, and Patrick Henry had taught Lord Dunmore that

treason was virtue. On the 7th day of June, '76, Henry Lee, of Virginia gress that the Colonies were FREE AND INDEPENDENT. In less than one month Thomas Jefferson, as chairman of a committee, read from the steps of the old State-House in Philadelphia, the DECLARATION O INDEPENDENCE, and the tongue of the old bell in the steeple told a people was free-that a nation was born. Could we have been among them, thought as they thought, felt as they felt, we could then form a proper estimate of the importance of the act, and the causes that called it forth. But now with seventyseven years between us-an entirely different state of things surrounding us-after enjoying for three-fourths of a century the benign blessings it secured, and breathing the air of freedom from our birth, it is beyond our power to form a proper conception of the crisis they met and the emergency they filled. Could we have been with them through the struggle that asued and shared the privations they were compelled to endure, we could then with some accuracy speak of their trials. The very heart grows sick when we think of Valley Forge, and a hundred other places where the most intense suffering was underone-when we think of their nakedness at midvinter; their tracks of blood over the frozen ground and snow; their miserable fare; their destitute families and impoverished country. Truly "it was the time that tried men's souls." An uncompromising enemy to contend with openly, and the merciless and pitiless savages, incited by the Oppressors to acts the most atrocious and crimes the foulest, dealing death in the dark. Treated as rebels and traitors, the prison ships of the enemy were grave-houses. Traitors ! of outrage and violence, they were. Traitors to a government that was ruled by an idiot, and as corupt as the hearts of vile and profligate men could make it, they were. But they were patriots in the cause of freedom, and martyrs at the shrine of libertv. Was it traitors that moistened the plains of Brandywine, Germantown, Trenton and Eutaw with their blood? Were they traitors who stormed and fell at Stony Point, the heights of Saratoga and Ticonderoga? Heaven save the mark. Yes, they were traitors to tyranny and rebels to a government that "was a whitened sepulchre of dead men's bones," but they were sacrifices upon the altar of a country they loved, and the offerings of a people that God had

chosen as his own. The mighty struggle was ended, the object attained, and oppression was compelled to acknowledge the child no longer a rebel, but a free and independent nation. A more perfect union of the Colonies succeeded, and a form of government instituted, simple and Republican. The heroes that survived the Revolution were assiduous, untiring, unceasing in their exertions to infuse into the form of government the very spirit of liberty itself. No syren song could lure them is to false steps or induce them to adopt principles that were even tinctured with monarchy The glittering train of devices and the paraphanalia that presses around royalty had no charms for them. They sought for freedom as a reality, and not the semblance of it: they had fought for liberty, it would have been worse than crime to have cheated them-

The blessings we enjoy are the best evidence of their success. Can we, as the recipients of the innumerable rights and privileges that their exertions secured, do too much to perpetuate them? Can we make any sacrifice that will equal their suffering and their trials. If they were "cheaply purchased with an ocean of blood, would they not be cheaply preserved in another?" Is it possible that the great charta and stable bulwark of our liberties," the Constitution can be destroyed, and the bonds of our Union severed? Can man annihilate what God himself creates? No! No!! Man can do some things, but there are others he cannot do. He cannot stan upon our eastern shores and bid the boisterous surges roll back and be still. If he does their hideous roar and mighty upheaving will treat him with con-tempt. He cannot look up and bid the fleecy vapors that roll in ethereal blue to disperse and vani without refreshing the earth. If he does the vivid flash and terrific peal will silence his presumption. His efforts to destroy this Union would be just as fruitless -just as vain. Destroy this Union, knitted as it is to the hearts of the people, and worshiped with the fervor of idolatry by the masses, is a thing impossible. Let those who would attempt it, first go to our Northern lakes and bid their deep blue waters turn to blood. Let them enter the forest and with their puny arms upraised attempt to drive the towering oak back inthe acorn. Let them stand on the banks of "the father of rivers' and command its mingled waters to flow back and seek the sources from whence they came. Let them do these things and be obeyed, and then take into consideration the possibility of de-stroying a Union embedded in the hearts of the people. God, in His infinite wisdom, designed to make America an asylum for the oppressed and persecuted. Can man then turn the finger of destiny and cause it

to shape a new course.

The most sanguine hopes of the great actors in the Revolution, for the advancement and greatness of the Republic, have been eclipsed and lost in its rap d strides to eminence. Those that possessed the most fertile imagination and vivid fancy fa the faintest outlines of the present. An infant then, it is now a giant; thirteen Colonies along the coast of the Atlantic, it is now a mighty nation, second to none, with two oceans laving its shores. A wilderness then, it is now the abode of refinement and plenty. Where once stood the wigwam, you see the church or the school-house. The path that the moocasin foot beat is now a highway. The valleys and plains over which the dear and buffalo roamed in nature's wildness, now teem with life, busy life, and yield their stores to industry and energy. The mountain sides reverberate with the ponderous beat of the forge, and every woods echoes with the stroke of the hammer and the axe. The rattling of the loom is heard at every water-fall, and the music of the spindle is as frequent as the hum of the bee. The steam-engine dashes over valley and hill, annihilating space—binding the east with the west—connecting sunrise with sunset. Every river has its waters trou-bled by the wheel of the steamboat, and every lake bears upon its bosom floating palaces, that never wait for tide. America, a great country, with great resources; America, a nation of freemen, of toilers, of thinkers, of actors. Well may we feel proud of ou country—her past has been one continued glory ame triumph—her history is short, but it is radiant with great deeds and great names. It tells of the mograndeur of a Washington, the golden eloquence Henry and Adams, the philosophy of a Franklin, logical and legal talent of Jefferson, Hamilton, M shall, Story, Gibson and Madison; the Green, Jackson, Perry, Worth and Scott. Webster, the intellectual giant of the age, for himself the enviable title of being the counder of his country's laws—of Corth in "words that burned and breathed," and at whose intellectual breathed," and at whose intellects and empires trembled.

Her past has no parallel—her poson—her bright, but not her haved—the womb of the future mighty deeds. Here we pause, predict her future, glowing with brilliant with anticipation? Not tion becomes lost, and even reson arch of the mind, aways too and for

arch of the mind, sways too and fro at

The Times is wholly at a loss to conceive what reply the Russian Cabinet is prepared to give to representations so unanimous, so forcible and so true. As regards the pricipalities should the Russians even enter them, it is greatly to be desired that the Turks should remain on the defensive on the right bank of

News FROM AUSTRALIA.-Via Panama, we have received twelve days' later advice from Australia. The details from that region are interesting. An abundance of gold was still flowing into the principal cities from the mines, emigrants were pouring in, pro-visions continued very high, mercantile business was very dull, new banks were springing up, and bands of robbers organizing with the intention of attacking the treasure train, &c. The demand for all descriptions of town labor continues. Working men find immediate employment at high rates. Carpenters are quoted at 20s. to 25s. per day; compositors, (printers,) 1s. 6d. per 1,000 ems; blacksmiths, 18s. to 20s; good farm laborers, £1 5s. to £1 15s., (with rations;) seamen, for the run home, £45 to £50; to, Callo, £40; coasting £8 to £9 per month.

THE AGRICULTURAL FAIR.-The Richmond Enquirer. speaking of the prospects of the Virginia Agricultural Society, says: "We are gratified to hear from Gen. W. H. Richardson, who has just returned from an active buisiness trip to Alexandria, Fairfax, &c., that the strength of the Society, and zeal in the cause, are daily increasing. It is expected that the exhibition will fully equal that at Baltimore, in fine stock owned in the State of Virginia. Those who are investigating the matter, report that the exhibition will develope an extraordinary amount of agricultural and mechanical treasure not now dreamed of, and that our own resources alone will make the November Fair a great

A NEGRO KILLED.—An affair of a most lamentable character occurred at Greenview, near Foxville, on Saturday last: A negro man, the property of Mrs. Hancock Lee, received several stabs with a knite, from the hand of her son, Thomas Lee, which resulted in the death of the negro, some hours afterwards. The young man was immediately committed to prison, in this place, where he now awaits his trial. [Warrenton Whig.

THE SPRINGS.—The travel to the Virginia Springs has commenced with considerable activity. Three or four stages daily from the East pass this place, and many are travelling by other routes. The Kanawha Republican says, many from the South and West have already passed through Charleston, for the Springs. There is a daily increasing number already at the Alum Springs, and at the Hot, Warm and White Sulphur.

It was thought by some that the attractions of the "Crystal Palace" would interfere with the travel to the Springs, but it is probable that it will only increase the number of visitors by increasing the number of visitors by ber of travellers; most of whom when once out will not return without visiting the Virginia Springs. [Staunton Spectator.

GUANO AND THE FLY .- A farmer upon the Octoraro, has given it as his opinion, that guano is a preventative of the fly in wheat. He said he had noticed, in several fields where guano was used, an entire exempt. n from the ravages of this insect, but the most remarkable instance of it occurred in a field in his neighborhood, one-half of which was covered with guano and the other half with stable manure. The latter was almost devoured by the fly, while the for-

A VALUABLE Sow .- It is stated that a gentleman at Salmon Falls, California, from one breeding sow, raised and sold hogs to the amount of \$1,020 50, and has eighteen head left, whose value is estimated at \$675. The fruitful head of the porker family origi-

...On Friday last, 50 imported sheep, the proper-ty of Mr. Jewett, of Middlebury, were killed on the Burlington and Rutland Railroad. They were valued .... A despatch to the Memphis Eagle, dated Boli-

var, June 1, says: 'A fight occurred at Berlin, Tennessee, this morning, between Dr. McLeary and Dr. Guy, in which the former was stabled with a knife, and died in a few minutes. He had struck Dr. Guy with a stick, but was retreating when killed." . . The County Court of Rockingham, on Tuesday, fixed the County and Parish Levy at \$1 25 the same

as last year. .... The Board of Health, in Alexandria, reporte seventy-three cases of cholera, and thirty-four deaths from the 11th of May to the 22d of June, inclusive. The disease is now declining.

....R. G. Scott, Esq., of Richmond, U. S. Consul at Rio, sailed from New York, on Monday, in the steam-

### The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING JUNE 24, 1853. REPORTED FOR THE SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON BY M. DANNER, COMMISSION MERCHANT, HOWARD STREET. CATTLE.—There were offered at the scales on Monday 400 head of Beeves, 300 of which were sold to city butchers, and the remainder driven to the Eastern markets. Prices ranged from \$3.50 a \$4.621, on the hoof, equal to 7.00 a \$9.00 net, and averaging

4.061 gross. HOGS,—In good supply. We quote live Hogs at COFFEE.-We note sales of about 700 bags Rio at FLOUR .- HOWARD STREET FLOUR .- On Saturday

the market was dull, holders asking \$4.75 while buvers were not offering above \$4.62½. On Monday 500 bbls. found buyers at \$4.62½, and 100 bbls. choice brands brought \$4.63½. On Tuesday there were no transactions reported. Buyers offered \$4.62½, but holders were firm at \$4.63½. On Wednesday the market still continued without animation, holders demanding \$4.75 and no buyers. On Thursday the market was void of operations, holders being firm at \$4.75, and buyers unwilling to purchase above 4.683.

To-day the market continues dull. We are not advised of any transactions. Holders are willing to sell at \$1.75 for fresh ground Flour, but buyers were not offering above \$4.65?.

Crrv Mills Flour.—The sales this week comprise about 2,500 bbls. at the uniform rate of \$4.75 for fresh

ground parcels. Some holders will not sell at the CORN MEAL .- Sales of Baltimore bbls, at \$3.00. The inspections of Flour for the week are: 6,759 barrels and 377 half barrels.

GRAIN.—WHEAT.—We quote good to prime reds at 100 a 105 cents; white at 107 a 115 cents. CORN .- To-day we quote at 51 a 53 cts. for white, CLOVERSEED.—Sales this week at \$7.50 a 7.75

per bushel.

MOLASSES.—We quote New Orleans 22 a 29 cts.;
Cuba-19 a 22 cents, and Porto Rico 23 a 23 cents.

BACON:—We quote Sides at 7½ a 8 cents, Shoulders at 6½ a 6½ cents, and Hams at 11 a 12 cents. LARD.-We note sales of 100 bbls. Western Lard WHISKEY .- We quote bbls. at 221 a 23 cents, and WOOL.—Tubwashed 38 a 42 cents, pulled 36 a 40

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING	JUNE 24,	1853.
FAMILY FLOUR, per bbl	\$5 50	a 6 59
SUPERFINE FLOUR, per bbl	4 50	a 4 62
WHEAT, (red) per bushel	1 00	a 1 02
Do. (white) do	1 03	a 1 05
RYE, per bushel	0 65	a 0 68
CORN, (white)	0 49	a 0 50
Do. (yellow)	0 54	a 0 55
OATS, per bushel	0 40	a. 0 00
CORN MEAL	0 60	a 0 65
BUTTER, (roll)	0 14	a 0 16
Do. + (firkin)	0 12	a 0 14
BACON, (hog round)	0 031	a 0 09
LARD	0 091	a 0 10
CLOVERSEED	8 00	a 8 25
TIMOTHY SEED	3 50	a 0 00
PLAISTER, (r tail)		

CLOVERSEED	8 25 0 00 0 00
GEORGETOWN MARKET.	
FOR THE WEEK ENDING JUNE 24, 18	53.
FLOUR, per barrel. \$4 56 a  CORN, per bushel. 0 48 a  WHEAT, white, per bushel 1 00 a  Do. red, do. 0 95 a	11 54
Philadelphia Cattle Market-June? The offerings at market during the past week prised 2000 head of Beef Cattle—500 of which riven to New York; and 1000 Hogs. Prices—Cattle continue in active demand, and good price	were

realized. Sales were made at 9 a 10 cts. per lb. Hogs—nearly all sold at 6 a 7 cts. per lb. WINCHESTER MARKET.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING JUNE 23, 1853. CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SAML. HARTLEY, AT THE DEPOT.

BESSWAX 25 CLOVERSEED 6 25 FEATHERS 00 FLAXSEED, per bushel 95 FLOUR, per barrel 4 30 GRAIN—WHEAT 90	a 00 a 6 50 a 00 a 1 00 a 4 35 a 95	25 6 75 45 1 00 4 75 95	a 00 a 7 00 a 50 a 1 10 a 5 00 a 1 02	The citizens of the town up and scrape up, all mud premises, and a public cart Saturday in the months of J such accumulations.  The Town Sergeant will personal examination, to se
OATS	a 31 a 45 a 65	50 65 69 6 00	a 37 a 00 a 70 a 10 a 0 00	June 29, 1853—3t
COAL POP SALE OF		CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	=	WOOD FO

WAGON PRICE. STORE PRICE.

MARRIAGES.

On Thursday, 2d of June; at Mercer's Bottom, by Rev. J. D. Rav, Dr. JAMES H. HOOFF, formerly of this county, and Mrs. MARY C. MILLER—both of Mason county, Virginia. On the 15th instant, by Rev. E. Welty, Mr. JOHN W. ROCKENBAUGH and Miss SARAH ANN LEE, both near Halltown; in this county. On the 20th instant, by Rev. Joseph Bakes, Mr. WILLIAM KINGREE and Miss SUSAN ANDER-

SON-both of Winchester. On the 7th inst., by Rev. Mr. Bennett, Mr. JOHN ROBERT CROCKWELL, late of Winchester, and Miss ANN E. RICHARDS, of Clarke county. On the 15th instant, by Rev. ELIAS HARRISON, Mr. DOUGLAS S. GREGORY and Miss MARY S. MARK-both of Alexandria.

On the 20th instant, by Rev. G. W. COOPER, Mr. GEORGE H. BUTLER and Miss Miss MARTHA E. LEATHERS—all of Martinsburg. On Tuesday, 21st instant, by Rev. Mr. Bragonier, Mr. JOHN H. TEGMYER, formerly of Baltimore, Maryland, and Miss LAURA M., daughter of Mr. HENRY STAUB, of Martinsburg.

On Thursday, 16th instant, near Lovettsville, by Rev. G. H. MARTIN, Mr. JOEL HUNT and Miss ELIZABETH A. WIRE—both of Loudoun. On the 25th of April, by Rev. Mr. HERST, Mr. THOMAS M. TRIPLETT and Miss VIANNA R. SESCOTT-all of Fauquier county, Virginia. On the 15th instant, by the same, Mr. RANDOLPH H. LEITH and Miss MARTHA C. GREGG—all of Loudoun county.

On the 19th instant, by Rev. Mr. MICHAELS, Mr. JAMES W. KEENE, formerly of Kentucky, and Miss ANCINDA A. DODSON, of Fairfax county, Virginia. On Tucsday, 7th instant, by Rev. J. Bethel, Rev. GEORGE M. EVERHEART, formerly of Loudoun county. Virginia, and Miss ADDIE BANNER, of Salem, North Carolina.

DEATHS. In this town, on Tuesday, 21st instant, after a pro tracted illness of consumption, which she bore without complaint, Mrs. MARY HOOPER, relict of the late ABBAHAM HOOPER, of Martinsburg, in the 54th year

OBITUARY. Departed this life, on Saturday morning, June 25th, Miss MARY VIRGINIA RAWLINS, daughter of

THOMAS RAWLINS, Esq., of this place, aged 23 years In the death of this young lady it has demonstrated to us most clearly, that "in the midst of life we are in death." For some time past she had been laboring under an affection of the heart, and so frequent and violent, sometimes, were the attacks of her disease that her friends were in constant dread, lest she should be suddenly taken from them. But while there is be suddenly taken from them. But white there is life there is hope, and every means had been resorted to, both by her friends and physician, to arrest the progress of her disease; and so decided, recently, seemed the improvement in her health, that both herself and friends had began to hope that she should see better days. On Friday evening she walked out in company with a sister, to visit some of her associates, when the standard here is the standard by the standard here. when she expressed herself as "feeling better than she had done for eighteen months past." She returned home about dusk, retired to rest, and soon fell into a sweet slumber; but about 10 o'clock, was taken with another of those severe attacks. During the whole of the night, every thing possible was done to relieve her, but in vain; and about 6 o'clock on Saturday morning exhausted nature gave way, and she sank She is gone—but we sorrow notas those who have no hope. About eight years ago she gave her heart to God, and experienced the pardon of her sins; she immediately united with the Methodist Episcopal

Church, through whose influence she had been brought to Christ, and continued a consistent member thereof, maintaining the confidence of all, until she left us to join the church in Heaven. Never, perhaps, was there a more patient and cheerful sufferer. In all her affliction, no murmur escaped her lips. She was amiable and lovely in her disposition, and died regretted by all who knew her. Her remains were carried to the Church on Sabbath morning, where a discourse was delivered by the Pastor to a very large and deep-

## Special Motices.

TO ADVERTISERS .-- To afford those employ-A ed in our Office, an opportunity of participating in the celebration of the 4th, the next No. of our paper will be issued on Saturday, and Advertisers are requested to hand in their favors by Friday night. SABBATH SCHOOL CELEBRATION.—
The Teachers and Scholars of the M. E. Sabbath School intend celebrating the approaching Anniversary of American Independence, at the grounds of the Valley Agricultural Society, near Charlestown, on Monday, the 4th of July. Several ministers and others have been invited and a greater to deliver address. have been invited and are expected to deliver address-es on the occasion. All who int nd joining in procession will meet at the Methodist Church at 8 o'clock in the morning, and proceed from thence to the ground designated. The parents of the Scholars, as well as the friends of the school generally are respectfully invited to unite with us.

THE COMMITTEE.

June 28, 1853. MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT— Every land has hailed with Xtacy this preparation whose Intrinsic merits has introduced its Curative powers to the notice of the whole American people. Rheumatism of long duration Neuralgia, with its tortures, have yielded to its Magical influence; cancers, contorted joints, Ulcerated and swollen limbs that have Suffered for years under the weight of disease, Turn by its application to suppleness and health.

A remedy of such general usefulness that can restore
Newness of action to the diseased nerves, arteries and I et the rheumatic, halt, lame and palsied

Glands of the human body, is worthy of high praise. Invalid examine its qualities, and they will Not be disappointed. Years of study and Investigation have enabled the proprietors of the M xican Mustang Liniment to furnish a remedy, Extraordinary in its power over diseases, No matter of how long standing—sold at The agents in all parts of the union. If any body has valuable Horses troubled with galls

chafes, scratches, sprains or bruises, let him read the certificates of the five Express Companies of New York City, that the Mustang Liniment has cured their horses of those complaints, and go and do likewise. It is not a very difficult matter to produce a medi-cine above the knowledge of the "Profession," as is well proven by the new ingredients and chemical af-finities produced in the Mustang Liniment, which su-percedes all theold preparations in its surprising cures. The Liniment is put up in three sizes and retails for 25 cts., 50 cts. and \$1—the 50 cts, and \$1 sizes contains three and six times as much as the 25 cts. size, and is much cheaper.

A. G. BRAGG & CO., sole proprietors, 304 Broadway, New York, and corner of 3d and Market streets, St. Louis, Missouri. For sale by all Druggists. & Louis, M. SMITH, Charlestown, T. D. HAMMOND and A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers-Ferry, Agents. June 28, 1853—2w June 28, 1853-2w 63-Always on hand at Buck's Mammoth

Cothing store, sign of large pants, neartheast corner of Union and Second streets, Philadelphia. The citizens of Charlestown and vicinity are particularly invited to call at the Manmoth Clothing store, which is noted for cut and elegant fit. The Clothing is made of the best and finest cloth, and will be sold at the very lowest prices. Remember readers the large Check Pants. Be sure and call at L. BUCK'S,

Northeast corner of Union and 2d streets,

April 5, 1853—3m Philadelphia. April 5, 1853—3m

terday looking for a good and cheap Clothing Store.
Being a stranger, he had never heard of ROCKHILL &
WILSON'S at which all the spectators were amazed. He was soon shown the way to it, and was so satisfactorily supplied, that he is going to buy all his clothes there, and send all his friends to the cheap store, No 111 Chesnut street, corner of Franklin Place, Philadelphia. November 16, 1852.

"V. B. PALMER, the American News-paper Agent, is the authorized Agent for this paper in the cities of Boston, New York, and Philadelphia, and is duly empowered to take advertisements and subscriptions at the rates as required by us. His receipts will be regarded as payments. His Offices are: Boston, Scollay's Building; New York, Tribune Buildings; Philadelphia, N. W. corner Third and Chest-

nut streets." ISAAC ROSE'S CHEAP CLOTHING STORES, in Charlestown and Berryville, are now filling up with a complete assortment of Fashionable COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS,

Hats, Caps, and Jewelry. Most of these Goods were recently bought in Phila-delphia for little or nothing and will be offered on a very small advance. To give a faint idea of the great Bargains that can be had now, a customer can get rigged out in Coat, Pants, Vest, Hat and Standing Collar

All for \$2.37; Bankable Money! in and buy soon, before the Cheap Stores strike "for higher wages." ISAAC ROSE. Charlestown, June 28, 1853.

WANTS.

WANTED—a Cooper of steady habits, a middle-aged man preferred. Also, a yoke of Oxen of fair size, young and true to draft—and a good Brood Mare, one that works well. Address the subscriber at Kabletown, Jefferson county GEORGE BACKHOUSE. June 28, 1853-3t Office Bank of the Valley in Virginia, Charlestown, June 23, 1853.

THIS OFFICE will be closed on Monday next, the
4th day of July. All Bills and Notes due on that
day, are required to be paid on or before the preceding
Saturday. C. MOORE, June 28, 1853. TOWN ORDNANCE. To preserve, if possible, the present good health of the town, as well as remove all nuisances, the Trustees of Charlestown hereby

ORDER, That the owners or occupyers of any Lots or Dwellings in the Corporate limits of said town, remove all noxious weeds or other nuisances or obstructions within nine feet of their line on the side walks, and in the alleys, and around and about said pre-nises. For every failure to do so, within ten days after this publication, they shall forfeit and pay not less than one nor more than five dollars, to be recover-

ed by law.

Ordered, That a general liming of privies, and all damp places be immediately attended to. are also expected to clean d and filth in front of their t will be sent round on each July and August to remove in a few days, make a that the above Ordnances

EO. L. STEWART, Clerk of the Board. [F. P. copy. OR SALE. I HAVE TEN CORDS OF GOOD SEASONED WOOD for sale at my Coach Factory.

June 28, 1853. W. J. HAWKS. VALUABLE JEFFERSON FARM For Sale.

THE undersigned wishes to sell, at private sale, his SUGAR-HILL FARM, situated in Jefferson county, Virginia, about 4 miles northwest of Charlestown, the county seat, and within two and a half miles of Duffields and Kerneysville Depots, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, adjoining the lands of James G. Hurst, J. C. Wiltshire, Moses W. Burr, and others containing about and others, containing about

180 ACRES. more or less, of Limestone Land—40 acres of which is heavily TIMBERED. The Improvements consist of a Dwelling-House, Stable, Corn-House, Smoke-House, &c.—Also, an Orchard of fine Fruit. This Farm is situated in one of the most healthy portions of the ccunty. For terms, &c., which will be made easy, apply to the undersigned, at his residence adjoining the land, or by letter post-paid directed to Charlestown, Jefferson county, Virginia.

June 23, 1853—tf G. D. MOORE.

GILBERT'S HOTEL. (LATELY JOHN COE'S.) At the Railroad Depot, Winchester, Va. THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform the community and travelling public that he has taken the well-known HOTEL at the Railroad Depot formerly kept by Mc. John Coe, dec'd. The House

has undergone necessary repairs, and is now in every respect adapted to the wants of the traveller and so-A large and commodious Stable is attached to the premises, which will be furnished with the hest grain and hay and attentive Ostler. His Table will always be furnished with all the varieties which the season and market will afford, and the Bar at all times supplied with the choicest Liquors.

His charges will be moderate. He therefore invites the patrons of the House to give him a call, as he is determined to spare no pains in making his guests

BARNET GILBERT. (7)-The undersigned takes pleasure in recommending Mr. Gither to the patrons of the House whilst under the management of my Father, and respectfully solicits for him a continuance of their custor June 23, 1853. JAMES W. COE.

FREDERICK WHITE SULFHUR SPRINGS, (JORDANS'.) THIS long-established WATERING PLACE have ing passed into the hands of the subscribers, they beg to announce to the public that they are now pre-pared for the reception and entertainment of visitors. An extended panegyric of the remedial virtues of these waters they deem unnecessary, popular opinion dating back eighty years have approved them. These Springs are beautifully situated in Frederick county, Virginia, five miles from Winchester and 1; miles from Stephenson's Depot P. O., on the Winchester and Harpers-Ferry Railroad, and are therefore of easy access from North and East. Visiters leaving Baltimore, Washington, &c., in the morning train, arrive in due time to dine. Facilities for the accommodation of guests are more

unerous than ever before, a large new building having been recently erected. For the following diseases these waters are found to be highly efficacious: Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Eruptive Affections, &c., &c., and as a diuretic and alterative, they are not surpassed. COACHES at the Depot to carry visiters immediately to the Springs. R. M. & G. N. JORDAN.

AN ESTRAY. TAKEN up in November 1841.

Testray, A YOUNG BULL, having no ear marks—brown sides, with white on the back and belly and about the head—appraised at seven dollars and fifty cents. The owner is requested to come forward, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

BRAXTON DAVENPORT.

June 29, 1853-3t

TO THE PUBLIC. Spirit of Jefferson," of April the 26th, and May the 3d, 1553, I offered to the public what I call a Check, or Rubber, to be used on Canal Boats. And n order to be able to suit all classes of Boats I now sible. And first, on each side of the Boat is a rubber, bolted fast by one end, so as to open and close when required; within which, is an Iron Scutchen allowing the wood to rub the Mason-work of the lock vertically, the wood to rub the Mason-work of the lock vertically, to which is an iron rod passing up through the fenders of the Boat to the top of the deck. On the top end of the rod is a lever, working like the valve in a lockgate. And to the lower end of the rod, is a flange working at right angles with the rod so as to expand the rubber when required. The levers are attached to a slider or other fixture on the deck of the Boat, to be worked back and forward by a third lever, or any other device that will answer the purpose. Another has its rubbers bolted fast to the Boat as above de scribed, with its levers working on the deck, and en tering a wedge under the rubber so as to produce the required operation. These same rubbers will also answer for ship canals, as they require no openings to be made through the hulk of the Boat or vessels but operates entirely on the outside, effecting what is required by a direct and easy force. The above Checks are now ready to be applied to use, by Mr. SAML. W. STRIDER, Agent for the same.
A Blacksmith Shop is being erected on the wharf at the Old Furnace, where all orders for the above arti-

cles, addressed to the aforementioned agent, will be promptly attended to. June 23, 1353. JOHN BARNETT. I will also mention here, that I have invented a fix-ture which may be termed an ALARM, to prevent the collision of trains on railroads. It consists of a piece of mechanism operated on by the motion of the train, and a driver passing up through the rail, its machinery runs under the track, and will strike an alarm, or point to figure indicating the distance that the train is from the place of stopping. The bell to strike the alarm on, or the board with the figure on to tell the distance may be placed in a basse or on a bridge or distance, may be placed in a house or on a bridge, or any other scure place that the company may elect. They may with safety be placed the entire length of the roal, and so arranged as to tell at all times where the trains are passing. This being something of great importance, I wish to experiment on it more fully before applying it to use.

June 23, 1353.

JOHN BARNETT.

POSTMASTERS!!

(Original Manuscript furnished to the Cumberland Maryland Telegraph. E. S. ZEVELY, P. M., Pleasant Grove, Allegany county, Maryland—the original wood stamp-maker in the United States—who has the patronage and approval of the P. O. Department, and sends P. O. Stamps by mail FREE—warns all Postmasters to beware of envious imilators, who, by plausible assertions and attacks upon others, wish to build up themselves. E. S. Z. furnishes as much, and as neat, and as good, for a dollar as anybody else can or will do—has no agents nor any connection with any other person—no authorized advertisement affoat ex-cept this, (to which the original date must be remined,) and such notices as appear in "Our Paper and Monthly Bulletin," published by him at Pleasant Grove, the July number of which will contain full par-

CHEAP GOODS FOR THE LADIES. LINE Lawns and Calicoes, the whole dress pattern 150 cents; Ladies' fine Hose, all different colors, at 12; cents a pair; black Silk Net Mitts, at 25 cents a pair; Silk and Lace Capes and Visites \$1 to \$2.50; Needle-worked Cuffs, Collars, Sleeves and Inside Haudkerchiefs, the finest in market, very cheap.

Charlestown, June 23, 1853. IQUORS .-- A very superior lot of Old Whiskey June 21. R. H. BROWN. (IRACKERS .-- Fresh Soda, Water, and Sugar U Crackers, received and for sale by June 21. R. H. BROWN. TOBACCO AND CIGARS .-- A prime lot of ■ Tobacco and Cigars, just received and for sale by June 21.

R. H. BROWN. BACON.--Prime Bacon Sides, for sale by June 21. R. H. BROWN, SPICES.--Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Tunerick and Long Pepper, for sale by June 21. R. H. BROWN. SHAD.--No. 1 Family Shad, just received and for sale by [June 21.] R. H. BROWN.

CORN STARCH.--A new article for making Pudding, Custard, &c., for sale by June 21.

R. H. BROWN. PORTER.--Fresh Porter, just received and for sale by R. H. BROWN. June 21, 1853.

CADDLERY ... A fine assortment of Bridle Bits, Stirrups, Spurs, (both steel and plated;) also, a few Hard-solder (which will wear for ages) Rim and Girth Webbing, Saddle Trees, Hames, Buckles, &c., all at the lowest prices and just received by May 10.

T. RAWLINS & SON. GROCERIES.—Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Chocolate, Gran, at low prices suitable for Harvest for sale by June 7. SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY.

GRAIN CRADLES, of superior workmanship and finish, in store and for sale by June 7. SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY. HARVEST GOODS.--15 bbls. good Whiskey; Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Molasses, Spices, Tea; Scythes, Rakes, Whetstones, and Rifles.

For sale as low as any house in town.

June 14. HARRIS & RIDENOUR. CORN MEAL, for sale by LOCK, CRAMER & LINE. HARVEST GOODS. -- We have just returned from market, and are now receiving a large stock of GROCERIES, for the present season, which shall be sold very low.

LOCK, CRAMER & LINE.

CUNDRIES. -- Pocket and Embroidery Scissors,
Mill-Saw Files, Tongue and Groove-Plane-Bits,
Key Rings, Carpet Tacks with Leathers, Brass Head
Nails, Brass Snuffers, Cooper's Compasses, Bells for
Hanging, Broad Axes, Tar Buckets, Hook Hinges,
Scotch T Hanges, Wagon Boxes, &c., just received.
April 5. T. RAWLINS & SON. TAR, TAR, just received by April 19. EBY & SON. STRIPED SHIRTS, for sale by May 24. SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY.

SAFETY FUSE.--2000 feet Safety Fuse, for sale by May 24. SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY. BARAGES.--We have thrown on the counter our remaining stock of Barages and Barage de Lains, which we are selling for cost and less. Call and secure the best patterns. May 24. SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY. SILKS AT COST.--We have on hand some do-zen patterns of new-style Dress Silks, which we offer at COST in Philadelphia market. May 24. SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY.

SPOONS AND FORKS.--Albata, German-Silver, and Plated Tea and Table Spoons and Forks, of the best quality, almost equal to silver, very cheap, May 10.

T. RAWLINS & SON. LEMONS AND FIGS, for sale by SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY. POTATOES.--25 bushels of Potatoes for sale by May 10. SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY. BACON, CORNMEAL AND FLOUR.--500 lbs. County Bacon; 50 bushels White Cornmeal; 50 bbls. Extr. and Family Flour, for sale by

WHEAT REAPER FOR SALE. HAVE a Wheat Reaper (Hussey's) for sale. It is in good order for use. I offer it for sale as I have suspended farming operations and have no use for it. In my hands it proved to be a valuable implement in cutting my grain crops. Terms will be made known by application to me near Rippon, in this county.

CHARLES S. TAYLOR.

June 14, 1853-3t. [F. P.] WHEAT REAPERS. THE undersigned having been appointed the agents
for the sale of Wheat Reapers will always be prepared to furnish all the various kinds at the cheapest
rates, among which will be found—
McCornick's Improved Virginia Reaper;
Seymour & Morgan's New York do,
Hussey's Baltimore

Hussey's Baltimore do.
The above Reapers combine all of the latest improv. nents in articles of this kind and we are authorized to say to any one purchasing a Reaper of us, that if upon a fair trial it does not operate well, the Reaper will be taken back and the money refunded.

Leave your orders early at the Jefferson Machin Shop and Iron Foundry, at Charlestown, Virginia, so that you may all be supplied with this valuable invention in time for the present harvest.

May 17, 1853.

ZIMMERMAN & CO. HARPERS-FERRY CLOTHING STORE THE undersigned has just received from the Eastern Cities an entire new stock of READY-MADE

CLOTHING, of all styles and qualities.

—ALSO— A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, which will be made to order at the shortest notice The above Goods are opened in the new Store at the junction of the Winchester & Potomac and the Balti-more & Ohio Railroads, and are offered to the public on as low terms as can be purchased in the cities, and respectfully invites the public to call and examine for themselves.

G. W. Cutshaw, Agent.

Harpers-Ferry, April 26, 1353.

T. RAWLINS & SON. HAVING just returned from Baltimore, are now opening the largest and most varied assortment of GOODS, WARES, MERCHANDISE, &c., that was ever offered in this place. Every one must call and see for themselves, to have the least idea of the er of articles on hand, new and useful. May 3, 1553.

TO THE LADIES. THE Dry Goods Fancy Store, (separate from the Clothing Store,) will be opened THIS MORNING AT 8 O'CLOCK. Fine Barege de Lanes, 12! cents; French Calicoes 6! cents; Fine Lawns 6! cents; Grass Linen Handkerchiefs 25 cents; Silk and Lace Visit's and Capes from \$1.00 to \$2.50; 8000 more of the celebrated Exhibition Stockings, White, Black, Gray and Slate colored at 12; ats; Palm Leaf Fans, two for a fip; Needle-worked llars at 5 cents. ISAAC ROSE. Collars at 5 cents.

INDIA-RUBBER COMBS. FEW India-Rubber Long Combs for children A decidedly the best article ever invented, just re-C. G. STEWART. Charlestown, June 7, 1853.

NOTICE. THE NOTES given me as Trustee at the sale of the property of Michael Blue were due on the 30th of May last. Prompt payment is expected.

GERARD D. MOORE,

N District No. 13. One well cualified and acceptable to the patrons of the Free School will receive an additional compensation of \$50 or \$75.

June 7, 1353.

J. J. WILLIAMS, Comm. HARVEST WHISKEY. 20 BBLS. superior low price Whiskey in store and for sale by June 7. SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY.

A TEACHER WANTED,

WATCHES AND JEWELRY. THE undersigned has just received direct from Philadelphia a small assortment of WATCHES, Breastpins, Cuff Pins, Cuff Buttons, Lockets, Pencils, Rings, Gold Pens, ect. A few fine Fans, all of which he will sell on the most accommodations ter CHAS. G. STEWART.

Charlestown, May 17, 1353. AT THE LADIES' CHEAP STORE! TUST received, beautiful large pointed Collars, 75 cts.; second quality, 44 cts.; sweet little Collars, (worth 25 cents.) 9 cts.; heavy silk Parasols, latest (worth 25 cents,) 5 cts, in the cakes of Fancy Soap, three cakes style, \$1.50; 1000 cakes of Fancy Soap, three cakes for a fin! Charlestown, May 17, 1953.

NOTICE. THE partnership lieretofore existing between the I undersigned, has been dissolved by mutual and friendly consent, from and after the first of January, 1553. Hence, it has become positively necessary for all accounts due STRAITH & Douglass to be paid or WM. A. DOUGLASS. June 14, 1853.

HO! FOR HARVEST. GRASS and Grain Scythes, the genuine English Waldron (and no mistake) Scythes, Sneads, Grass Nails, Rifles, Crumb Creek Whet-stones, Pincers, Nais, Rines, Crumb Greek Whet-stones, Fincers, Clout Nails, Thompson's celebrated Rakes, together with a large stock of GROCER!ES of all kinds (except Liquors), Tin Plates, Queensware, Stoneware, Wood-ware, Iron Hollowware Castings, Ladles and Skim-mers, cheap Knives and Forks, Bellmettle and Brass Kettles-and such a variety of useful articles that you can hardly go amiss in asking for anything at the Market House Store. T. RAWLINS & SON. June 7, 1553.

THE two offices adjoining the Free Press Office, one lately in the occupancy of W. L. Baker, deceased, and the other occupied by Mr. Forney. Application may be made to Wm. C. Worthington or H. N. Gallaher. Possession given immediately. April 12, 1853.

OUR clients and the sublic are informed that T. T. FAUNTLEROY, Jr., is connected with us in business, and has full authority to attend to any f our professional matters. His office is with ours, in Hoff's Row, near the Court-House. BARTON & WILLIAMS. Winchester, Va., April 12, 1853-1y H. L. EBY & SON

RE now receiving a large and very general sup A ply of FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES, at th Store-room of Dr. Raum, two doors east of the Old Stand, and opposite the Post Office. Charlestown, April 12, 1853. CANTON CRAPE SHAWLS.

SWISS, Polka and Embroidered Dress Patterns, French fast-colored Lawns and Silk Mantillas, at JSAAC ROSE'S Cheap Store. Charlestown, June 7, 1853.

AN EXPERIENCED MILLER wishes a situation in a good Flour Mill, after Harvest.—Apply to Benj. Foad, Winchester, Virginia.

June 14, 1553—3t¶ WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.-The sub-of Watches, and Jewelry, consisting in part of Gold Liver, Lapine and Duplex Watches, of

all prices, Breastpins Ear-rings, Gold Guards, Vest, and Fob Chains, Lockets, Bracelets, &c., to which we invite the attention of the public. Watches carefully Repaired. C. G. STEWART. SCOTT'S PATENT REFRIGERATOR. The acknowledged superiority and general use of this Refeigerator makes it unnecessary for us to say anything of its advantages over all others; for sale at the Balt more price, adding freight, by May 31. KEYES & KEARSLEY, Ag'ts.

AT THE CHEAP CASH STORE, FOR LADIES!--Just arrived, 60 Black silk Visites, latest style, richly trimmed, only \$2.50 apiece; 60 dozen of the "fast-selling" Stockings, still finer, at 12½ cents per pair; 5 bushels of Shirt Buttons, at 12½ cents a gross; Needle-worked Goods and Dress Goods, at auction prices. ISAAC ROSE. Charlestown, May 31, 1853. OLD WINE AND BRANDY ...

6 dozen fine Madeira Wine;
3 " do Port do.
2 " co Claret do. 6 " Old Brandy.

A few barrels of the best Old Rye in town.

May 17. HARRIS & RIDENOUR. DLEASE TAKE NOTICE .-- We have a large

Hosiery-Cotton, Silk and Wool; Gloves-Kid, Thread, Silk and Mitts; Handkerchiefs from 12; cts. to \$3 a piece; Undersleeves, some very nice; French Work Collars, extra; Cambric and Swiss Ruilles;

do do Edging, handsome; do do Insertings, do.
Lisle Bobbin and Thread Edgings. The Ladies will be kind enough to call and see .-This is no humbug or newspaper talk.

May 17, 1853. HARRIS & RIDENOUR. ROASTING COFFEE BY STEAM.--The Subscribers having purchased the right to dispose of Francis & Hart's Patent Coffee Roas'ers in Jefferson, Berkeley and Clarke counties, are row prepared to furnish one of the greatest comforts and economists that can be brought into a family. Roasting Coffee by steam with this Roaster, preserves the entire strength—making it at least one-third stronger than when roasted in the ordinary way. It prevents all escape of the aroma, adding greatly to its flavor, and requires only fifteen or twenty minutes in roasting it fit for use. It is very simple and economical, and the price brings it within the reach of every famity. Coffee cannot be roasted with as much regularity in the ordinary way. May 31, 1853. KEYES & KEARSLEY. WHITE AND BUFF MARSEILLES VESTS, Silk, Gingham and Linen Coats, White Linen Pants, and other seasonable Goods, in the greatest value of the Coats, which was the coats of the coats of the coats. ISAAC ROSE'S Cheap Store.

riety, at ISAAC I Charlestown, June 7, 1853. CALF BOOTS.—2 Cases fine Calfand Kip Boots.
June 7. SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY A NOTHER CASE of those Boys Straw Hats.
SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY. HORSE NETS.—We have on hand a large and general assortment of Nets for Harness Horses, complete: Extra Head and Saddle Nets of Linen, Cotton and Machine Cord, white and mixed, all at the very lowest prices and of the very best quality.

June 7. T. RAWLINS & SON.

HARVEST SHOES -- 250 pair, Men's and Boys'
-for sale at very low prices by
May 31.
HARRIS & RIDENOUR. SHOES, AT COST.-- A large lot of Miss's and Children's Shocs, for sale by May 31. HARRIS & RIDENOUR. CLOCKS. -- Iron, inlaid with Pearl Cases, and Mahogany; a few of the best time-keepers, just received by T. RAWLINS & SON. May 10. SUGAR.--Loaf, Crushed, Grounded and N. O. Clarified Sugars, of superior quality, for sale by May 17. RIBBONS. &c.--Just from New York-a lot of the handsomest Ribbons ever offered in this towh. Prices high enough. Call before all are sold. May 17. HARRIS & RIDENOUR.

E. L. MATTHEWS. F. HYDE. WM. SHOTH MATTHEWS, HYDE & SMYTH, Importers and Dealers in Foreign & Domestic HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, SADLERY, &c.

Corner of Baltimore and Liberty streets, Baltimore. Baltimore, June 21, 1853-1y JAMES M'BRIDE. JAMES & HENRY M'BRIDE,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission MERCHANTS. 102 BROAD, CORNER OF PEARL STREET, NEW YORK. April 5, 1953-tf

TO THE PUBLIC. From the Charlestown Tin-Ware, Stove, Roofing, Spouting, Lightning-Rod, Shower-Bath and Bathing-Tub ESTABLISHMENT!! THE Machinery of this Establishment is in full operation and the above mentioned Wares are now rolling out with a rush.

TIN-WARE The assortment of Tin-Ware now on hand is extensive, and all orders from Marchants will receive prompt attention and Warcs be delivered at their places of business without extra charge. STOVES.

The Metropolitan Elevated Oven Cook Stove, for burning wood, is a strong and durable Stove, and will be sold with all fixtures complete, delivered, set up and warranted to operate well, for \$30, \$35 and \$40 for Nos. 3, 4 and 5. All persons in want of a good Stove, will please forward their orders and they shall have the pleasure of seeing one of the best stoves now in use, in operation in their kitchens, and if the Stove does not operate satisfactorily, it will be taken away after six days trial and no grumbling. A good selection of other patterns of Stoves kept constantly on hand, which will be sold cheap. ROOFING AND SPOUTING

Will be done in a thorough manner, at short notice and at prices that defy competition. LIGHTNING RODS. Iron Rods with silver-plated Points, Brass Connecters, Glass Insulators and malable fastenings, will be put up in a durable manner at low prices. SHOWER BATHS & CATHING TUBS.

During the Summer months may be found at this Establishment a good assortment of Shower Baths, Bathing Tubs, Boston-Boats, Hip-Baths, Foot-Tubs, &c., &c., which will be finished in the neatest possible style and sold at Baltimore prices. JOB WORK. Job Work of every description, connected with the Tin and Sheet Iron business, will be done with neat-

ness and promptitude—in short this Establishment shall be the Emporium for the above mentioned wares and Great Bargains will be given to all its patrons.
THOS. D. PARKER. Charlestown, May 10, 1853. Copper, Brass, Pewter, Lead, Iron, Dried Fruit, Beeswax, Brans, Corn, Hay, Oats, Wood and Bacon taken

at the highest current prices in exchange for ware or work.

T. D. P. NEW JEWELRY STORE. THE subscriber begs leave to return his sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage he has received during the last two years he has been engaged

in repairing WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c., in Charlestown. From the many solicitations of his friends and customers he has at last met their wishes by offering them a good assortment of Gold and Silver WATCHES AND JEWELRY, of every description, and will continue to keep on hand every thing pertaining to the Jewelry line. arrangements made in such a way that he will be able to fill any order in a few days that shall offer, at rates

to suit the times.
WATCHES AND JEWELRY, of every description, carefully repaired as usual.

W. T. McDONALD, Agent for P. Cory. Charlestown, May 24, 1853. "For what is Money, but convenience?" HO! YE LOVERS OF THE WEE

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TOBACCO, CIGAR AND SNUFF STORE, Opposite the U. S. Hotel, Harpers-Ferry, Virginia. THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citi-zens of Harpers-Ferry and the Valley generally that he has just opened a large and well selected as-sortment of the best brands of TOBACCO, CIGARS, AND SNUFFS, of all grades as to quality and price, adapted to please the taste and pocket of the most fastitious, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest market price. He would ask a call from the merchants and citizens, and feels assured that he will be able to give general satisfaction to all who may give him a call. His Stock embraces all articles in the above named business

N. B. He has hands employed in manufacturing Cigars. HACK AND BUGGY FOR HIRE. Have a fine Horse and Buggy for Hire by the day or week. Also, a Hack and Horses, with a careful driver. GEORGE W. SPOTTS.

Charlestown, June 21, 1853 .- 3t NEW BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY. THE subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Halltown and surrounding country that they have commenced the BOOT AND SHOE MAKING BUSINESS in all its various branches. They will manufacture in the very best manner and out of the best material all kinds of Boots and Shoes. All work will be warranted to be of the best quality, both in material and workmanship, and guarantied to be equal in style, beauty of finish, and material, to any work manufactured in the county.— They will make work as cheap if not cheaper than any shop in the county. Repairing will be neatly and substantially done on the shortest notice. All orders thankfully received and promptly attended D. J. CARLISLE & SON.

Halltown, June 21, 1853. A CARD. THE undersigned having been elected a Constable in District No. 3, offers his services to the public. He will collect and pay over with promptness all claims placed in his hands. Collections without warrants will be made with every possible dispatch, and the interests of those employing him faithfully regarded. He therefore solicits public patronage.

JOHN REED.

Charlestown, May 31, 1853. \$200 REWARD. RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living near Staunton, on the 10th of June, a negro man named GEORGE, about 30 years old, he is over 6 feet high, black and weighs over 200 pounds, has a large scar on his left wrist from a cut with a knife, and some bad teeth, wore whiskers but he may shave them off. He was bought from Mr. McCoy, of Pendleton county. I will give the above reward if he is taken out of the State, and so secured that I may get him again, \$50 if taken out of the county, and \$25 if taken in the

county, and all reasonable expenses paid.

JNO. E. MORRIS. Staunton, June 21, 1853-3t FRESH LIME FOR SALE. HAVE for sale a Kiln of FRESH LIME, which will be sold on accommodating terms. Apply immediately. F. M. EICHELBERGER.

NOTICE. THE undersigned are prepared to furnish Ground Plaster at the Steam Mill of Messrs. Zimmerman & Co., in Charlestown, also Plaster in the Lump, at any of the Depots in the county. They also will furnish Cypress Shingles and Laths at the shortest notice also Pickets. Corn, Wheat or cash will be required in BLACKBURN & CO.

HOES AND FORKS. GENUINE Cast Steel Hay and Grain Forks; Ma-nure do.; Cast Steel Hoes, with Trowel Temper; Having an Agency for a New York Factory we war rant every one of the above articles in every respect superior to anything of the kind ever offered in this market, and cheaper. T. RAWLINS & SON.

PREPARE FOR HARVEST. ENGLISH and American Grain Scythes, 54 inch; Whetstones, Rifles, Tin Yellow and White Plates; Tin Ware, Tubs, Buckets, Spoons, Knives Forks, &c., all suited for harvest purposes.

SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY.

NEW GROCERY STORE. THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity that he commenced the Charlestown and vicinity that he commenced the Grocery Business in the room formerly occupied by Thomas Johnson as a shoe-store, where he intends to keep constantly on hand a choice and fresh supply of all articles usually kept at a grocery store, and hopes by strict attention to business and a desire to please to receive a liberal share of the public patronage.

He has just received and opened a general assortment of GROCERIES AND QUEENSWARE, which he offers at a very small advance for cash. Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods. R. H. BROWN.

Charlestown, June 21, 1853. RECEIVED AT THE CHEAP STORE
From Philadelphia,
1000 Cloth, Green Cloth, Cashmerett, Plush, Tweed,
Silk and Linen Coats, made in fashionable styles.

COSMO 1800 Cassimere, Cloth, Doe Skin, Gambroon, Linen and Cotton Pair of Pants, Plain and Fancy colored. 1000 Silk, Satin, Marseille and German Vests, some French Embroidered, very costly. 1500 Silk, Kossuth and Straw Hats. Also Caps, Handkerchiefs, Stocks, Shirts, Drawers and Socks. These Goods will be sold cheaper, and are superior o any ever brought to this county.

April 26, 1853. ISAAC ROSE. MINERAL WATER. -- I shall keep on hand at all times during the season Mineral Water of various kinds, prepared with Sarsaparilla, Ginger and

emon Syrups.
Families supplied by the dozen or otherwise at lowst prices.

J. F. BLESSING. Charlestown, May 17, 1853. BEREGE DE-LAINE AND BEREGES.-Some very select Goods, just received from New
York by the fatest line and ready to be sold.
May 17.
HARRIS & RIDENOUR. MEN AND BOYS' GOODS, can always be found, of the most desirable kind, at May 17. HARRIS & RIDENOUR'S. LAWNS, LAWNS.--If the Ladies of our town and county want cheap Lawns, call at May 17. HARRIS & RIDENOUR'S.

RON WARE.—Pots, Ovens, Kettles, Griddles, Skillets, Tea Kettles, Furnaces, Extra Oven and Skillet Lids of all sizes, just received and for sale by June 7.

T. RAWLINS & SON. LIME.—100 bushels fresh burnt Lime, for sale by J. L. HOOFF. BACON HAMS, for sale by LOCK, CRAMER & LINE. ATHERIAL OIL LAMPS.—For sale a large assortment of Oil Lamps, of different sizes and L. M. SMITH.

Linen COATS, by the cargo, dozen or piece, at ISAAC ROSE'S Cheep Store. Charlestown, May 21, 1853.

OFFICE OF WINCHESTER & POTOMAC RAILEOAD CO., ) APRIL 16, 1853. ON and after Monday, the 18th instant, there will be TWO PASSENGER TRAINS DAILY, (Sunday excepted, 7 to Harpers-Ferry and return.

FIRST TRAIN will leave Winchest r at 8 A. M.; and returning, leave Harpers-Ferry at 3 P. M.—on arrival of the Western Frain. SECOND TRAIN will leave Winchester at 9 A. M.; rival of the Train from Baltimore.

Passengers may thus visit Martinsburg, transact business there and return the same day.

Brorder:

J. GEO. HEIST, J. GEO. HEIST,

TO TRAVELLERS. Superior and Economical!
New Line between HarpersFerry and Washington:
THE well-known, safe and comfortable Steam-Packet, Capt. VOLNEY PURCELL, running in connection with the Cars at Harpers-Ferry, leaving Harpers-Ferry at 6 o'clock, A. M., and arrive at Washington city at 6 o'clock, P. M. The same Packet will leave Washington city, for the First Trip, on the 11th of July, running up one day and down the next regularly, (except Sunday,) making three trips a week. Passengers by this favorable and economical route are offered an opportunity of enjoying the beautiful scene-ry of the Potomac by daylight. Fare from Harpers-Ferry to Washington, \$2.

May 24, 1353. SHANNONDALE SPRINGS. HIS health-giving and beautiful Watering Place will be under the personal superintendence of the adersigned during the coming Summer, who will se every effort in his power to render it one of the most attractive and agreeable watering places in Virginia. It is situated on an elevation or spur of the majestic Blue Ridge Mountain, in the county of Jef-ferson, five miles south of Charlestown the county seat. Passengers leaving Baltimore or Washington by the morning train of cars, will arrive at Harpers-Ferry at half-past 11 A. M., from thence, in the Winchester and Potomac Railroad cars, ten miles to Charlestown where a twelve-passenger Coach will receive and con-vey them into Charlestown, and if desired to the Springs to dinner, over a good road and through a vely country.

The Analysis made by the late Dr. De Butts from

100 grains of the water from the main fountain, afforded 63 grs. of Sulphate of Lime, 10½ grs. Carbonate of Lime, 23, grs. of Sulphate of Magnesia (Epsom salts,) 1 gr. of Muriate of Magnesia, 1 gr. Muriate of Soda, 3-10 grs. Sulphate of Iron, and 7-10 grs. Carbonate of From the above analysis the waters of Shannondale may very properly be classed among the Saline Chaly-beates—a combination of the most valuable descrip-tion in the whole range of Mineral waters. It may therefore be positively asserted, without exaggeration or fear of contradiction, that no mineral water within the limits of the United States, possesses the same constituent parts, or is a more salutary and efficient purgative than the waters of Shannondale Springs. This water acts as gently as the mildest aperient, without giving rise to those unpleasant sensations of pain and debility so often occasioned by ordinary catharties, prepared by the most skillful physicians.

The free use of this water, acts almost immediately upon the skin and kidneys, removes worms, relieves the convalescent from bilions or other fevers, dyspep-sia, dropsical swellings, calculous affections, hemorrhoids, scrofula, indigestion, rheumatism, loss of appetite, exhaustion, general debility, gravelly concretions, strictures, and a variety of other diseases to

which man is subject, and it is freely acknowledged by all who have been afflicted with any of the above diseases that the free use of Shannondale waters have effected permanent cures. Sulphur, Mineral, bot and cold Bathes furnished up-on application at the Bar. The Hotel is large and commodious—the cottages numerous and commortable.

The Table will be supplied with the best beef, mountain and valley mutton, together with all the luxuries afforded in the fertile Valley of Virginia.

The best Wines, Brandies and other Liquors can always be held at the believe of the Executive Common Commo

ways be had at the table or at the Barr G. W. SAPPINGTON, Proprietor of Sappington's Hotel, Charlestown, Jefferson county, Virginia

ORKNEY SPRINGS, Shenandoah County, Virginia.

SEYMOUR HOUSE. THE Proprietor of this Hotel, at Orkney, takes I great pleasure in announcing to the public that he will open again that BEAUTIFUL AND ROMAN-TIC PLACE FOR VISITORS, by the 1st of July .-Strangers visiting these Springs, pass through the beautiful North Valley of Virginia, over one of the best roads in the State, with a mountain scenery of surpassing loveliness on either side. The variety of waters, beautiful scenery, and delightful atmosphere, render it to the invalid, or those who wish to spend a few weeks from the cares of life in "Old Vicginny" style, the most delightful place of all the North Valley Springs.
The waters of Orkney have been famous for the last fifty years in East and West Virginia. They are known to be strongly Chalybeate, Tonic and Invigo-rating in their effects, and the most efficient remedy.

which Nature affords for broken and debilitated constitutions. THE BEAR WALLOW SPRING, truly styled the "Pool of Siloam," is the most remarkable water in the world for Cutaneous and Blood diseases of all kinds, and Dyspeptics are sure to find a certain cure. The waters of Orkney are Sulphur, Chalybeate, White, Mountain, Bear Wallow and Slate.

G-Board per week, \$5. Board per day, \$1.—
Children and servants, half-price.

G-Music and dancing every evening. The Ladies'
Parlor furnished with a Piano and Guitar.

A Daily Line from New Market and Mt. Jackson to the Springs and return.
June 21, 1353.

A. R. SEYMOUR:

DISTANCES. From Winchester to Orkney by Woodstock..... From Winchester to Orkney by Capon and How-From Mt. Jackson to Orkney Springs. . . . . 10
From New Market to Orkney by Forestville. . . . . 16 63-Visitors leaving Baltimore in the morning train, arrive at Winchester in time for the evening Coaches through the Valley to Mt. Jackson and Ockney

Springs, will thus be enabled to dine at Orkney next ANALYSIS OF THE ORKNEY SPRINGS. GASEOUS CONTENTS-Carbonic Acid, Atmospheric Air. Solid Contents—Carbonate of Soda, Carbonate of Magnesia, Sulphate of Magnesia, Corbonate of Lime, Chloride of Sodium, Oxide of Iron. BEAR WALLOW SPRING.

GASEOUS CONTENTS—Carbonic Acid, Sulphuretted Hydrogen. Solid Contents—Sulphate of Lime, Sulphate of Magnesia, Iodine, a distinct trace, Carbonate of Magnesia, Chloride of Sodium, Carbonate of Lime, Sulphate of Iron, Oxide of Iron. Free Press, Charlestown , Virginian and Republican, Winchester; and Flag of '93, Warrenton; will each copy two months and send bill to advertiser.

JEFFERSON MACHINE SHOP & IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY, OLD THINGS DONE AWAY AND ALL THINGS BECOME NEW. THE subscribers respectfully call the attention of the A farming community to their very large assortment of FARMING IMPLEMENTS, comprising every kind of implement used by the farmer to facilitate and cheapen his operations, including our celebrated Patent Premium Thresher and Cleaner, which received the first premium over the New York Pitt Machine and several others at the Maryland State Agricultural Fair last fall; also, at the Washington County Fair, Hagerstown, Maryland, and at our Val-ley Fair, Charlestown—which for simplicity, durability, and capacity has no equal in the world. By a rekinds of grain perfectly clean for market, taking out all cheat, smut, and light wheat if wished, saving al-together the use of a Wheat Fan; thus saving the farmer two-thirds his expense over the common thresher, requiring but eight hands and from six to eight horses to thresh from 200 to 400 bushels per day, perfectly clean for the mill. This has never been accomplished by any other machinist but ourselves, and all sceptic minds can have their doubts removed by trying one and if they cannot do what we have represented we

will take the machine back without charge. Shop price of our Thresher and Cleaner from \$250 \$275, that is: Thresher and Chaffer \$150 Ditto Improved Cleaner 175 Horse-Power 100 \* OLD CASTINGS bought at the highest price, and taken in exchange for work.

ZIMMERMAN & CO. Charlestown, February 8, 1853.

### OF Argus and Intelligencer, Romney; Republicen and Virginian, Winchester; Register, Harrisonburg; Washingtonian and Chronicle, Leesburg; Democrat, New Market; copy to the amount of \$5 and send bill to advertisers. NOTICE TO MY FRIENDS. SI design closing up my Mercantile Business this A Spring, it will be necessary that those who kno themselves to be indebted to me either by note or book account to call and make payment. I hope this hint will be sufficient and that I may not be compelled to

JOHN G. WILSON. COSMO OFFERS his services to the pupilic this Spring.—
He is one of the highest bred Horses in the world—
descended immediately on both sides from the
best racers and racing families in both England and the United States—all distances and heaviest weights. For particulars and circulars apply (post faid) to JOSIAH WM. WARE. Berryville, Clarke Co., Va.

ORPHAN BOY. ORPHAN BOY is a beautiful dark dun, with black mane and tail, 16 hands high, nine years old, and mane and tail, 16 hands high, nine years old, and stook a premium at the Baltimore Cattle Show in October last.

He will stand during the ensuing season, commencing on the 25th of March and ending on the 25th of June, at the following places, viz: On Mondays and Tuesdays at the subscriber's stable; on Wednesdays and Thursdays at Vincent W. Moore's stable in Charlestown; and on Fridays and Saturdays at the stable of Dr. M. P. Nelson, near Middleway.

He will be let on the following conditions: For insurance, \$6.50—irregular attendance or parting with the mare, forfeits the insurance. Every precaution will be used, but no responsibility for accidents, should any occur.

The undersigned offers a premium of \$5 to him who shall be owner of Orphan Boy's best colt, of six month's old, in the autumn of 1854. W. J. BLACKFORD. THE undersigned have appointed Mr. GEORGE J.
WELLER as their sole Agent for the sale of
Rights of their Patent Threshing and Cleaning Machine, in the United States and Territories:
G. F. S. ZIMMERMAN & CO.

Charlestown, April 5, 1353. WOOD WARE.--Buckets, Tubs. Churns, of large size, Baskets, Butter Prints, Potato Mashers, Wood Spoons, Rolling Pins, and a number of articles too numerous to mention; just received by May 10.

T. RAWLINS & SON.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE JEF-PURSUANT to a decree of the Circuit Court of Jeffreen county, in a suit in which Anna Kearsley and others are plaintiffs, and Kearsley Carter and others are defin lants, in chancety, pronounced at the May Term, 1953, the undersigned, who is appointed a commissioner for the purpose by said decree, will self, at public auction, to the highest bidder, in front of the Court, House, in Charlestown. Court-House, in Charlestown, On Friday, the 8th of July, 1853,

ac12 o'clock, M., the FARM belonging to the heirs of Jonathan Kearsley, dec'd., known as FRUITLAND, see containing about 260 ACRES, 65 of which are in Timber, the balance divided into seven fields, with good fancing and in a high state of cultivation, with running wat r in three fields, and another can easily be made accessible to water. There are 10 Acres in Orchard of PRIME FRUIT TREES, out of which four hundred dollars have been made in one Acres in Orchard of PRIME FRUIT TREES, out of which four hundred dollars have been made in one year. There are Locusts standing on the land sufficient to furnish posts to fence the entire farm.

The Improvements consist of a comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, Kitchen and all Outlings, necessary to the convenience of farming, such as a good Earn and Stabling, two Corn Houses and Sheds, Blacksmith's Shop, two good Servants' Houses, a first-rate locust-lined Root House, capable of holding rive or six hundred bushels, Ice House, Carriage House, Poultry House, &c. Als, one of the best Cisterus in the County, and a Well of first-rate water convenient.

The Farm is situated in Jefferson county, Virginia, half a mile from the Baltimore and Ohlo Railrand, one half a mile from the Baltimore and Chio Railread, one mile from the Winch ster and Potomac Railread, one and a half miles from the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, five and a half miles from Charlestown, three miles from Harpers-Ferry, and a half mile from the Smithfield, Charlestown and Harpers-Ferry Turnpike. Its location and advantages make it the most valuable

market farm in the county.

Terms of Sale—One-fourth cash, and the remainder in one, two and three years, equal payments, with in-terest on deferred payments, secured by a deed of trust on the land. Notice given on day of sale when ossession will be given.

Those desirous of seeing the farm will call on the subscriber residing on the premises, or wishing infor-mation will address the same at Charlestown, Jeffer-

son county, Virginia:
SAMUEL C. KEARSLEY,
Commissioner. COMMISSIONERS SALE OF LAND. U NDER the authority and by direction of a decree of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chance-ry for Jefferson County, rendered at the last term of said Court, the undersigned, as Commissioners of the Court, will offer for sale, before the door of the Court. House of Jefferson county, on Monday, 15th day of Augustnext, (Court-Day.) the following parcels of Most Valuable Land,

In Jefferson County, the peoplety of SAMUEL STRIDER, viz: A Tract of Land containing 424 Acres, 3 Roods and 20 Poles, Of first-rate Land, lying on Elk Branch, and com-posed of several parcels, all adjoining. This tract may be sold in parcels, or in one body—if divided, the lines of divisions will be made known on the day of ALSO—ANOTHER TRACT, called SAMUEL STRIDER'S "Furnace Farm," containing 267 Acres, 1 Rood and 23 Poles.

Of this, a portion has been laid off into lots on the Potomac River and in that form will be sold; the

whole tract is very valuable. A survey of the whole has lately been made, and a plat of it and its divisions for sale, as well as of the first tract, has been made, and can be seen at any time at the office of Win. C. Worthington.

The lands offered for sale under this notice, are be-Transfor Sale.—One-fourth of the purchase money, are bethis county, and the portions or lots on the Potomac River, afford suitable and advantageous positions
for trade in merchandize and agricultural products.

Teams of Sale.—One-fourth of the purchase money
cash—the balance in equal instalments. cash—the balance in equal instalments, at one, two and three years, from the day of sale, with interest.— The deferred payments to be secured by the bonds of the purchasers, with approved personal security—and the title withheld as a ditional security until the defer-

red payments are made.

WM. C. WORTHINGTON, UCAS. Commissioners. June 21, 1853. COMMISSIONERS' SALE OF LAND.

John Byers and others. John C. Walper. Jacob Myers, The same. John Hamm and others, against The same. A.S. Dandriege's Ex'r.,

against

The same.

IN PURSUANCE of two decrees of the Circuit Court of Jefferson county, one pronounced at the October term, 1552, the other at the May term, 1853, in the above causes, the undersigned, Commissioners appointed by said decrees for the purpose, will offer at ublic sale, On Saturday, 27th day of August, 1853, before the Court-House in Martinsburg, Berkeley

Virginia, all the right, title, and interest of John C. Walper, in TWO TRACTS OF LAND, in said county o' Berkeley, at the eastern base of the Third Hill Mountain, one tract containing 234 Y Acres, 2 Roods and 22 Poles—the other tract, ad-The interest of said John C. Walper being an undivi-ded moiety thereof, subject to his mother's dower, the other moiety being owned by Miss Mary H. Walper, who has agreed to unite in the sale of the entire tract.

-ALSO-On Saturday, 3d day of September, 1853, before the Hotel of Daniel Entler, in Snepheroscota, Jefferson county, Virginia, all the right, title, and in-terest of the said John C. Walper, in the LAND which he inherited from his father, John Walper, lying before the Hotel of Daniel Entler, in Shepherdstown, and being in Jefferson county Virginia situated at Walper's Cross-Roads; said interest being one hundred Acres, conveyed to him in the deed of division executed by John C. Walper, Catharine Walper, and Mary H. Walper on the 22d day of April, 1847. Also, 31 Acres, his reversionary inter st in the land assigned in said deed to his mother for her dower. The crops now on the land will be reserved. The land (excepting that in Berkeley County) will be sold free from the contingent claim of the wife of John C. Walper to dower, as to which, provision will be made by the Court in its decree disposing of the proceeds of sale.

The terms of sale are continued to the continued to the proceeds of sale.

The terms of sale are one-third cash, the balance in two equal annual payments with interest from the day of sale. The deferred payments to be secured by the of sale. The deterred payments to be bonds of the purchaser and a deed of trust on the premises. N. S. WHITE, June 21, 1853.

Free Press, Charlestown; Gazette and Republian, Martinsburg; copy till sale and send bill to the Commissioners. JEFFERSON LAND FOR SALE. I WISH to sell two small Farms of good Limestone Land—one containing 150 Acres, with good Buildings, Crchard, &c., adjoining the Lands of John Lock, Fisher A. Lewis and the heirs of Daniel McPherson, dcc'd—about 40 Acres in Timber. The other on the Shenandoah river, containing 123 Acres of first-rate Land, with 30 Acres in Timben, a DWELLING HOUSE on the same, and adjoining the lands of George L. Harris and Dr. John H. Lewis' heirs. For terms, &c., which will be made easy, ap-ply to the undersigned at Myerstown, or by letter (post

Jan. 25, 1353. JOSEPH MYERS. THE undersigned wishes to sell, at private sale, his FARM, situated in Jefferson county, Virginia. about five miles west of Charlestown, the county seat, and within two and a half miles of Cameron's Depot, on the Winchester and Potomac Reilroad, and about one and a fourth miles from the Turnpike leading from Middleway to Harpers-Ferry, adjoining the lands of-Robert V. Shirley, Jno. W. Packett, James Grantham and others, containing about

224 ACRES. more or less, of Limestone Land. The Improvements consist of a Dwelling-House, Stable, Corn-House, Sanoke-House, &c., and a never-failing well of water near the house, with a Young Orchard of choice Fruit, lately planted. Those desiring to purchase will do well to (all on the subscriber at Hope-well Mills, near Leetown, Jefferson county, Virginia, or on Mr. NATHAN BARNS, who is now the present occupant of said farm.

The Terms will be made reasonable, and possession given on the first day of April next.

JOHN CHAMBEREIN. September 7, 1852—tf

ICE CREAM SALCON.

I WOULD respectfully inform the public that my Ice Cream Salcon is again opened, and I will at all times keep on hand that delightful refreshment, flavored to suit the tastes of all.

May 10.

J. F. BLESSING. TRESH FRUITS. -- I have just receivwhich will be found Pine Apples, Oranges, Lemons, Raisins, Figs, &c.
May 10.

J. F. BLESSING. NO. 1 POTOMAC HERRING. 50 BBLS. No 1 Potomac Herrings, H. L. EBY & SON. FOR SALE.—Two Second-hand Barouches for one horse.

W. J. HAWES

BONNETS.—300 Bonnets on consignment, to be sold at city prices, for sale by April 26. SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY. HERRING in store and for sale by SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY. April 26, 1953. PARASOLS AND FANS.—Received by Express, 2 dozen handsome Parasols.
Some very nice Ivory Fans. Come soon.
May 17. HARRIS & RIDENOUS. Some very May 17. 50 SACKS FINE AND G. A. SALT, just received by H. L. EBY & SCN. April 19, 1853.

STRAW MATTING and List Carpet for April 26. SIGAFOOSE & HARLET BROWN SUGAR --- We will sell a fair Brown Sugar at 5 cents. Call and see who sells the heapest sugar in town. May 3, 1853. SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY VARD WIDE LAWNS for a fip did stock of Dress-Goods of the MARLEY WHITE MOUSELIN DE LAIN
Barage, for evening dresses; plaid
Swiss Muslin, dotted and spring and do. by April 26. WOOD, STONE, EARPHEN A WARF, for sale by April 19, 1653....

HARDWARE, ...W ing in the line; to wh

Yes, I'll come in bright dreams, love, I'll come to thee off "When the light wing of sleep On thy bosom lies soft,"

When the tear-drops of nature

When wearied with care, love, Thou seekest repose,
And with thoughts of the dear one,
Thy fond bosom glows;

Beam light on the flower, Reflecting the sky-gems, I'll come to thy bower. Yes, I'll come in bright dreams, love, I'll come, and we'll stray
'Mid the beauties of dream-land,

And 'twill ever seem May, For the sound of thy voice Is the "coo of the dove," And no gale can be soft

As thy whisper of love; Be thy lips the billows, And mine, love, the beach, And how often we'll con "The sweet lessons they teach." Yes. I'll come in bright dreams, love, And O; if it be, That life's but a dream,

I'd dream, love, with thee; Yes, dream 'neath the heaven Of thy dark beaming eye, Nor e'er from its starlight My spirit would fly. Then I'll come in life's dream, love, And bright will it be; It cannot know sorrow

If spent, love, with thee.-A GOOD. HIT.

The New York Evening Post justly remarks that the following on Benevolence contain more point than many a long sermon which has been preached from the pulpit on the subject: BENEVOLENCE.

A benevolent man was Absalom Bess-At each and every tale of distress He blazed right up like a rocket; He felt for all who 'neath poverty's smart Were doomed to bear life's roughest part-He felt for them in his inmost heart, But never felt in his pocket.

Yet all said he was an excellent man; For the poor he'd preach, for the poor he'd plan To better them he was willing; But the oldest one who had heard him pray, And preach for the poor in a pitiful way, Couldn't remember, exactly, to say He had ever given a shilling.

O an excellent man was Absalom Bess And the world threw up its hands to bless. Whenever his name was mentioned. But he died one day, he did, and O! He went right down to the shades below. Where all are bound, I fear, to go, Who are only good intentioned.

FLEA-ING. When the earth is all silent-when naught but the Of the angry cur's heard-when all nature is dark; When his howling and raving sound dismal to me, E'en then I will feel—till I catch a big-flea. Ah! then, when I've got him, what triumph I feel-

But he's sly as a fox, and slick as an eel-"You poor, biling creature, I've got you," I say; Oh! he slips from my fingers and then hops away. But such is our life-when of happiness sure, Of the deep cup of sorrow we're called to endure "Of nothing we're certain," a wise man hath said; So I'll quit this blamed rhyming, and slide off to bed

# Hariety.

ENCHANTED MOUNTAIN IN TEXAS.

They have strange things in Texas as well as wicked doings. The following account of a great natural curiosity in that country is from the Texas Telegraph. This singular mountain or hill, is situated on the head waters of the Sellec - a small tributary of the Colorado, about cighty miles from Bostrop, in a northwesterly direction. It is about three hundred feet high, and appears to be an enormous oval rock, partly imbedded in the earth. When the sun shines the light is reflected from its polished surface as from an immense mirror, and the whole mountain glows with such a dazzling radiance that the beholder who views it, even from a distance of four or five miles, is unable to gaze upon it without experiencing a painful sensation, similar to that which is felt when looking upon the rising sun. The ascent of the hill is so very gradual that persons can casily walk up to the top; but the rock is so smooth and slippery that those who make the be so wounded if Dan died as a murderer. It is attempt are compelled to wear moccasins or stockings instead of shoes. This fact, together with the name of the place, Holy Mountain, reminds the visitant very forcibly of the command made to Moses at Mount Horeb, "Putoff thy shoes from off thy feet." The Camanches regard this hill with religious veneration, and the Indian pilgrims frequently assemble from the remotest borders of the tribe to perform their Panim rites upon its summit.

.... Why is an egg like a colt? Because it is not fit for use until it is broke.

.... If it wasn't for hope the heart would break, as Mrs. Perkins said when she buried her seventh husband, and looked anxiously among the funeral crowd for another. .... "My German friend, how long have

you been married?" "Vell, dis a thing vat I seldom don't like to taulk about, but ven I does, it seems to be so long that it never vas." .... "Father, ain't you opposed to monopo-

ly ?" shouted a little fellow, as his parent took up the brandy bottle. "Yes, my son."

"Then give me a drink."

.... "Here's your money, dolt. Now tell me why your scoundrelly master wrote me eighteen letters about that contemptible sum!" said an exasperated debtor.

"I'm sure sir, I can't tell sir, but if you'll excuse me sir, I think it were because seventeen letters didn't fetch it!"

.... A Cuban, named Cristo, was recently condemned to the garrote in Havana, for some political eccentricity. On the morning fixed before suffering the extreme penalty of the

.... A girl being sent to a drug store to purchase some dye-stuffs, and forgetting the name of the article, said to the clerk, "John, what do folks dye with?" "Dye with? why cholera sometimes!" "Well, I believe that's the name, I want three cents worth."

.... "Which, my dear lady, do you think the merriest place in the world?" "That immediately above the atmosphere that surrounds the earth, I should think." "And why so?" "Because I am told that there all bodies lose their gravity."

.... The latest case of absence of mind is related of the foreman of a grand jury in Missouri. After administering the oath to a beautiful woman, instead of handing the bible, he presented his face and said, "Now, kiss the book,

.... A young widow was asked why she was going to take another husband so soon after the death of the first. "O, la!" said she, "I do it to prevent fretting myself to death, on account of dear Tom?"

... A man having asked, "how many dogdays there were in a year," received for an answer, that it was impossible to number them "as every dog has his day."

.... "Stop a minute, watchman," said a gentleman, who poked out his head at the alarm of fire. "Sir," replied the facetious guardian of the night, "I am not a stopwatch."

.... Why is a man making love to a married woman like a Sheriff levying on the wrong man's goods? Because he's the victim of a misplaced attachment. .... Kissing is all the fashion at Paraguay

The ladies are very pretty, and amiable also, for when they hold np their faces for a salute they always take out their quid of tobaco, and deposite them on the rim of your hat. .... The Sea-Serpent is said to have been recntly seen in Texas, Wonder if it's a fugitive AFFECTING CASE.

In the Criminal Court of Washington city on Thursday a case of more than ordinary interest was disposed of, under peculiarly affecting circumstances, which are thus stated in the Republic. On that day Judge Crawford over-ruled a motion for a new trial of Daniel T. Woodward, who on Thursday, the 9th instant, was convicted of killing his wife, by shooting her on the 24th of December last. After the lapse of a few minutes, the judge asked the prisoner, "Daniel T. Woodward, have you anything to say why the sentence of the law shall not be pronounced by the court ?"

The prisoner, who had risen in the dock and was leaning upon the rail, replied in a firm and audable voice, "I have, your honor." All eyes were now directed towards him, and there was more than usual quiet in the court-room. He continued-"I am not guilty of the charge brought against

me. I did not cause the death of my wife. The witnesses against me swore to falsehoods. My wife's teelings were wrought on by her tather; I do not deny that there had been differences between us. She knew I never raised my hand to her unless provoked to such a degree that I did not know what I was about. From the first day of our marriage until her death I never knew that she was going to deprive herself of existence. On the evening of the 23d of December, Hilton

came to the house for me; I don't recollect the hour-and I found my way to the magistrate's offics. I asked what was the matter. Squire Drury said I had uttered abusive language. I replied, do not know that I had, except talking roughly .-He then said if I would leave the pistol I might go home. I at first hesitated, but finally gave up the pistol. Hilton said to Maston that Mrs. Woodwad was afraid of her husband, and you are a single man and can go home with her, and that he would go along too. We sat down there, talking, but aout nothing in particular. It was said by a witness that I proposed to sing my wile's favorite songs, 'Washington's Grave' and the 'Irish Emi-grant's Lament.' Hilton said to me, 'it's strange that at one time you are low-spirited and melancholy, and at other times are given to levity.'

don't recollect my answer, for the reason he did not inquire the cause of it. "I have been laboring under a strange condition ever since I lest the jail. After the officers had been at my house, Hilton, at ten o'clock, proposed to go. They left every thing peaceable and quiet. I hove myself on the bed with a cigar. My wife was on the opposite side of the bed. I appealed to her feelings, and I will tell you what language I made use of. After lying there with my clothes on, I said to her: 'Why do you go after the police officers, and have constables running after me ?-What have I done that you should do so! I was injured in both arms and ankles.' After appealing to her feelings, I said I could not live so, and if it was agreeable we would separate. I asked her what she would do. Considering a few moments, she said: 'Well, Dan, you shall never go to jail while I live' I got up and went into the shop to see what was doing there, and she went into the back room and tastened the door. When I went

into the front room I heard the reports of a pistol, and entering the other room I saw my wife breathing her last." The prisoner acquiring additional earnestness, and in a tremulous tone, continued: "I could not destroy the only friend I had on earth. I had nobody to care for me but that woman. Whatever my failings were, she was my friend, and I hers. [Atter a pause.] That evening she said she was afraid. I did not harrass her feelings,

to my knowledge. Never! NEVER! I never cherished feelings of ill-will or hate towards anybody. My character has been principle, honesty, and uprightness in all my dealings in life. I have been a oldier, a sailor, and been in various parts of the world, and no man can say that I ever wronged or injured or had a spite against him. [The interest in the narration on the part of the audience seemed to increase with every successive sentence.] I reside in Washington. In youth I associated with friends now grayheaded, and not one lady or gen- the polls, and the following statement was taken from tleman can come forward and say that Daniel T. Woodward ever did a wrong thing to any family, or lady, or any one's sister. If I had killed my wife I would acknowledge it in the face of the world and of God, of whom I expect forgiveness.— I stand before your honor and before God an inno-

cent man. "The witnesses testified falsely against me. I did not know them. "If I were a guilty man-I have the heart of a man-let my failings be what they may, I would

come forward, and, in the presence of my God and you, acknowledge my crime. "I pray your honor to grant to this man who stands before you a new trial. Do not let that flag which has waived over my head in suffering, hunger, and thirst, waive over me now as a condemned man. I have travelled under the American flag, and rode upon the waves at sea, but I have yet to suffer death as an innocent man. I never knew what it was to be considered a criminal, and have my life plotted against by wicked persons, who have been the cause of the death of my wife. They sold my wife's clothes at public sale, and my property, and afterwards contrived against my life. Oh, God! it is a hard case. God knows the failings of human nature. We can't know things too mysterious to find out. I tell you, judge, should be alraid to stand up here and open my lips with falsehood upon them. I fear not death. It has no terrors to this man. I feel that it would be a stigma on my grayheaded mother to say that her son died a criminal. [Tears came into his eyes, and at this point they who almost breathlessly hung upon his words appeared deeply to sympathize with the prisoner.] And my sisters' hearts, too, would too hard. I pray God to show justice.

"I know that I am an innocent man. My wife's father and brother drove her to destruction. She loved me. She could not help it. She knew I never would do wrong if I knew what I was about. If it is possible, I pray you to grant me a new trial, and leave the case with Almighty God. It is a hard thing. Were I guilty of the charge which was brought against me I would have nothing to say in defence. I would say I did the act, and pray God to forgive me. There was no soul in the house to my knowledge. I think it was shut up. I don't know how it occurred, unless she destroyed herself. We here noticed many of the auditors in tears, occasioned by the solemnity of the scene and sympathy for the prisoner, in view of the awful sentence shortly to be pronounced.] I pray your honor to consider my case—to reflect, not for my sake in particular, but for the sake of justice, and for the sake of my poor old mother and my sisters, and for

the sake of old acquaintances who have known me here in Washington. While learning a trade, and growing up to manhood, no person could say that a wrong act was done by me. None can say so." There was an interval of profound silence of several minutes duration, and all eyes were now directed to Judge Crawford, who, having taken from his drawer a sheet of manuscript, and filled a blank therein, proceeded to sentence the prisoner in the following language. He was very much affected while discharging this painful but incumbent official duty, his emotions at times nearly choking his

utterance, and causing him to shed tears: "You have been convicted of the crime of murder. The jurors who tried you, if they cannot be said to have been of your own choice, were free from all exception in the estimation of yourself and your counsel. They devoted themselves with commendable assiduity throughout nine days to a full understanding of the law, the evidence, and the arguments which were brought to their consideration, and were compelled by a painful sense of duty to say that you were guilty. You had, moreover, the a id of counsel who manifested great zeal and earupon for his execution, when he was desired to | nestness in your defence, and urged with ability in your behall all the facts and circumstances that in prepare for death, he said he wanted time to their judgment, were likely to weigh in your favor. These are not unusual advantages. To 'an impartial jury' and 'the assistance of counsel' you had a right secured by the Constitution of the United States; but the full enjoyment of this right gives me a warrant for saying that you have had a fair

"The leading fact that Catharine M. Wood-ward's life was destroyed by your hand was contested, but it was a vain effort to repel'the convictions."

"The leading fact that Catharine M. Wood-ward's life was destroyed by your hand was contested, but it was a vain effort to repel'the convictions."

"The leading fact that Catharine M. Wood-ward's life with business, and the manners of the world, that he can please the most fastidious. His charges will be as moderate, as the expenses of any good publication. Into the details of the course of your married life, and the uniform evidence in relation to it, I will not enter, for it could not be done without imminate markets. The course of your married life, and the uniform evidence in relation to it, I will not enter, for it could not be done without imminate markets. Berryville, April 5, 1853. not enter, for it could not be done without imminent hazard of adding to suffering which must have borne, and be now weighing most oppressively up on all connected by blood or alliance with the de ceased or yourself. You have been pronounced guilty of the murder of a woman, and that woman your wife, committed on the 24th day of December last in your own house, in the darkness of the night, and without a witness save God. This remark is made with no desire to torture your feelings. It would be inhumanity to address with unneeded severity a man upon whom the whole force of society, in its various forms of power, is now fixed. But it is made for the better purpose of exciting within your bosom remorse for the sins of your life, which must precede, and if felt in true and sincere contrition of spirit will necessarily lead to repentance. If you repent in humility and brokenness of heart, and will seek by Divine grace through the mediation of the Saviour of men the forgiveness and favor of the Creator and Judge of all the earth, they will be granted to you. A man in your circumstances may imagine that his situation is desperate-that he can have no hope for eternity; that as he is doomed to perish in this world he will be lost in that which is to come. This would be a fatal error-fall not into it I entreat you. We are taught by our holy religion that all sins, however enormous, will be forgiven, on the

single condition that pardon te sought in the right "To this end I advise you to send for a minister of the Gospel of the religious persuasion to which you have attached yourself; or, if unfortunately you should not belong to any religious association, send for the minister you prefer. He will acquaint you with the promises of the Bible, will pray with you and for you, will instruct you, will assist and guide you in the important work to which your at-tention is directed. More, weak mortals cannot do for each other. Duty to you suggests the propriety of observing that, in my judgment, there is no reason to suppose the Executive will interpose in your behalf. I hesitated and doubted whether I should say so-reflection satisfied me that to forbear the remark would be cruelty to you. It is made with the sole object of preventing your mind from being distracted by delusive hopes. The

great, perhaps the only, duty that you are now required to perform in this life is to prepare for death to its full and faithful discharge I give you m parting counsel to devote every energy of your body and mind-immediately and unceasingly.

"It is now my painful duty to pronounce the sentence of the law upon you for the crime whereof you have been convicted. The sentence is, that you be hanged by the neck until you are dead; and that the Marshal for the District of Columbia do, on peril of what may fall thereon, cause execution of this judgment to be made and done upon you on the second day of September next, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 12 o'clock at noon, of the same day; that you be now taken from hence to the jail of Washington county, in the District of Columbia, from whence you came, there to be closely kept until the day of execution; and on the day of execution appointed as aforesaid you are to be taken to the place of execution, according to the provisions of the act of Congress of 25th January, 1853, there to be hanged as aforesaid until you are dead. "In closing this solemn scene. I carnestly pray that Almighty God in His infinite goodness have

mercy on your soul !" The prisoner listened attentively to the reading of the sentence, and did not appear to be as much affected by it as the most indifferent spectator in the court-room. "However, his reflections now, in the night season especially, cannot fail to impress him deeply with more feeling than he exhibited during the progress of his trial. He is probably about forty-two years of age, and of genteel and intelligent appearance.

TEMPERANCE CONVENTION.

Mr. BELLER :- I would ask the favor of a small space within the columns of your very valuable paper, for the purpose of calling the attention of your numerous readers, and the friends of Temperance generally, to the efforts which are now being made, to lessen, in some degree, the evils produced by the scathing and blighting Your readers are no doubt aware, that a State Temperance Convention was held in the town of Staunton, during August of last year, having for its object the promotion of the Temperance Reformation. That convention did but little, from the fact that no efficient plan was adopted, by which a requisite amount of funds might be raised in order to carry out this great undertaking.—The convention, however, before its adjourntaking .- The convention, however, before its adjourn ment, determined to hold another Convention during the present year, the time and place of holding which, to be fixed by a committee appointed for that and other purposes. The committee have performed that part of their duty, and have fixed upon the town of Charlottsville, and the 3d day of August next, as being the most suitable time and place of holding said Convention. In publishing their call, the comittee urge upon the friends of Temperance in each county, to hold meetings at an early day, and resolve to raise a specified sum towards a general fund. They say, a large amount, (not less than from \$1000 to \$2000.) ought to be placed in the hands of the Convention, for the purpose of employ-ing a number of able lecturers to go forth into every part of the State, to advocate the cause; and by of pamphlets, tracts, and colporteurs, to spread light and truth into every nook and corner of this wide commonwealth. They also urge upon the friends of the cause in each county, the necessity of appointing delegates to represent them in the convention, and they recommend it, as as a measure of justice, greatly conducive to a full and patient attendance, that the reasonable expenses of their delegates be paid by their respective constituencies, but in all cases, where reliable Temperance men, whose expenses cannot be provided for, but who are to attend at their own expense, let them, by all means,

The good people of Jefferson feel a lively interest in any measure which has for its object the alleviation of human misery, it is to be hoped, therefore, they will at an early day respond to the proposition suggested by the committee, and secure the services of able and efficient delegates, and contribute liberally for the furtherance o this praiseworthy design. Harpers-Ferry, June 14.

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT. OFFICIAL VOTE.

We have at length obtained the official vote of this District. The Sheriffs of the Counties composing the district met in Winchester on Friday week, to compare the Poll Books as they were there presented, and fur-

nished to us by the	Sheriff of this	County,
	[]	Iartinsburg Gaze
Counties.	Faulkner.	Boteler _
Berkeley	865	. 682
Frederick	999	974
Hampshire	889	693
Page	873	128.
Jefferson	822	818
Morgan	393	217
Warren	411	191
Clarke	310	276
Loudoun	524	1556
	6091	5545
	5545	
Faulkner's mjaj	546.	THE PART OF STREET

Miscellancons.

RAWLINS' HOTEL, Corner of Queen and Burk streets,

MARTINSBURG, VA. THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform the community and travelling public that he hat taken the Hotel formerly known as the "Berkeley House." The House has recently undergone a thorough renovation; it is now believed to be in every respecadapted to the wants of the traveller and sojourner. A large and commodious STABLE is attached to the premises. The luxuries of the TABLE will be surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times supplie with a choice selection of superior wines and liquors.

Baggage taken to and from the Depot free of charge, and in bad weather a Carriage will rum to the Depo for the accommodation of travellers without any add JOS. C. RAWLINS,

March 2, 1852-1y Proprietor. SAPPINGTON'S HOTEL, Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va. THIS large and very commodious THREE-STORY ■ BRICK HOTEL, situated in the centre and busi ness part of the town, is now among the most attrac

tive and desirable resting places in the great Valley of The luxuries of the TABLE of this establishment, are surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times supplied with a choice selection of superior Wines and Several large Parlors and airy Chambers have been

added since last year.

A Splendid Yellow-Mounted Coach attends the Charlestown Depot, upon the arrival of the Cars, which will convey visitors to the Hotel, free of charge. Persons wishing to be conveyed to other parts of the town, will pay a reasonable compensation.
Saddle and Harness Horses, Carriages, Buggies, and careful Drivers always ready for the GEO. W. SAPPINGTON,

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

Harpers-Ferry, Va. MRS. ELI H. CARRELL respectfully announces to her friends and the travelling public generally, that DINNER is daily in readiness at 2½ o'clock, expressly for the Passengerson the Baltimore and Ohi Railroad, in the down train going east, and for the special accommodation of Passengers in the Winchester trains BREAKFAST at So'clock, A. M., which is in time to afford an hour to remain before the departure of the Baltimore 9.0'clock train. SUPPER at 9 o'clock, P. M., which gives time sufficient to stop two hours before the Winchester train leaves on its return. OYSTERS at all hours for those who prefer them, Mrs. E. H. C. avails herself of this occasion to offer

her grateful acknowledgements to those who have so liberally patronised the U.S. Hotel, and assures them and all others that she is determined to make the house, in all respects, the stranger's home. February 1, 1853. BERRYVILLE HOTEL. THE subscriber having leased the above well known Hotel, in Berryville, Clarke county, begs leave to inform the travelling public, that he is now ready to receive guests. He is also prepared to accommodate Boarders after by the der week purch was the property of the Boarders after by the der week purch was the subscriber by the der week purchased the subscriber by the subscriber date Boarders, either by the day, week, month, or year.
HIS TABLE will always be furnished with all the
varieties which the season and market will afford; his Bar with the choicest Liquors, and his Stable with

the best hay, grain, and ostler.

As he intends to make this his permanent residence. he will spare no pains in endeavoring to render those who give him their custom, both comfortably and happy. He flatters himself, from his long acquaint-ance with business, and the manners of the world,

BARNUM'S HOTEL. THE undersigned, late proprietor of the United States Hotel, takes pleasure in informing the public that he has leased the above Hotel. The bui has undergone a thorough cleansing from bottom to top, and is now in first rate order for the reception and genteel accommodation of all those who may please to patronize it. No exertion will be spared to make this establishment one among the best Hotels. I have associated with me in business, my son, Theodore W. Evans—it will be conducted under the firm of W. Evans & Son. The old patrons of the United States, and the public in general, are respectfully requested to continue their support to this House. 63- Enquire for "Barnum's Hotel."

W. EVANS. Cumberland, April 5, 1853. EXCHANGE BANK OF SELDEN, WITHERS & CO.,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

THE undersigned respectfully announce that they have formed a Copartnership to transact a General Banking and Exchange Business in this city, under the firm of SELDEN, WITHERS & CO., and are prepared to deal in Foreign and Domestic Exchanges, Time Bills, Promisory Notes, Certificates of Deposite, Letters of Credit, Bank Notes and Coin.

We undertake to make collections and promptly to remit the proceeds to any assigned point within or without the Union.

without the Union. Mr. WILLIAM SELDEN, a member of the firm, and for many years past the Treasurer of the United States will give his careful personal attention to all financial business which we may be employed to transact with any of the Departments of the Government.

The business which our employers may require us to transact, will be conducted with fidelity and promptitude, and upon the most reasonable terms.

itude, and upon the most reasonable terms.

WILLIAM SELDEN,

Late Treasurer of the United States.

JOHN WITHERS,

Of Alexandria, Va.

R. W. LATHAM,

Of Washington, D. C.

L. P. BAYNE,

Of Baltimore, Md.

Washington, February 10, 1852—19 NAILS.--Horse-Shoc Nails for sale by May 10. H. L. EBY & SON.

Alechanic Arts.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY. THE subscribers would respectfully inform the citizens of Harpers-Ferry and Bolivar, that they have commenced the above business in Harpers-Ferry, on High street, a few doors above Shenandoah, where they will manufacture in the very best manner, and out of the best material, all kinds of BOOTS AND SHOES. All work will be warranted to be of the best quality, both negative and workmanship.

Repairing will also be neatly and substantially done, and on the shortest notice.

\*\*\*All work guaranteed to equal in style, beauty, finish, and material, any that is manufactured in the

A. G. McDANIEL Harpers-Ferry, February 1, 1853. SHENANDOAH IRON FOUNDRY. THIS Foundry, situated on the Winchester and Po-tomac Railroad, 1½ miles from Harpers-Ferry, has been rented for a term of years by the subscriber, who would respectfully inform the public that he is now prepared to do, in a style of workmanship, which cannot be surpassed, if equalled, in this Valley, every description of Machinery and Plough Castings, at short

JOHN T. RIELEY.

Having been engaged in the business for many years in the largest foundries in the United States, and being now determined to devote his whole attention to the business, he is confident that those who favor him with their work will at the same time, be favoring their own interests, as his prices for Castings shall b as low as at any foundry in the Valley.

Orders, from all in want of Castings of any description, are respectfully solicited.

(G-Old Iron taken in exchange for Castings. HENRY C. PARKER.

Shenandoah City, August 3, 1852. WM. S. ANDERSON, MARBLE STONE CUTTER,

FREDERICK CITY, MD., RETURNS his thanks to the citizens of Jefferson and adjoining counties for the liberal patronage extended to him in his line of business, respectfully gives notice that he is now prepared to execute all kinds of work, in his line—such as MONUMENTS, TOMB-SLABS, HEAD AND FOOT STONES; &c., at the shortest notice, and upon the most reasonable terms; and his work shall compare with any other in the country. All Stones delivered at my own risk and

All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to. Address WM. S. ANDERSON,
Frederick city, Md., ed to. Address J. W. McGINNIS, Agent,

or JOHN G. RIDENOUR, Agent, Harpers-Ferry, Va. January 11, 1853. THE SHENANDOAH CITY WATER Power and Manufacturing Company, HAVE the MILLS in operation. They will pay the highest price in Cash for Wheat, Corn, and Ryc. They will grind all kinds of Grain for Tolls, exchange Flour for Wheat or other Grain—receive and forward all kinds of Produce or other Goods for Baltimore or other Northern markets. They have made arrangements with the respectable and responsible house of Newcomer & Stonebraker, of Baltimore, for the transaction of their business, or any that shall be entrusted to their care. Mr. Geo. W. Taylon, well known in this and adjoining counties as miller, has charge of their mills, who will give his attention and spare no pains to give satisfaction. The Company have more WATER POWER to dispose of, on sale or rent, will give every encouragement to Manufacturers and Me-chanics. They would invite them to call and examine for themselves. They feel confident in saying that a better location for all kinds of manufacturing business

annot be found.

They have obtained a charter for a Bridge across the Shenandoah River at their place, which when constructed and Roads made will open to the fine settlements in the Valley of Loudoun, and give a more di rect communication with Harpers-Ferry and Charles-town, and must give to this place additional advan-tages. They ask a share of the public interest and patronage. ISAAC GREGORY, patronage. ISAA Shenandoah city, Feb. 1, 1953.

NEW TINNING ESTABLISHMENT. THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Jefferson and the adjoining counties, that he has opened A New Tinning Establishment, in the per shop of the building on Main Street, bale to Mr. John Stephenson, and nearly opposite the Bank, where he will at all times keep on hand a general assortment OF TIN WARE, SHEET IRON, &c., and will make to order, every article in his line of business at short notice, and on the most reasonable terms.— He is also prepared to attend to all orders for ROOF-ING AND SPOUTING. From his experience in business, he feels justified in saying that all work done by him will be inferior to none done in this section of country, and his prices shall be made to suit the times.

He will be happy to supply Country Merchants with
Tin Ware, and will make his terms such as to make it to their interest to deal with him. 13. He has the right to make and vend the celebrated PATENT BOILER, one of the most valuable improvements yet out for boiling meats, vegetables, &c.

EDWIN R. HARRELL,

April 26, 1853. Agent for E. Hunt. BLACKSMITH SHOP. THE subscriber having permanently located him-self at the BLACKSMITH SHOP at Duffield's Depot, is now prepared to do all kinds of work in his line, at prices as moderate as any other shop in the county. He will at all times be prepared with Iron of all kinds for repairing or making Plough and other Irons used by the Farmers. I solicit a call from those in want, feeling assured that all who give me a call will not go away dissatis-

GEORGE PENSE. Duffield's Depot, April 12, 1853. CHAINS.--I shall manufacture and keep constantly on hand a supply of all the various kinds of Chains used by the Farmers. Breast and Trace Chains, single and double link, straight or twisted, made of the best iron, and in the best style of work-GEORGE PENSE. 'Duffield's Depot, April 12, 1853.

NEW JEWELRY STORE.

THE subscriber having taken the Store in Mr. Ste-phens' Building, opposite Mrs. Carrell's Hotel, would respectfully call the attention of the public to his large and elegant assortment of WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, &c., Which he is prepared to sell at the lowest cash prices Gold and Silver hunting-cased Watches; ditto Horizontal Escapement Watches; Detached Levers, Verticals, Horizontal, Verge and Duplex Watches, from the most celebrated manufactures in Europe. Also-Gold Lockets, Ladies' Gold Scroll, Cluster, Box, and Mourning Pins; Gold Finger Rings of every description; Cuff Pins, Ear Hoops and Drops, Gold Pencils, Gold Guard and Belt Chains, Chatalaine Pins, &c.—

Gent's Gold Guards, Vest and Fob Chains, Keys and Seals, Locket and Signet Rings, Bosom Pins, Gold Studs, Collar and Sleeve Buttons, and every descrip-tion of Goods usually found in a store of this descrip-Clocks.--The largest assortment of Clocks to be und in the county; prices from \$1 75 to \$12, warranted good time keepers. Silver Spoons .- Silver Spoons, made from pur coin and manufactured expressly for my own retail trade, which will be sold at greatly reduced prices. Watch Repairing.—All descriptions of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c., repaired in a workman-like manner. Having had extensive experience in some of the best Shops in the country, the subscriber feels confident of giving perfect satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage.

Harpers-Ferry, June 22, 1852.

PUMP MAKING. To the Citizens of Jefferson, Berkeley, Frederick and Clarke counties. AGAIN appear before you as a PUMP-MAKER and as I hope you have not forgotten me in that capacity, you will, one and all, call on me should you need any thing in that way. Please call on me at Charlestown, or my son, Thomas J. Bragg, living near Mr. George B. Beall's, on the Charlestown and Shepherdstown road, as I have employed him to do the work. I pledge myself that all orders will be promptly attended to. C. G. BRAGG.

CARPENTERING AND JOINERING. THE subscriber returns his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Charlestown and neighborhood, for the liberal patronage he has received in the last five years; and hopes to merit a continuance of the same. He is always ready to execute work at the shortest no-tice, and will make it his interest to suit the times in

He has procured a set of Draughting Instruments, and having made himself acquainted with Architecture, he is prepared to Draught and give plans and proportions for all kinds of work in wood. He will also work in wood. also make and carve to order Capitals for columns in the different orders of Architecture at the shortest notice. Always on hand SASH of various sizes for win-

Those wishing to patronise him will address him through the mail, or verbally at Charlestown.

All orders shall be strictly attended to, and general satisfaction given. WM. A. SUDDITH. Charlestown, April 5, 1853—1y

MEAT-EATERS, ATTENTION. THE undersigned have been compelled heretofore to do business under many disadvantages, having to pay cash for all stock purchased, and sell the same upon a credit of at least twelve months. The Trustees of Charlestown, however, having established a Market, which has thus far been most liberally patronized, necessity upon the part of ourselves, no less than what we conceive to be the interest of our customers, compels us to give notice, that hereafter we shall keep the market regularly supplied with the best BEEF, MUTTON AND VEAL,

which money or labor can procure, and to be sold at the LOWEST PRICES, which our purchases will af-ford, for CASH ONLY. As this rule will operate not only to our own advantage, but subserve the in-terest of our customers, we hope to be able greatly to enlarge our business during the year, and furnish such articles of Meat as have never before been seen in the Charlestown market, and at prices of which none can

Those indebted on "old scores," are requested to settle up immediately, as all our capital, no less than our profits, are distributed among the community at large. WILLIAM JOHNSON. SAML. C. YOUNG. Charlestown, January 4, 1853-tf

READY-MADE CLOTHING In Jefferson and Clarke Counties. The subscriber having his stock in Charlestown Considerably increased, and also established a store in Berryville, Clarke county, is now selling at both Cheap Stores the most superior and Fashionable CLOTHING ever offered in both counties. He sells all kinds of Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts, Hats, Caps, Trunks and Handkerchiefs, 331 per cent cheaper than ever! As he manufactures Clothing, buys in large quantities, and sells on very small profits for cash, he has few equals, no superiors. has few equals, no superiors.

ISAAC ROSE, on Main st. Charlestown and Berryville, April 12, 1853.

THE LADIES! WILL be delighted to find, at the Cheap Store, such a beautiful assortment of Fashionable Calicoes, Bareges de Laine, Challis, needle-worked Collars, Sleeves and Inside Handkerchiefs, Linen, Table cloths, Hosiery, and so many other articles, sold at auction prices. ISAAC ROSE. Charlestown, April 12, 1853. ROCK SALT, for sale by H. L. EBY & SON.

Baltimare Trade.

J. NICODEMUS. GEO. P. THOMAS. HEIM, NICODEMUS & CO., Importers and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Liquors, of every descrip No. 383 Baltimore street, between Paca and Eulaw sts. Baltimore, April 12, 1853-tf

NEW CHINA STORE. JOSEPH S. HASTINGS, Jr., Importer and Wholesale & Retail Dealer in China, Glass and Queensware, 202 Baltimore street, north side, between St. Paul and Charles streets, Baltimore, DESIRES to inform the public that he has just laid in an entirely new and elegant assortment of every description of

PLAIN AND FANCY WARE, SUCH AS-

White, Gold-Band and Painted French China Dinner, Dessert, Tea and Breakfast Sets; Rich Vases of beautiful shapes and styles; Fancy Mugs and Cups, with or without mottoes; Castors, with Cut and Moulded Bottles; Cut and Pressed Tumblers, Goblets, Wines, Champagnes, &c., of new and beautiful styles; Jellies, Bowls and Dishes to match. An extensive and well appeared stock of Comits and Castoles of Comits and Castoles of Comits and Castoles of Comits and Castoles of Castole selected stock of Granite and Common Ware.

@G-Country Mcrchants, Hotel Keepers, Steamboat
and Ship Agents, Private Families, and all others who may want articles in this line, are invited to call and nine the stock and prices. Baltimore, April 12, 1853.—1y

SPRING TRADE. Hats! Hats! by Wholesale or Retail. JAS. L. McPHAIL & BRO., MANUFACTURERS. No. 132 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md., HAVE on hand a full assortment of Fashionable Silk, Felt and Drab Beaver HATS, which will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms. Country merchants would do well to give us a call before pur-N. B. The highest prices given for all kinds of Shipping Furs—Muskrats, Coon, Opposum, Otter, Fox,

MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF SPRING GOODS. EDWARD BIRD, No. 211, Baltimore street, has · received from latest importations a splendid Stock of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, Comprising a general assortment of Silk Goods, Dress Goods of the latest designs and Fabrics, Hosiery, Gloves and Fancy Articles. Also, Domestic Goods of all kinds for sale at lowest wholesale prices. Mcrchants visiting Baltimore are respectfully invited to call and examine my stock.

Mink and Rabbit.

Baltimore, April 5, 1853-tf DAILY & CO., Manufacturers and Dealers in Clothing, No. 324 Market street, two doors east of Howard

street, Baltimore. September 13, 1852—1y PAPER WAREHOUSE, No. 5, South Charles Street, Baltimore.

TAMES S. ROBINSON has in store, for sale at the lowest wholesale mill prices-Printing, Writing, and Wrapping Paper; Bonnet and Straw Boards. And will purchase for cash Rags, Canvass, Rope Waste Paper, &c. Baltimore, November 9, 1852—6m

NOTICE. THE Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of CAPRON & GOSNELL for the transaction of a General Commission Business in all kinds of Country produce, was dissolved by mutual consent. R. J. CAPRON. J. L. BUCK GOSNELL.

Baltimore, December 17, 1352. J. L. BUCK GOSNELL L. W. GOSNELL & SON, Country Produce Commission Merchants, No. 71, Bowly's Wharf, South street, Baltimore. IE undersigned take this method of informing their friends and the public generally, that they have closed up their Dry Goods Business, and will percafter give their entire attention to the Commiss Business, in all kinds of Country Produce, under the firm of L. W. GOSNELL & SON, and solicit any favors n that line, as we can at all times obtain the very highest market rates for every thing in the way of We intend to keep our friends constantly advised of

the state of the market, and will furnish regularly a Price Current. L. W. GOSNELL J. L. BUCK GOSNELL. Baltimore, December 23, 1852—Iy

Wholesale and Retail Importing, Finding and Leather Establishment, No. 16, South Calvert street, Baltimore, Md. THE undersigned announce to the public that they are prepared to furnish, at the shortest notice, and lowest rates, the largest and most superior assortment comprising of SOLE and UPPER LEATHER, both foreign and domestic. Also, GAITERS CLOTHS, GALLOONS, RIBBONS, LACES, of all shades and colors, necessary for the trade, low for cash, by DARRAGH & ROSE.

Baltimore, January 18, 1853-6m DICKSON & KING, Lumber Merchants, water street, Georgetown, D. C., MEEP constantly on hand a general assortment of

CHARLES B. HARDING, Attorney at Law. WILL Practice in the Inferior and Superior Courts of Jefferson, Clarke and Loudoun. Office, No. , Shenandoah street, Harpers-Ferry, Virginia. September 28, 1852.

October 12, 1852-1y

GEO. J. RICHARDSON. WM. W. OVERMAN RICHARDSON & OVERMAN. Umbrella and Parasol Manufactory, No. 106, Market street, Philadelphia. January 11, 1853-tf

J. R. THOMPSON & CO., Merchant Tailors, DENNSYLVANIA Avenue, between 3d and 4; sts. I two doors east of the United States Hotel, desires to call the attention of their-old customers, members of Congress, strangers, and the public generally, to their importation of French, English and American CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS, which they will make up in their usual style of ele gance, and at prices as reasonable as any other esta-blishment in the District of Columbia.

February 22, 1853-tf LEONARD SCOTT'S & CO.'S List of British Periodical Publications. DELIVERED IN ALL THE PRINCIPAL CITIES
IN THE UNITED STATES, FREE OF POSTAGE AND
forwarded by mail, under the provisions of the late
Post Office Law, at Merely Nominal Rates.

1. THE LONDON QUARTERLY REVIEW (Conservative.) 2. Edinburgh Review (Whig.)
3. The North British Review (Free Church.) 4. THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW (Liberal.) 5. BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE (Tory.) Although these works are distinguished by the poli tical shades above indicated, yet but a small portion of their contents is devoted to political subjects. It is their Literary character which gives them their chief value, and in that they stand confessedly far above all other journals of their class. BLACKWOOD, still under the fatherly care of Christopher North maintains its ancient celebrity, and is, at this time, unusually attractive, from the serial works of Bulwer and other literary notables, written for that magazine, and first appearing in its columns both in Great Britain, and in the United States. Such works as "The Caxtons" and "My New Novel," (both by Bulwer,) "The Green Hand," "Katie Stewart," and other serials, of which numerous rival editions are issued by the leading pub-

lishers in this country, have to be reprinted by those publishers from the pages of Blackwood, after it has been issued by Messrs. Scott & Co., so that Subscribers to the Reprint of that Magazine may always rely on having the earliest reading of these fascinating tales. Terms. Per Annum.
For any one of the four Reviews. \$3 00
For any two of the four Reviews. 5 00 For any three of the four Reviews...... For Blackwood's Magazine. 300
For Blackwood and three Reviews. 900 For Blackwood and four Reviews......10 00

\* \* Payments to be made in all cases in advance.— Money current in the State where issued will be receiv-Clubbing.

A discount of twenty-five per cent, from the above prices will be allowed to Clubs ordering four or more opies of any one or more of the above works. Thus Four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to one address for \$9; four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood for \$30; and so on. Reduced Postage.

The following table will show the great reduction which has been made on these Periodicals since 1844, and the very trifling rates now charged. Prior to 1845, the postage on Blackwood was. \$2.40

""" on a single Review. ... 1 12

From 1845 to 1851, on Blackwood. ... 1 00

"" on a Review ... ... 50 The present postage on Blackwood, is.....24 on a Review......12 (The rates are now uniform for all distances within

he United States.)
At these rates surely no objection should be made to

receiving the works by mail, and thus ensuring their speedy, safe, and regular delivery.

\*\*\*Remittances and communications should be always addressed, post-paid, to the Publishers, LEONARD SCOTT & CO., 79 FULTON ST., (Entrance 54 Gold St.,) New York. N. B .- L. S. & Co. have recently published, and have now for sale, the "Farmen's Guide," by Henry Stephens of Edinburgh, and Prof. Norton of Yale College, New Haven, complete in 2 vols., royal octavo, containing 1600 pages, 14 steel and 600 wood engravings.—Price in muslin binding, \$6; in paper covers, for the mail, \$5. This work is nor the old "Book of the Farm," lately resuscitated and thrown upon the market.

Anril 5, 1853.

THE CHARLESTOWN DEPOT. THE undersigned have formed a Copartnership in the management and business of the Charlestown Depot, and hope the liberal patronage and confidence extended to the old firm, may be continued to the new We are prepared to afford every facility for transacting all RECEIVING AND FORWARDING BUSI NESS, at the shortest notice and in the most punctua manner.

We are determined to leave no effort unspared to accommodate the old and all the new customers who may fayor us with their patronage.

We will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of articles suitable to the wants of the farming community such as munity, such as

SALT, FISH, TAR, PLASTER, &c., which will be sold on the very lowest terms for cast or exchanged for any marketable commodities.

03-COAL will be furnished to order, when desired V. W. MOORE & BROTHER.

Charlestown, January 3, 1853.

Patent Medirines.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, DYE-STUFFS, Fancy Articles, Perfumery, &c. M. SMITH keeps constantly on hand a very
large and fresh assortment of Drugs, &c.;
White Lead, ground and dry; Oils of all kinds;
Toilet and Shaving Soaps; Shaving Cream;
Sapophene; Barry's Tricopherous;
Hauel's Eau Lustrale; Wright's ditto;
And other Preparations for the hair;
Perfumery of every kind;
Lubin's Genuine Extract; Wright's Extracts.
All of which are warranted to be of the best quality

All of which are warranted to be of the best quality and which will be sold at reasonable rates. Charlestown, January 11, 1853.

HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE, The Great Restorative & Invigorator, AND CURE FOR RHEUMATISM, DYSPEPSIA, SCROFULA, &c. THIS Medicine is altogether from the Vegetable Kingdom, and may be used by any one without

By a wise choice and combination of some of the best

By a wisechoice and combination of some of the best of each class of co-operative simple remedies, it fully reaches all the essential organs of the human system, and thus it has proved itself so effectually curative of the whole round of CHRONIC AFFECTIONS.

This article was discovered by Dr. Jesse Hampton, now in fine health in the 79th year of his age. He was born in Virginia in 1775, emigrated to Kentucky—then a wilderness—with his father, in 1779. In early manhood he was so reduced by disease as to be almost hood he was so reduced by disease as to be almost wrecked in constitution. He spent much of his living for medical advice and attention, and grew nothing better, but worse. Finding no relief from his physicians, he resolved to try the restorative powers of the roots harks leaves plants cet, of the forest He roots, barks, leaves, plants, ect., of the forest. He then dwelt in the midst of the Red Men of the Western wilds. Having heard much of their skill in the use of vegetable remedies of the forest, and knowing their vegetable remedies of the forest, and knowing their mode of medicinal practice must be one-of practical experience and not of theoretical speculation, he made himself acquainted with their remedies, and also with the practical medicinal knowledge of the early settlers

of Kentucky, had obtained from the 'medicine men' of the Indians. He carefully studied the nature of the medicin used by them, combined them according to the light he had received, used them as he had been taught, and had the cheering satisfaction of finding disease driven from his emaciated body, and vigorous health given in its stead. His case was of no ordinary kind, but in its stead. His case was of no ordinary kind, but astonishing to his friends and neighbors. The fame of it spread; the people far and near sent to the doctor for his successful and wonderful combination of Indian remedies; which was freely given them, until the cases became so numerous and the demand so great that the doctor was advised by his friends, and induced through justice to himself, to put up his Vegetable Tincture in bottles, and charge a price for it which was freely given. Finding its way into the first and most intelligent families, and astonishing all by its wonderful cures; commanding certificates and testimony in its favor from the leading and some of the most talented men of the country.

most talented men of the country.
UNPARALLELED SUCCESS! The many cures made by it, and the great demand have induced the proprietors to offer it to the afflicted in this city, with the honest conviction that the same happy results will follow its use here, as in numerous other places. HON, HENRY CLAY AND HON, R. M. JOHNSON have certified to its merits. CAPT. GANOT, brother of the celebrated physician to the

EMPEROR OF FRANCE, was cured by it of Chronic Inflammatory Rheumatism of seven years duration, after the skill of the physicians of Paris, London, and of this country had failed Rev. Vernon Eskridge, chaplain U. S. Navy, was cured by it. Also, Judge Davies, Hon. T. H. Shelby, members of Congress, with members of the State Department, Washington, and hundreds of others, who give their testimony to this wonderful discovery.
PHYSICIANS

have cured themselves, and the members of their families, by its use, after their own remedies had failed; and some of them are so generous as to recommend it to their patients.

It has shown itself most powerfully curative of

NERVOUS DISEASES in their various forms, giving new life and vigor, restoring the shattered constitution, and thus in hope in place of despondency. By its mild, ple and safe action on the stomach. I and the nervous system, it cures DYSPEPSIA, LIVER COMPLAINT, DISEASES OF THE URINARY OR-GANS, COUGHS, ASTHMA, BRONCHIAL AFFEC-TIONS, CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, KING'S EVIL, WORMS, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEU-RALGIA, ST. VITUS' DANCE, FITS, FISTULA, PILES, with all diseases arising from impure blood. THE FEMALE SYSTEM, in DR. HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINC-TURE, A CURE for its numerous and complicated erangements. Hundreds who have been debilitated and dispirited, and on the verge of a premature grave, have been restored by its use to blooming health,

which we are abundantly able to prove by such a host OF LIVING WITNESSES s we think no other medicine can produce. To publish ALL THE TESTIMONY in its favor would make a large volume. RESTORATIVE AND HEALING QUALITIES, re published in a pamphlet, which with their origils, and a host of other commendatory letters not yet

ublished, the proprietors will be pleased to exhibit to Attention is not called alone to the quantity of the testimony, but also, to its HIGH CHARACTER. Thousands will testify to cures on themselves, wives, children and friends, after all other remedies had failed. We give below a few extracts.

WE REQUEST ALL

to call and get pamphlets (gratis.) and see history of the discovery of this medicine, and read the certificates of its cures, showing a mass of testimony, such, as we believe was never given to any other medicine. LIVER COMPLAINT, DEBILITY. Extract from James Harris, Esq's., Letter, Alexandria, After speaking of wonderful cures on himself, he says: "Mrs. H. has been suffering with the liver complaint and with inability, constantly complaining from weakness, through her whole system. She now enjoys better health than for thirty years, being en-

tirely restored by the use of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture." DISEASED SIDE, BREAST, EYES. Extract from a Letter from J. Grines, Esq., Loudown county, Virginia.

"My wife has been for years afflicted with great weakness; pain in the breast, side and back; palpitation of the heart; feebleness of the nervous system; loss of appetite; complexion sallow; the sight of one eye almost gone, the other very weak. I am pleased to say, Hampton's Tincture has restored her to perfect health. Her eyes are as good now as ever they were."

RHEUMATISM, 38 YEARS. Mrs. E. Bagwell, of Virginia, suffered from Rheu-natism from her 12th to her 50th year of age; at times entirely helpless. Being wealthy, she employed the best medical attention, and tried many medicines, but was cured only by Hampton's Vegetable Tincture. CERONIC INFLAMATORY RHEUMATISM. The wife of Thomas M. Yeakle, 76 Pearl street, was a great sufferer for eight years. Restored to perfect health by Hampton's Vegetable Tincture.

MERCURIAL RHEUMATISM! Mr. Jarrett Plummer, 153 East Baltimore street, suffered this disease intensely six years; could not sleep; dreadful ulcers formed on his limbs, from which splinters of bones issued. His physician pronounced him incurable; but Hampton's Vegetable Tincture cured him. HEREDITARY SCROFULA!

A boy in the family of Hon. W. P. Thommasson, once member of Congress from Kentucky, was a mass of sores from head to foot. His cyclids turned inside out, protruding over the eyebalis so as to produce blindness. He was cured by Hampton's Vegetable Cincture. DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DISEASE, &c. Mr. Wm. Oldham, of Baltimore custom house, suf-fered these complaints for eighteen months, with both body and mind seriously affected. He was cured by Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, after other things

COUGH, CONSUMPTION, &c. Mr. Henry C. Winn had a cough for five years reat weakness, ect.; had, in all, five or six physi-ians; tried all their remedies, but was cured only by HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE.

105-Sold by MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, 240 Balnore st., Baltimore, and 304 Breadway, New York.

CG-Call and get a pamphlet gratis.

L. M. SMITH, Charlestown.

T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry.

L. P. HARTMAN, Winchester. Dr. MOTT, Leesburg. ALLEMONG & SON, Newtown. And by Dealers every where. June 7, 1853-1y.

AFFLICTED, READ!! PHILADELPHIA MEDICAL HOUSE. ESTABLISHED 18 years ago, by Dr. Kinkelin, N. W. corner Third and Union streets, between Spruce and Pinests., Philadelphia. Eighteen years of extensive and uninterrupted practice spent in this city practitioner, far and near, in the treatment of all dis-eases of a private nature. Persons afflicted with ulcers upon the body, throat or legs, pains in the head or bones, mercural rheumatism, strictures, gravel, diseases arising from youthful excesses or impurities of the blood whereby the constitution has become enfectled, are all He who places himself under the care of Dr. Kinkelin may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as physician.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE. Young men who have injured themselves by a certain practice indulged in —a habit frequently learned from evil companions or at school, the effects of which are nightly feit even when asleep, and destroy both mind and body, should apply immediately. Weakness and constitutional debility, loss of nuscular energy, physical lassitude and general prostration, irritability and all nervous affection, indigestion, sluggishness of the liver, and every disease in any way connected with the disorder of the programity functions exceed ted with the disorder of the procreative functions cured and full vigor restored.

READ!!

YOUTH AND MANHOOD. A VIGOROUS LIFE OR A PREMATURE DEATH! Kinkelin on Self-preservation—Only 25 cts.-This Book just published, is filled with useful information on the infirmities and diseases of the generative organs. It addresses itself alike to Youth, Manhood and Old Age, and should be read by all.

The valuable advice and inpressive warning it gives will prevent years of misery and suffering, and save annually thousands of lives.

Parents by reading it will learn how to prevent the destruction of their children.

16-A remittance of 25 cents, enclosed in a letter, addestruction of their children.

(15-A remittance of 25 cents, enclosed in a letter, addressed to Dr. KINKELIN, N. W. corner of Third and Union streets, between Spruce and Pine, Philadelphia, will ensure a book under envelope per return of mail. Persons at a distance may address Dr. K. by letter, (post-paid) and be cured at home.

Packages of Medicines, Directions, &c., forwarded by sending a remittance, and put up secure from damage or curiosity.

age or curiosity.

Booksellers, News-agents, Pedlars, Canvassers, and all others supplied with the above work at very low rates.

[Jan. 18, 1853—Iy. BLAKE'S PATENT Fire-Preof PAINT. D The subscriber has received a large supply of this valuable Paint, which he is prepared to sell at the most Carlestown, November 16, 1952. CILK AND MADRASS CRAVATS,

LOCK, CRAMER & LINE.

Vatent Medicines. Andre an GOOD MEDICINES. STABLER'S DIARRHŒA CORDIAL

Is a pleasant Mixture, compounded in agreement.

I with the rules of Pharmacy, of theraputic agents, long known and celebrated for their peculiar efficacy in curing Diarrhesa, and similar affections of the system. In its action, it allays NAUSEA and produces a healthy condition of the LIVER, thus removing the cause at the same time that it cures the disease. Stabler's Anodyne Cherry Expectorant S confidently recommended to Invalids, as unsur-I passed by any known preparation for the cure of COUGHS, HOARSENESS, and other forms of CON-

SUMPTION, in an early stage, and for the RELIFF of the patient even in advanced stages of that fatal It combines in a scientific manner, remedies of long esteemed value with others of more recent discovery, and besides its soothing and tonic qualities, acts through the skin gently, and with great efficacy for the cure of this class of disease.

The valuable Medicines, above named, have recently been introduced, with the approval of a number of
the Medical Profession in the city of Baltimore, and
elsewhere, and in practice have succeeded most admirably in curing the diseases for which they are prescribed. They are offered to the country practitioner,
as medicines which he can in all respects depend upon,
as prepared in agreement with the experience of some
of the most learned and judicious physicians, and
strictly in conformity with the rules of Pharmacy, and
as especially serving his convenience, who cannot so

of the most learned and judicious physicians, and strictly in conformity with the rules of Pharmacy, and as especially serving his convenience, who cannot so readily as the city physician have his own prescriptions compounded by a practical Pharmaceutist.

See the descriptive pamphlets, to be had gratis of all who have the Medicines for sale, containing recommendations from Doctors Martin, Baltzell, Addison, Payne, Handy, Love, &c.

Dr. S. B. Martin says—"I do not hesitate to recommend your Diarrhea Cordial, and Anodyne Cherry Expectorant, &c.

Dr. John Addison says—"It gives me much pleasure to add my testimony to that of others, in favor of the extraordinary efficacy of your Diarrhea Cordial," &c.; and of the Expectorant, "I have no hesitation in recommending it as a most valuable medicine," &c.

Dr. R. A. Payne says he has used the Diarrhea Cordial in his practice," with the happiest effect, and thinks it one of the most convenient and efficient combinations ever offered to our profession."

Dr. L. D. Handy writes—"I have administered your Anodyne Expectorant, in several cases of Bronchial affection, with the most happy results, and from a know-

Anodyne Expectorant, inseveral cases of Bronemara-fection, with the most happy results, and from a know-ledge of its admirable effects, I can with the greatest confidence recommend it," &c.

Dr. W. S. Love writes to us that he has administer-ed the Expectorant to his wife, who has had the Bronchitis for fourteen years, and that she is fast recovering from her long standing malady. It has in a few weeks one her more good than all the remedies she has heretofore used under able medical counsel.
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NASPER VEAU

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